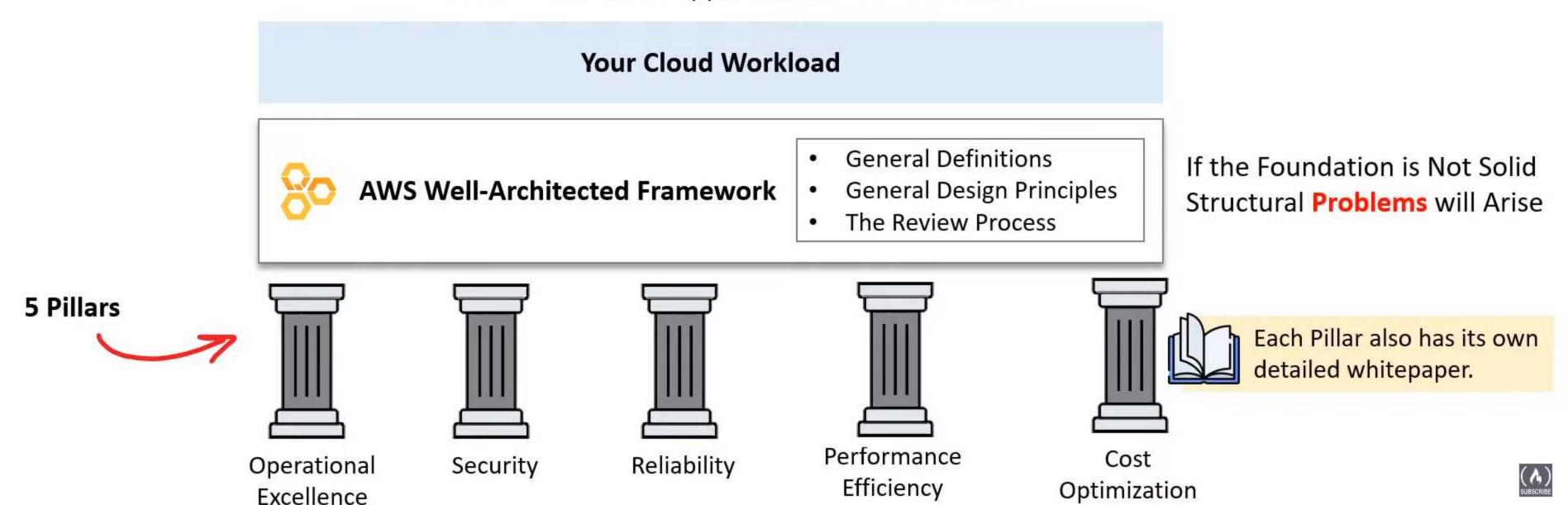
AWS Well-Architected Framework

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The AWS Well-Architected Framework is a Whitepaper created by AWS to help customers build using best-practices defined by AWS.

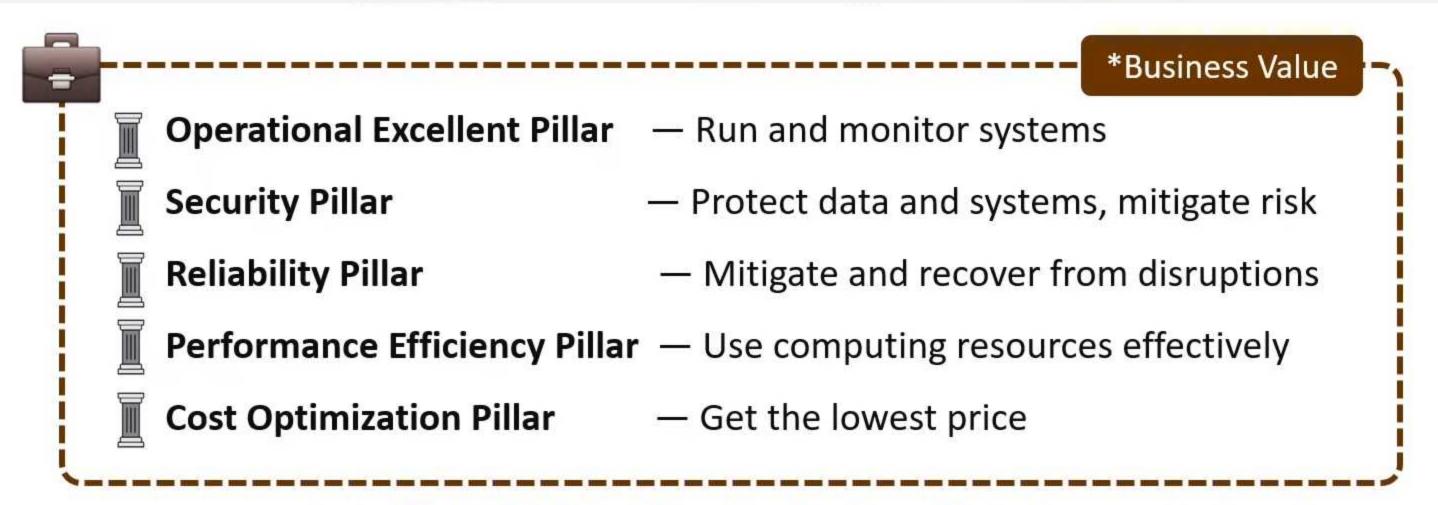
aws.amazon.com/architecture/well-architected

The framework is divided into 5 sections called pillars which address different aspects or "lenses" that can be applied to a cloud workload.



AWS Well-Architected - General Definitions

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*Trade-Off Pillars Based on Business Context

General Definitions

Component — Code, Configuration and AWS Resource against a requirement

Workload — A set of components that work together to deliver business value

Milestones — Key changes of your architecture through product life cycle

Architecture — **How** components work together **in a** workload

Technology Portfolio — A collection of workloads required for the business to operate



AWS Well-Architected - On Architecture

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The AWS Well-Architected Framework is designed around a different kind of team structure.

Enterprises generally have centralized teams with specific roles where AWS has distrubted teams with flexible roles.

Distributed teams can come with new risks, AWS mitigates these with Practices, Mechanisms and Leadership Principles





On-Premise Enterprise

VS

Amazon Web Services

Centralized team consisting of:

- Technical Architect (infrastructure)
- Solution Architect (software)
- Data Architect
- Networking Architect
- Security Architect

Managed by either TOGAF or Zachman Framework

Distributed teams consisting of:

- Practices
 - Team Experts (Raise the Bar)
- Mechanisms
 - Automated Checks for Standards
- *Amazon Leadership Principle

Supported by a virtual community of **SMEs**, **Principle Engineers** eg. lunchtime talks - recycled into onboarding material



Amazon Leadership Principles

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The Amazon Leadership Principles are a set of principles used during the company decision-making, problem-solving, simple brainstorming, and hiring.

- Customer Obsession
- 2. Ownership
- Invent and Simplify
- 4. Are Right, A Lot
- Learn and Be Curious
- 6. Hire and Develop the Best
- 7. Insist on the Highest Standards
- 8. Think Big
- 9. Bias for Action
- 10. Frugality
- 11. Earn Trust
- 12. Dive Deep
- 13. Have Backbone; Disagree and Commit
- 14. Deliver Results
- 15. Strive to be Earth's Best Employer
- 16. Success and Scale Bring Broad Responsibility



You can read in detail about all 16 here:

https://www.amazon.jobs/en/principles

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Stop guessing your capacity needs

eg. Cloud computing you use as little or much based on demand.

Test systems at production scale

eg. Clone production env to testing, Tear down testing not in use to save money.

Automate to make architectural experimentation easier

eg. Using CloudFormation with ChangeSets, StackUpdate and Drift Detection

Allow for evolutionary architectures

eg. CI/CD, rapid or nightly releases, Lambdas deprecating run-times forcing you to evolve

Drive architectures using data

eg. CloudWatch, Cloud Trail automatically turned on collecting data

Improve through game days

eg. simulate traffic on production or purposely kill EC2 instances to see test recovery



AWS Well-Architected - Anatomy of a Pillar

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A Pillar of the Well-Architected Framework is structured as follows:

- Design Principles
 - A list of design principles that need to be considered during implementation
- Definition
 - overview of the best practice categories
- Best Practices
 - detailed information about each best practice with AWS Services
- Resources
 - Additional documentation, whitepapers and videos to implement this pillar

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Operational Excellence Design Principles

Perform operations as code

Apply the same engineering discipline you would to application code to your cloud infrastructure. By treating your operations as code you can limit human error and enable consistent responses to events. eg. Infrastructure as Code

Make frequent, small, reversible changes

Design workloads to allow components to be updated regulary. eg. rollbacks, incremental changes, Blue/Green, CI/CD

Refine operations procedures frequently

Look for continuous opportunities to improve your operations eg. Use game days to simulate traffic or event failure on your production workloads

_Anticipate failure

Perform post-mortems on system failures to better improve, write test code, kill production serves to test recovery

Learn from all operational failures

share lessons learned in a knowledge base for operational events and failures across your entire organization



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Implement a strong identity foundation

Implement Principle of Least Privilege (PoLP). Use Centralized identity. Avoid Long-lived credentials

Enable traceability

Monitor alert and audit actions and changes to your environment in real-time Integrate log and metric collection and automate investigation and remediation

Apply security at all layers

Take Defense in depth approach with multiple security controls for everything eg. Edge Network, VPC, Load Balancing Instances, OS, Application Code

Automate security best practices

Protect data in transit and at rest

Keep people away from data

Prepare for security events

Incident management systems and investigation policy and processes. Tools to detect, investigate and recover from incidences



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Reliability Design Principles

Automatically recover from failure

Monitor Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) and trigger automation when threshold is breached.

Test recovery procedures

Test how your workload fails, and you validate your recovery procedures.

You can use automation to simulate different failures or to recreate scenarios that led to failures before.

Scale horizontally to increase aggregate system availability

Replace one large resource with multiple small resources to reduce the impact of a single failure on the overall workload.

Distribute requests across multiple, smaller resources to ensure that they don't share a common point of failure.

Stop guessing capacity

In on-premise it takes a lot of guess work to determine the elasticity of your workload demands.

With Cloud you don't need to guess how much you need because you can request the right size of resources on-demand.

Manage change in automation

Making changes via Infrastructure as Code, will allow for a formal process to track and review infrastructure



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Performance Efficiency Design Principles

Democratize advanced technologies:

Focus on product development rather than procurement, provisioning and management of services. Take advantage of advanced technology specialized and optimized for your use-case with on-demand cloud services.

Go global in minutes

Deploying your workload in multiple AWS Regions around the world allows you to provide lower latency and a better experience for your customers at minimal cost.

Use serverless architectures:

Serverless architectures remove the need for you to run and maintain physical servers for traditional compute activities. Removes the operational burden of managing physical servers, and can lower transactional costs because managed services operate at cloud scale.

Experiment more often:

With virtual and automatable resources, you can quickly carry out comparative testing using different types of instances, storage, or configurations.

Consider mechanical sympathy

Understand how cloud services are consumed and always use the technology approach that aligns best with your workload goals. For example, consider data access patterns when you select database or storage approaches.



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Implement Cloud Financial Management:

Dedicate time and resources to build capability Cloud Financial Management and Cost Optimization tooling.

Adopt a consumption model

Pay only for the computing resources that you require and increase or decrease usage depending on business requirements

Measure overall efficiency

Measure the business output of the workload and the costs associated with delivering it. Use this measure to know the gains you make from increasing output and reducing costs.

Stop spending money on undifferentiated heavy lifting

AWS does the heavy lifting of data center operations like racking, stacking, and powering servers. It also removes the operational burden of managing operating systems and applications with managed services. This allows you to focus on your customers and business projects rather than on IT infrastructure.

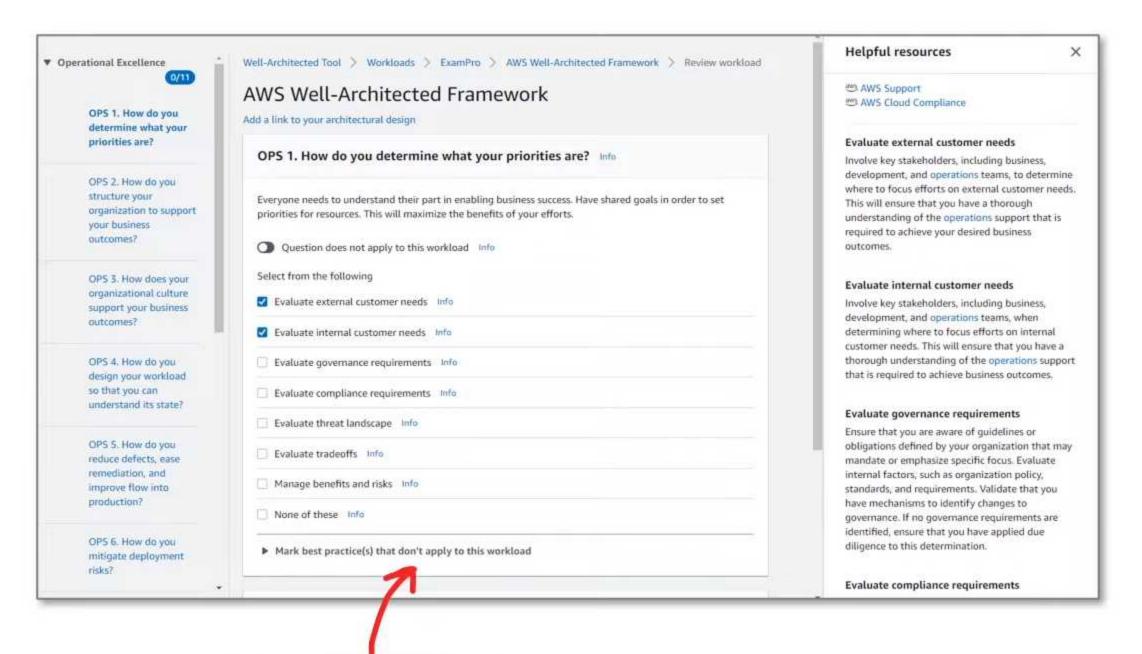
Analyze and attribute expenditure

The cloud makes it easier to accurately identify the usage and cost of systems, which then allows transparent attribution of IT costs to individual workload owners. This helps measure return on investment (ROI) and gives workload owners an opportunity to optimize their resources and reduce costs.



AWS Well-Architected Tool

The Well-Architected Tool is an auditing tool to be used to asset your cloud workloads for alignment with the AWS Well Architected Framework.



Its essentially a checklist, with nearby references to help you assemble a report to share with executives and key stake-holders



AWS Architecture Center

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Security, Identity, & Compliance

Learn how to meet your security and compliance goals using AWS infrastructure and services.

Identity & Access Management

Manage access to AWS services and resources.

Infrastructure Protection

Monitor and control your network infrastructure.

Compliance

Implement compliance controls with AWS.

Detection

Learn how to detect suspicious activity in your AWS account.

Data Protection

Operate the security services that protect your data.

Incident Response

Learn how to automate incident response and recovery.

