Dhanesh Yadav CSE(DS) RollNo:67 DL Exp 4

# **Momentum Gradient Descent**

#### Code:

```
def momentum gradient descent (gradient func, initial position,
learning rate=0.01, momentum=0.9, num iterations=100):
position = initial position
velocity = 0
for in range(num iterations):
       gradient = gradient func(position)
       velocity = momentum * velocity - learning_rate * gradient
   position += velocity
return position
# Example usage:
def quadratic function(x):
return 2 * x - 4 # Gradient of the function 2x^2 - 4x
initial position = 0 # Initial position of the optimization process
final position momentum = momentum gradient descent (quadratic function,
initial position)
print("Optimal solution using Momentum:", final position momentum)
```

# Output:

```
OSTANINO S'ANIVEL-CASTAINE MONTAGEN TO LA CONTRACTO DE LA CONTRACTORIO DE LA CONTRACTORIO DEL CONTRACTO DE LA CONTRACTORIO DEL CONTRACTORIO DEL CONTRACTORIO DEL CONTRACTORIO DE LA CONTRACTORIO DEL CONTRACTORIO DE
```

## **Stochastic Gradient Descent**

```
Code:
import random
def stochastic_gradient_descent(gradient_func, initial_position,
learning rate=0.01, num iterations=100):
position = initial_position
for in range(num iterations):
# Randomly select a data point (in this case, only one data point)
   random data point = random.uniform(-10, 10)
       gradient = gradient func(random data point)
       position -= learning_rate * gradient
return position
# Example usage:
def quadratic function(x):
return 2 * x - 4 # Gradient of the function 2x^2 - 4x
initial position = 0 # Initial position of the optimization process
final position sgd = stochastic gradient descent(quadratic function,
initial position)
print("Optimal solution using Stochastic Gradient Descent:",
final position sgd)
Output:
 Optimal solution using Stochastic Gradient Descent: 5.139030991973966
```

### **Nesterov Gradient Descent**

```
Code:
```

```
def nesterov gradient descent (gradient func, initial position,
learning rate=0.01, momentum=0.9, num iterations=100):
   position = initial position
   velocity = 0
    for in range(num iterations):
        # Compute the gradient at the intermediate position
        intermediate position = position + momentum * velocity
        gradient = gradient func(intermediate position)
        # Update the velocity and position using the Nesterov update rule
        velocity = momentum * velocity - learning rate * gradient
       position += velocity
   return position
# Example usage:
def quadratic function(x):
   return 2 * x - 4 # Gradient of the function 2x^2 - 4x
initial position = 0 # Initial position of the optimization process
final position nesterov = nesterov gradient descent (quadratic function,
initial position)
print ("Optimal solution using Nesterov Gradient Descent:",
final position nesterov)
```

## Output:

Optimal solution using Nesterov Gradient Descent: 1.9960756416676375