1) Problem Statement: Identify and Implement heuristic and search strategy for Travelling Salesperson Problem.

```
import copy
inf = float('inf')
class TSP_AI:
  # Travelling Salesman Problem Using Nearest Neighbor
  def __init__(self, city_matrix=None, source=0):
    self.city_matrix = [[0]*4 for _ in range(4)] if city_matrix is None else city_matrix
    self.n = len(self.city_matrix)
    self.source = source
  def Input(self):
    self.n = int(input('Enter city count: '))
    self.city_matrix = []
    for i in range(self.n):
       row = []
       for j in range(self.n):
         if i == j:
           row.append(inf)
         else:
           row.append(int(input(f'Cost to travel from city {i+1} to {j+1}: ')))
       self.city_matrix.append(row)
    self.source = int(input('Source: ')) % self.n
  def solve(self):
    minCost = inf
    for i in range(self.n):
       print("Path", end=")
```

```
cost = self._solve(copy.deepcopy(self.city_matrix), i, i)
    print(f'' -> \{i+1\} : Cost = \{cost\}'')
    if cost and cost < minCost:
       minCost = cost
  return minCost
def _solve(self, city_matrix, currCity=0, source=0):
  if self.n < 2:
    return 0
  print(f" -> {currCity+1}", end=")
  for i in range(self.n):
    city_matrix[i][currCity] = inf
  currMin = inf
  currMinPos = -1
  for j in range(self.n):
    if currMin > city_matrix[currCity][j]:
      currMin = city_matrix[currCity][j]
      currMinPos = j
  if currMin == inf:
    return self.city_matrix[currCity][source]
  # Mark the visited edge as infinity to prevent revisiting
  city_matrix[currCity][currMinPos] = city_matrix[currMinPos][currCity] = inf
  return currMin + self._solve(city_matrix, currMinPos, source)
```

```
# Test the class

if __name__ == '__main__':

city_matrix = [

    [inf, 20, 15, 10],

    [20, inf, 45, 25],

    [15, 45, inf, 40],

    [10, 25, 40, inf]

]

source_city = 0

tsp = TSP_AI(city_matrix, source_city)

print(f"Optimal Cost: {tsp.solve()}")
```

2) Problem Statement: Implement N-Queens Problem as Constraints Satisfaction Problem.

```
# Function to check if two queens threaten each other
def isSafe(mat, r, c):
    # Check column
    for i in range(r):
        if mat[i][c] == 'Q':
            return False

# Check `\` diagonal (top-left to bottom-right)
i, j = r, c
while i >= 0 and j >= 0:
```

```
if mat[i][j] == 'Q':
       return False
    i -= 1
    j -= 1
  # Check '/' diagonal (top-right to bottom-left)
  i, j = r, c
  while i \ge 0 and j < len(mat):
    if mat[i][j] == 'Q':
       return False
    i -= 1
    j += 1
  return True
# Function to print the solution
def printSolution(mat):
  for row in mat:
    print(' '.join(row))
  print()
# Recursive function to solve N-Queen problem
def nQueen(mat, r):
  # Base condition: if all queens are placed
  if r == len(mat):
    printSolution(mat)
    return
  for i in range(len(mat)):
    if isSafe(mat, r, i):
       mat[r][i] = 'Q'
                         # Place queen
```

```
nQueen(mat, r + 1)  # Recur for next row
    mat[r][i] = '-'  # Backtrack

# Driver code

if __name__ == '__main__':
    N = 4  # Size of the board
    mat = [['-' for _ in range(N)] for _ in range(N)]
    nQueen(mat, 0)
```

3) Problem Statement: Implement Water-Jug Problem using Rule Based Reasoning Technique.

```
def pour(jug1, jug2, visited):
    max1, max2, target = 3, 4, 2

# If the current state is already visited, skip it
    if (jug1, jug2) in visited:
        return

visited.add((jug1, jug2))

print(f"{jug1}\t{jug2}")

# If either jug has the target amount, stop
    if jug1 == target or jug2 == target:
        print("Reached the goal!")
        return
```

```
# Fill Jug1
 pour(max1, jug2, visited)
 # Fill Jug2
 pour(jug1, max2, visited)
 # Empty Jug1
 pour(0, jug2, visited)
 # Empty Jug2
 pour(jug1, 0, visited)
 # Pour Jug1 -> Jug2
 transfer = min(jug1, max2 - jug2)
 pour(jug1 - transfer, jug2 + transfer, visited)
 # Pour Jug2 -> Jug1
 transfer = min(jug2, max1 - jug1)
 pour(jug1 + transfer, jug2 - transfer, visited)
# Driver code
print("JUG1\tJUG2")
pour(0, 0, set())
```

4) Problem Statement: Write a program for the Information Retrieval System using appropriate NLP tools (such as NLTK, Open NLP, ...) a. Text tokenization

b. Count word frequency c. Remove stop words d. POS tagging

```
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
from nltk import pos_tag
from collections import Counter
import string
# Download necessary NLTK resources
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('stopwords')
nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger')
def tokenize_text(text):
  tokens = word_tokenize(text.lower())
  tokens = [word for word in tokens if word.isalpha()] # Remove punctuation/numbers
  return tokens
def count_word_frequency(tokens):
  return Counter(tokens)
def remove_stop_words(tokens):
  stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
  return [word for word in tokens if word not in stop_words]
def pos_tagging(tokens):
  return pos_tag(tokens)
# Take user input
text = input("Enter a sentence: ")
tokens = tokenize_text(text)
```

```
word_freq = count_word_frequency(tokens)
filtered_tokens = remove_stop_words(tokens)
tagged_tokens = pos_tagging(filtered_tokens)
print("\nTokens:", tokens)
print("\nWord Frequency:", dict(sorted(word_freq.items(), key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)))
print("\nFiltered Tokens:", filtered_tokens)
print("\nPOS Tagged Tokens:", tagged_tokens)
4) Problem Statement: Write a program for the Tic-Tac-Toe game using mini-max algorithm
import math
# Board setup
board = [''for in range(9)]
# Function to print the board
def print_board():
  for row in [board[i*3:(i+1)*3] for i in range(3)]:
    print('| ' + ' | '.join(row) + ' |')
# Check for winner
def is_winner(brd, player):
  win_conditions = [
    [0, 1, 2], [3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8], # rows
    [0, 3, 6], [1, 4, 7], [2, 5, 8], # columns
    [0, 4, 8], [2, 4, 6] # diagonals
  ]
  for condition in win_conditions:
```

```
if all(brd[i] == player for i in condition):
       return True
  return False
# Check if board is full
def is_full(brd):
  return ' ' not in brd
# Get available moves
def get_available_moves(brd):
  return [i for i in range(9) if brd[i] == ' ']
# Minimax Algorithm
def minimax(brd, depth, is_maximizing):
  if is_winner(brd, 'O'):
    return 1
  elif is_winner(brd, 'X'):
    return -1
  elif is_full(brd):
    return 0
  if is_maximizing:
    best_score = -math.inf
    for move in get_available_moves(brd):
       brd[move] = 'O'
       score = minimax(brd, depth + 1, False)
       brd[move] = ' '
       best_score = max(score, best_score)
    return best_score
  else:
    best_score = math.inf
```

```
brd[move] = 'X'
      score = minimax(brd, depth + 1, True)
      brd[move] = ' '
      best_score = min(score, best_score)
    return best_score
# AI makes move
def ai_move():
  best_score = -math.inf
  best_move = None
  for move in get_available_moves(board):
    board[move] = 'O'
    score = minimax(board, 0, False)
    board[move] = ' '
    if score > best_score:
      best_score = score
      best_move = move
  board[best_move] = 'O'
# Play game
def play_game():
  print("Welcome to Tic Tac Toe!")
  print_board()
  while True:
    # Human move
    try:
      move = int(input("Enter your move (1-9): ")) - 1
    except ValueError:
      print("Invalid input. Please enter a number from 1 to 9.")
```

for move in get_available_moves(brd):

```
continue
```

```
if move < 0 or move >= 9 or board[move] != ' ':
      print("Invalid move, try again.")
      continue
    board[move] = 'X'
    print_board()
    if is_winner(board, 'X'):
      print("You win!")
      break
    elif is_full(board):
      print("It's a tie!")
      break
    # AI move
    print("AI is making a move...")
    ai_move()
    print_board()
    if is_winner(board, 'O'):
      print("Al wins!")
      break
    elif is_full(board):
      print("It's a tie!")
       break
# Run the game
if __name__ == "__main__":
  play_game()
```