# **Installing MySQL**

# 1. Setting up MySQL Server

## **Step-by-Step Guide**

#### 1. Download MySQL Installer

- Visit the official MySQL website (<a href="https://dev.mysgl.com/downloads/installer/">https://dev.mysgl.com/downloads/installer/</a>).
- Choose the MySQL Installer for your OS (Windows, macOS, Linux).

### 2. Install MySQL Server

- Run the downloaded installer.
- Choose 'Server only' or 'Full' setup type based on your requirement.
- o Proceed with the installation.

### 3. Configuration

- Choose a Config Type (e.g., Development Machine, Server Machine, Dedicated Machine).
- Set Port (Default: 3306).
- Authentication Method: Use strong password encryption.
- Set Root Password and create users (Optional).
- Start the MySQL Server.

#### 4. Testing the Setup

- o Open MySQL Command Line Client or MySQL Workbench.
- o Run a test query:

### SELECT VERSION();

5.

Should return the installed MySQL version.

# 2. Setting up MySQL Workbench (or any preferred tool)

### Installation

#### 1. Download and Install MySQL Workbench

Available in the same MySQL Installer or download separately.

#### 2. Connecting to MySQL Server

- Open Workbench and create a new connection.
- o Enter connection details (Hostname, Port, Username, Password).
- o Test the connection and connect.

# Scenario: Setting Up a Student Database

• Create a sample database:

CREATE DATABASE StudentDB;

Create a table:

```
USE StudentDB;

CREATE TABLE Students (

ID INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,

Name VARCHAR(100),

Age INT,

Grade VARCHAR(10)
);
```

Insert data and test:

```
INSERT INTO Students (Name, Age, Grade) VALUES ('John Doe', 20, 'A'); SELECT * FROM Students;
```

# 3. Common Issues and Troubleshooting

- Connection Refused: Check if the MySQL service is running.
- Access Denied: Verify the username and password.
- Port Issues: Make sure port 3306 is not blocked by a firewall.

# 4. Best Practices

- Always set a strong password for the root user.
- Avoid using the root account for application connections.
- Regularly back up your databases.

By following these steps and the scenario, a student can understand how to set up and use MySQL effectively.