Internal Assignment 2

Student Id: 2048494

Student Name: Dhaniswar B.K.

Module Leader: Jnaneshwar Bohara

Tutor: Sujan Shrestha

Section: L6CG5

Submitted on: 13/04/2022

Table of Content

1.	Div	vividing my university id by 31			
2.	Jav	/a and Hadoop	1		
	2.1	Copying the required files to the destination	1		
	2.2	2. Amending the Population class name to the DegreeQuals class	2		
	2.3 Re	3. Amend the Mapper and Reducer class names to Maper_2048494 a educer_2048494 respectively			
	Re	eflecting these changes in the main method	3		
3.	Ru	ın the code	3		
;	3.1.	Starting the jps	3		
;	3.2.	Checking the directory in the Hadoop file system	4		
;	3.3.	Compiling the java file and creating the jar file	4		
;	3.4.	Executing the java programme	5		
;	3.5. Navigating the input and output directories of Hadoop file system and found				
	success message in output_csv directory and storing the successfully created file from				
	Hado	pop file system to local directory	6		
,	3.6.	Content of the output directory	6		
4.	Ар	ache Spark	7		
	4.1.	Starting the apace spark using command pyspark	7		
	4.2.	Loading the same CSV file into Apache Spark	7		
	4.3.	Selecting the first columns of the dataset with 25 rows using data frame	8		
	4.4.	Filtering specific records using data frame	8		
	4.5.	Selecting one columns using SQL query in spark	9		
	4.6. SQL	Selecting two columns on the basis of first column value equals to Babergh usi query in spark	Ŭ		
5.	На	idoop is fast (advantage)	10		

6.	Issue with Small Files	disadvantage)1	10
----	------------------------	----------------	----

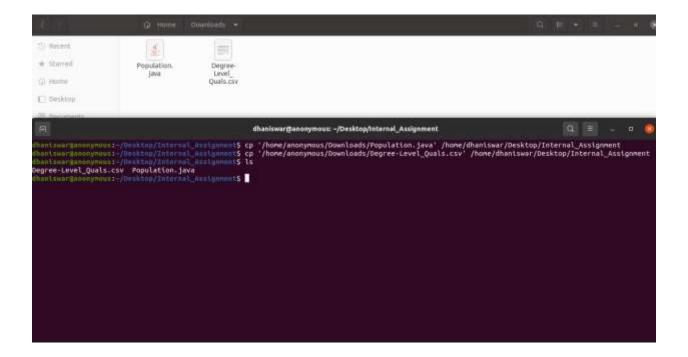
1. Dividing my university id by 3.

Answer: calculating the remainder of the university id using short trick

Now, 4%3 = 1 So, I have to use Degree-Level_Quals.csv data set for this assessment.

2. Java and Hadoop

2.1. Copying the required files to the destination



2.2. Amending the Population class name to the DegreeQuals class

```
Import org. apache hadoop. mapreduce. Repper;
Import org. apache hadoop. mapreduce. Reduce;
Import org. apache hadoop. mapreduce. Ilb. Imput. FileImputFornat;
Import org. apache. Hadoop. mapreduce. Ilb. Imput. FileImputFornat;
Import org. apache. Hadoop. mapreduce. Ilb. Imput. FileOutputFornat;
Import org. apache. Hadoop. mapreduce. Ilb. Imput. FileOutputFornat;

public class DegreeQuals {

public static class DegreeQuals {

public static class Modiagner_Bassass extends Mapper = Object, Text, Text, Text > {

public public static class Modiagner_Bassass extends Mapper = Object, Text, Text, Text > {

public static class Modiagner_Bassass extends Mapper = Object, Text, Text, Text > {

public static class DegreeQuals {

String record = value.toString();

String parts = record.split(',');

// May (committy) fi twar // figure

// Manual ta made with made in made definition for a file of the made of
```

2.3. Amend the Mapper and Reducer class names to Maper_2048494 and Reducer_2048494 respectively

Reflecting these changes in the main method

3. Run the code

3.1. Starting the jps

```
dhaniswar@anonymous:~$ cd hadoop-3.2.2/sbin/
dhaniswar@anonymous:~/hadoop-3.2.2/sbin$ ./start-dfs.sh

Starting namenodes on [localhost]

Starting datanodes

Starting secondary namenodes [anonymous]
dhaniswar@anonymous:~/hadoop-3.2.2/sbin$ ./start-yarn.sh

Starting resourcemanager

Starting nodemanagers
dhaniswar@anonymous:~/hadoop-3.2.2/sbin$ jps

24820 NodeManager

24165 DataNode

24906 NameNode

25272 Jps

24410 SecondaryNameNode

24667 ResourceManager
dhaniswar@anonymous:~/hadoop-3.2.2/sbin$
```

3.2. Checking the directory in the Hadoop file system

```
dhaniswar@anonymous:~$ hdfs dfs -ls /user/dhaniswar/
Found 1 items
drwxr-xr-x - dhaniswar supergroup 0 2022-04-13 00:35 /user/dhaniswar/spark_output_word
dhaniswar@anonymous:~$ hdfs dfs -nkdir /user/dhaniswar/input_csv
dhaniswar@anonymous:~$ 

### The state of the
```

3.3. Compiling the java file and creating the jar file

3.4. Executing the java programme

```
that two games provided the provided to the content of the content
```

```
Map input records=4550
Asp output procrds=4550
Asp output procrds=4550
Asp output bytes=75797
Asp output materialized bytes=84903
Input split bytes=134
Combine output records=8
Combine output records=8
Reduce input groups=325
Reduce shuffle bytes=84903
Reduce input records=850
Reduce output records=850
Reduce output records=325
Spliled Records=9808
Shuffled Haps =1
Failed Shuffles=0
Arged Hap outputs=1
GC Time spent (ms)=2040
Physical memory (bytes) snapshot=439074816
Virtual memory (bytes) snapshot=439074816
Virtual memory (bytes) snapshot=4376380616
Total committed heap usage (bytes)=370147728
Peak Map Physical memory (bytes)=271487872
Peak Reduce Physical memory (bytes)=2733161856
Peak Reduce Physical memory (bytes)=2734816
Shuffle Errors
BAD IDD0
COMMECTIONAB
ID SBNORD
MONIC_EDICTH=8
MO
```

3.5. Navigating the input and output directories of Hadoop file system and found success message in output_csv directory and storing the successfully created file from Hadoop file system to local directory.

```
Degree_Level_Duls.crv

DegreeQuals.class

DegreeQua
```

3.6. Content of the output directory

```
Manual Pancel Politics (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988) (1988)
```

4. Apache Spark

4.1. Starting the apace spark using command pyspark

```
Obspree_Level_Quals.csv DegreeQuals.java

Degree_Level_Quals.csv DegreeQuals.java

Destroe_Level_Quals.csv DegreeQuals.java

Type 'nelp', 'copyright', credits' or 'license' for more information.

ZyPo#/31 16:35:37 MARN Utilis: Your Hostname, anonymous resolves to a loopback address: 127.8.1.1; using 192.168.1.09 instead (on interface wip3s0)

ZyPo#/31 16:35:37 MARN Utilis: Set SPARK_LOCAL_IP if you need to bind to another address

MARNING: An itigal reflective access operation has occurred

MARNING: An itigal reflective access operation has occurred

MARNING: Illegal reflective access by arg_apache.spark.unsafe.Platform (file:/opt/spark/jars/spark-unsafe_2.12-3.2.1.jar) to constructor java.nio.Dire

ctigateOuter(long.int)

MARNING: Desse consider reporting this to the maintainers of org.apache.spark.unsafe.Platform

MARNING: Use - :llegal access operations will be denied in a future release

Using Spark's default logic profile: org/apache/spark/log4j-defaults.properties

Setting default logic lower use accestions will be denied in a future release

Using Spark's default logic profile: org/apache/spark/log4j-defaults.properties

Setting default logic lower use accestions will be denied in a future release

Using Python version 3.8.10 (default, Mar 15 2022 12:22:00)

Welcome to

Using Python version 3.8.10 (default, Mar 15 2022 12:22:00)

Spark context wellable as 'sc' (naster = local[*], app id = local-1649847048316).

SparkSession available as 'sc' (naster = local[*], app id = local-1649847048316).
```

4.2. Loading the same CSV file into Apache Spark

```
# spark.read.format("csv").option("header", "true").load("Degree-Level_Quals.csv")

# descript | 2m 2005-Dec 2004|24.1|

# Babergh| 2m 2005-Dec 2005|25.2|

# Babergh| 3m 2006-Dec 2006|25.3|

# Babergh| 3m 2006-Dec 2006|25.3|

# Babergh| 3m 2006-Dec 2001|27.1|

# Babergh| 3m 2006-Dec 2001|23.8|

# Babergh| 3m 2010-Dec 2010|23.5|

# Babergh| 3m 2012-Dec 2012|27.8|

# Babergh| 3m 2013-Dec 2013| ##

# Babergh| 3m 2013-Dec 2013| ##

# Babergh| 3m 2013-Dec 2013|23.4|

# Babergh| 3m 2015-Dec 2015|23.4|

# Babergh| 3m 2015-Dec 2015|23.4|

# Babergh| 3m 2015-Dec 2015|23.4|

# Babergh| 3m 2017-Dec 2017|40.7|

# Bastidon| 3m 2006-Dec 2006|19.7|

# Bastidon| 3m 2006-Dec 2006|19.7|

# Bastidon| 3m 2006-Dec 2008|19.4|

# Bastidon| 3m 2006-Dec 2008|19.6|

# Bastidon| 3m 2006-Dec 2008|19.6|
```

4.3. Selecting the first columns of the dataset with 25 rows using data frame

4.4. Filtering specific records using data frame

4.5. Selecting one columns using SQL query in spark

```
>>> sqlDF = spark.sql("SELECT _c2 FROM Degree")
>>> sqlDF = spark.sql("Select
```

4.6. Selecting two columns on the basis of first column value equals to Babergh using SQL query in spark

5. Hadoop is fast (advantage)

Data processing tools are frequently housed on the same servers as the data, resulting in the substantially quicker data processing. Hadoop can easily handle terabytes of data in minutes or petabytes in hours if you're working with enormous amounts of unstructured data. Hadoop's one-of-a-kind storage system is built on a distributed file system that essentially "maps" data to any location on a cluster. Data processing tools are frequently housed on the same servers as the data, resulting in the substantially quicker data processing. Hadoop can easily handle terabytes of data in minutes or petabytes in hours if you're working with enormous amounts of unstructured data.

6. Issue with Small Files (disadvantage)

Hadoop is not suitable for handling modest amounts of data. (HDFS) Because of its high-capacity architecture, the Hadoop distributed file system is unable to efficiently support the random reading of tiny files. In HDFS, small files are the most common issue. The size of a tiny file is much smaller than the HDFS block size (default 128MB). HDFS can't manage this many little files since it's designed to deal with a limited number of large files for storing massive data sets rather than a large number of small files. Because it holds the HDFS namespace, the Name Node will get overloaded if there are too many tiny files.