[220 / 319] Functions as Objects

Meena Syamkumar Andy Kuemmel

Radical Claim:

Functions are Objects

implications:

- variables can reference functions
- lists/dicts can reference functions
- we can pass function references to other functions
- we can pass lists of function references to other functions

•

```
l1 = [1, 2, 3]
l2 = l1

def f(l):
    return l[-1]

g = f

num = f(l2)
```

which line of code is most novel for us?

$$l1 = [1, 2, 3]$$

 $l2 = l1$

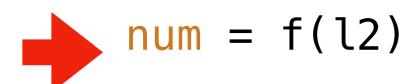
Explanation: 11 should reference a new list object

Explanation: 12 should reference whatever 11 references

Explanation: f should reference a new function object

$$g = f$$

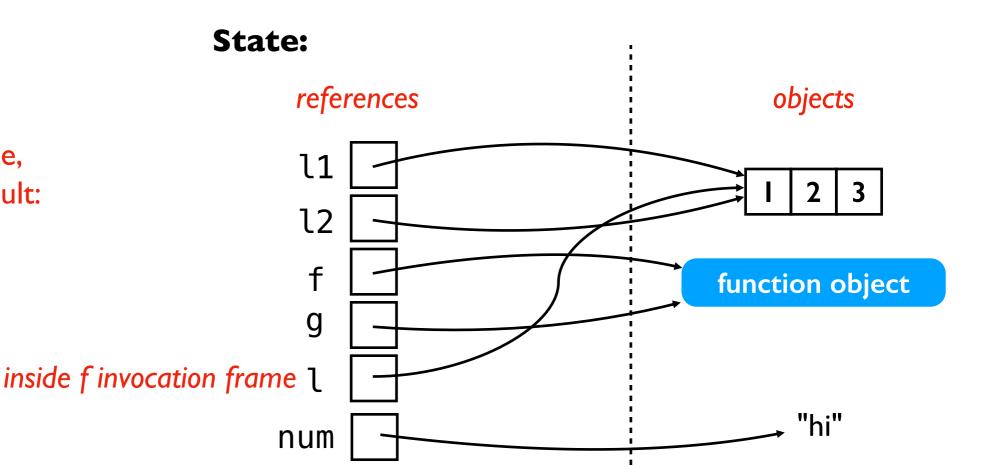
Explanation: g should reference whatever f references



Explanation: 1 should reference whatever 12 references **Explanation:** num should reference whatever f returns

both these calls would have run the same code, returning the same result:

- num = f(11)
- num = g(12)



CODING DEMOS [Python Tutor]

Function References (Part I)

Outline

- functions as objects
- sort
- lambda

List of tuples:

```
names = [
    ("Catherine", "Baker"),
    ("Alice", "Clark"),
    ("Bob", "Adams"),
]
```

```
Catherine Baker

Bob Adams

Alice Clark
```



names	•	SOI	r	t	()
-------	---	-----	---	---	---	---

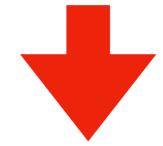
sorting tuples is done
 on first element
 (ties go to 2nd element)

Alice	Clark
Bob	Adams
Catherine	Baker

List of tuples:

```
names = [
    ("Catherine", "Baker"),
    ("Alice", "Clark"),
    ("Bob", "Adams"),
]
```

Catherine	Baker
Bob	Adams
Alice	Clark



names.sort()

what if we want to sort by the last name?

or by the length of the name?

Alice	Clark
Bob	Adams
Catherine	Baker

List of tuples:

```
names = [
    ("Catherine", "Baker"),
    ("Alice", "Clark"),
    ("Bob", "Adams"),
]

def extract(name_tuple):
    return name_tuple[1]
```

	recurii	manie_	_cabrel	
name	es.sort	key=	extract	٤)

Catherine	Baker
Bob	Adams
Alice	Clark



List of tuples:

```
names = [
    ("Catherine", "Baker"),
    ("Alice", "Clark"),
    ("Bob", "Adams"),
]

def extract(name_tuple):
    return name_tuple[1]
names.sort(key=extract)
```

Catherine	Baker
Bob	Adams
Alice	Clark



Bob	Adams
Catherine	Baker
Alice	Clark

List of tuples:

```
names = [
    ("Catherine", "Baker"),
    ("Alice", "Clark"),
    ("Bob", "Adams"),
]

def extract(name_tuple):
    return len(name_tuple[0])
```

names.sort(key=extract)

Catherine	Baker
Bob	Adams
Alice	Clark



List of tuples:

```
names = [
    ("Catherine", "Baker"),
    ("Alice", "Clark"),
    ("Bob", "Adams"),
]

def extract(name_tuple):
    return len(name_tuple[0])

names.sort(key=extract)
```

Catherine	Baker
Bob	Adams
Alice	Clark



Bob	Adams
Alice	Clark
Catherine	Baker

CODING DEMOS [Jupyter notebook]

Function References (Part I)

Outline

- functions as objects
- sort
- lambda

Example: Sorting Dictionary by keys using lambdas

- lambda functions are a way to abstract a function reference
- multiple possible parameters and single expression as function body

bob	20
alice	8
alex	9

lambda parameters: expression



Dictionary:

```
players = {"bob": 20, "alice": 8,
"alex": 9}

dict(sorted(players.items(), key
= lambda item: item[0]))
```

alex	9
alice	8
bob	20

Example: Sorting Dictionary by values using lambdas

- lambda functions are a way to abstract a function reference
- multiple possible parameters and single expression as function body

bob	20
alice	8
alex	9

lambda parameters: expression



Dictionary:

```
players = {"bob": 20, "alice": 8,
"alex": 9}

dict(sorted(players.items(), key
= lambda item: item[1]))
```

alice	8
alex	9
bob	20