## VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

"JnanaSangama", Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



LAB REPORT

on

# **Artificial Intelligence**

Submitted by

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
(Autonomous Institution under VTU)
BENGALURU-560019
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## B. M. S. College of Engineering,

**Bull Temple Road, Bangalore 560019** 

(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)

#### **Department of Computer Science and Engineering**



#### **CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "Artificial Intelligence" carried out by DHANUSH H V (1BM21CS052), who is bonafide student of B.M.S. College of Engineering. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the academic semester June-2023 to Sep-2023. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a Artificial Intelligence (22CS5PCAIN) work prescribed for the said degree.

Assistant Professor	Professor and Head
Department of CSE	Department of CSE
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Lab Program	Program Details
No.	
1	Implement Tic –Tac –Toe Game.
2	Solve 8 puzzle problems.
3	Implement Iterative deepening search algorithm.
4	Implement A* search algorithm.
5	Implement vaccum cleaner agent.
6	Create a knowledge base using prepositional logic and show that the given query entails the knowledge base or not.
7	Create a knowledge base using prepositional logic and prove the given query using resolution
8	Implement unification in first order logic
9	Convert a given first order logic statement into Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF).
10	Create a knowledge base consisting of first order logic statements and prove the given query using forward reasoning.

## **Course Outcome**

CO1	Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.
CO2	Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.
CO3	Design a reasoning system for a given requirement.
CO4	Conduct practical experiments for demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing.

## 1. Implement Tic -Tac -Toe Game.

```
import math
import copy
X = "X"
O = "O"
EMPTY = None
def initial_state():
  return [[EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY],
      [EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY],
      [EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY]]
def player(board):
  countO = 0
  countX = 0
  for y in [0, 1, 2]:
    for x in board[y]:
      if x == "O":
```

countO = countO + 1

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```
elif x == "X":
          countX = countX + 1
  if countO >= countX:
     return X
  elif countX > countO:
     return O
                                                                                                  5
def actions(board):
  freeboxes = set()
  for i in [0, 1, 2]:
     for j in [0, 1, 2]:
       if board[i][j] \Longrightarrow EMPTY:
          freeboxes.add((i, j))
  return freeboxes
def result(board, action):
  i = action[0]
 j = action[1]
  if type(action) == list:
     action = (i, j)
  if action in actions(board):
     if player(board) == X:
       board[i][j] = X
     elif player(board) == O:
       board[i][j] = O
  return board
```

```
def winner(board):
 board[1][2] == X \text{ or } board[2][0] == board[2][1] == board[2][2] == X):
    return X
 board[1][2] == O \text{ or } board[2][0] == board[2][1] == board[2][2] == O):
    return O
  for i in [0, 1, 2]:
    s2 = []
                                                                           6
    for j in [0, 1, 2]:
      s2.append(board[j][i])
   if (s2[0] == s2[1] == s2[2]):
     return s2[0]
 strikeD = []
  for i in [0, 1, 2]:
    strikeD.append(board[i][i])
  if (strikeD[0] == strikeD[1] == strikeD[2]):
    return strikeD[0]
  if (board[0][2] == board[1][1] == board[2][0]):
    return board[0][2]
  return None
def terminal(board):
  Full = True
  for i in [0, 1, 2]:
    for j in board[i]:
      if j is None:
```

```
Full = False
  if Full:
    return True
  if (winner(board) is not None):
    return True
  return False
def utility(board):
  if (winner(board) == X):
    return 1
                                                                                           7
  elif winner(board) == O:
    return -1
  else:
    return 0
def minimax_helper(board):
  isMaxTurn = True if player(board) == X else False
  if terminal(board):
    return utility(board)
  scores = []
  for move in actions(board):
    result(board, move)
    scores.append(minimax_helper(board))
    board[move[0]][move[1]] = EMPTY
  return max(scores) if isMaxTurn else min(scores)
```

```
def minimax(board):
  isMaxTurn = True if player(board) == X else False
  bestMove = None
  if isMaxTurn:
    bestScore = -math.inf
    for move in actions(board):
       result(board, move)
       score = minimax_helper(board)
       board[move[0]][move[1]] = EMPTY
       if (score > bestScore):
         bestScore = score
         bestMove = move
    return bestMove
  else:
    bestScore = +math.inf
    for move in actions(board):
       result(board, move)
       score = minimax helper(board)
       board[move[0]][move[1]] = EMPTY
       if (score < bestScore):</pre>
         bestScore = score
         bestMove = move
    return bestMove
def print_board(board):
```

for row in board:

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```
print(row)
# Example usage:
game_board = initial_state()
print("Initial Board:")
print board(game board)
while not terminal(game board):
  if player(game_board) == X:
    user_input = input("\nEnter your move (row, column): ")
    row, col = map(int, user_input.split(','))
    result(game_board, (row, col))
  else:
    print("\nAI is making a move...")
    move = minimax(copy.deepcopy(game_board))
    result(game_board, move)
  print("\nCurrent Board:")
  print board(game board)
# Determine the winner
if winner(game_board) is not None:
  print(f"\nThe winner is: {winner(game board)}")
else:
  print("\nIt's a tie!")
```

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```
[None, None, None]
                                                                                       [None, None, None]
                                                                                       Enter your move (row, column): 1,2
                                                                                       Current Board:
                                                                                       [None, None, None]
[None, None, 'X']
[None, None, None]
Current Board:
['X', 'O', None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
[None, 'X', None]
                                                                                       AI is making a move...
AI is making a move...
                                                                                       Current Board:
Current Board:
                                                                                       [None, None, None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
[None, None, None]
['X', 'O', None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
['O', 'X', None]
                                                                                       Enter your move (row, column): 0,0
Enter your move (row, column): 1,0
                                                                                       Current Board:
Current Board:
                                                                                       ['X', None, None]
['X', '0', None]
['X', '0', 'X']
['0', 'X', None]
                                                                                       [None, 'O', 'X']
[None, None, None]
                                                                                       AI is making a move...
AI is making a move...
                                                                                       Current Board:
Current Board:
                                                                                       ['X', '0', None]
[None, '0', 'X']
[None, None, None]
['X', '0', '0']
['X', '0', 'X']
['0', 'X', None]
                                                                                       Enter your move (row, column): 2,1
The winner is: 0
```

Initial Board: [None, None, None]

#### 2. Solve 8 puzzle problems.

```
def bfs(src,target):
    queue = []
    queue.append(src)

exp = []

while len(queue) > 0:
    source = queue.pop(0)
    exp.append(source)

print(source)

if source==target:
```

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```
print("Success")
       return
    poss_moves_to_do = []
    poss_moves_to_do =
    possible moves(source,exp) for move in
    poss_moves_to_do:
       if move not in exp and move not in queue:
         queue.append(move)
def possible_moves(state,visited_states):
  #index of empty spot
  b = state.index(0)
                                                                                           11
  #directions array
  d = []
  #Add all the possible directions
  if b not in [0,1,2]:
     d.append('u')
  if b not in [6,7,8]:
     d.append('d')
  if b not in [0,3,6]:
    d.append('l')
  if b not in [2,5,8]:
     d.append('r')
```

```
# If direction is possible then add state to move
  pos_moves_it_can = []
  # for all possible directions find the state if that move is played
  ### Jump to gen function to generate all possible moves in the given directions
  for i in d:
    pos_moves_it_can.append(gen(state,i,b))
  return [move_it_can for move_it_can in pos_moves_it_can if move_it_can not in
visited states]
def gen(state, m, b):
  temp = state.copy()
  if m=='d':
    temp[b+3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+3]
                                                                                           12
  if m=='u':
    temp[b-3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-3]
  if m=='l':
    temp[b-1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-1]
  if m=='r':
    temp[b+1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+1]
```

# return new state with tested move to later check if "src == target"

#### return temp

```
print("Example 1")
src= [2,0,3,1,8,4,7,6,5]
target=[1,2,3,8,0,4,7,6,5]
print("Source: ", src)
print("Goal State: ", target)
bfs(src, target)

print("\nExample 2")
src = [1,2,3,0,4,5,6,7,8]
target = [1,2,3,4,5,0,6,7,8]
print("Source: ", src)
print("Goal State: ", target)
bfs(src, target)
```

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```
Example 1
         [2, 0, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
Goal State:
             [1, 2, 3, 8, 0, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 0, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 0, 4, 7, 6, 5]
          1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 3, 0,
          1, 8, 4,
                   7, 6, 5]
          1, 6, 4,
   8, 3,
          0, 1, 4,
       3,
          1, 4, 0,
          0, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3,
          1, 8, 0, 7, 6,
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 0, 7, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 7,
[0, 8, 3, 2, 1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
          7, 1, 4, 0, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 0, 1, 4, 3, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, 5, 7, 6, 0]
[1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 4, 0, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3, 8, 0, 4, 7, 6, 5]
Success
Example 2
         [1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
             [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6, 7, 8]
Goal State:
[1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[0, 2, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 0, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 0, 5, 6, 7, 8]
    0, 3,
          1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
   2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 7, 0, 8]
    0, 3, 4, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8]
    2, 3, 4, 7, 5, 6, 0, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6, 7, 8]
Success
```

3. Implement Iterative deepening search algorithm.

```
def iterative_deepening_search(src, target):
    depth_limit = 0
    while True:
        result = depth_limited_search(src, target, depth_limit, [])
        if result is not None:
            print("Success")
        return
```

```
depth_limit += 1
     if depth limit > 30: # Set a reasonable depth limit to avoid an infinite loop
       print("Solution not found within depth limit.")
       return
def depth limited search(src, target, depth limit, visited states):
  if src == target:
     print_state(src)
     return src
  if depth_limit == 0:
     return None
  visited_states.append(src)
  poss_moves_to_do = possible_moves(src, visited_states)
  for move in poss_moves_to_do:
     if move not in visited_states:
       print_state(move)
       result = depth limited search(move, target, depth limit - 1, visited states)
                                                                                             15
       if result is not None:
          return result
  return None
def possible_moves(state, visited_states):
  b = state.index(0)
  d = []
```

```
if b not in [0, 1, 2]:
     d.append('u')
  if b not in [6, 7, 8]:
     d.append('d')
  if b not in [0, 3, 6]:
     d.append('l')
  if b not in [2, 5, 8]:
     d.append('r')
  pos_moves_it_can = []
  for i in d:
     pos moves it can.append(gen(state, i, b))
  return [move_it_can for move_it_can in pos_moves_it_can if move_it_can not in
visited states]
def gen(state, m, b):
  temp = state.copy()
  if m == 'd':
     temp[b + 3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b + 3]
                                                                                              16
  elif m == 'u':
     temp[b - 3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b - 3]
  elif m == 'l':
     temp[b - 1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b - 1]
  elif m == 'r':
     temp[b + 1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b + 1]
```

## return temp

```
def print_state(state):
    print(f"{state[0]} {state[1]} {state[2]}\n{state[3]} {state[4]}
{state[5]}\n{state[6]} {state[7]} {state[8]}\n")

print("Example 1")

src = [1,2,3,0,4,5,6,7,8]

target = [1,2,3,4,5,0,6,7,8]

print("Source: ", src)

print("Goal State: ", target)

iterative_deepening_search(src, target)
```

```
Example 1
Source: [1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6, 7, 8]
023
1 4 5
6 7 8
1 2 3
6 4 5
078
1 2 3
4 0 5
6 7 8
023
1 4 5
6 7 8
2 0 3
1 4 5
6 7 8
123
6 4 5
078
1 2 3
6 4 5
708
1 2 3
4 0 5
6 7 8
```

```
1 0 3
4 2 5
6 7 8

1 2 3
4 7 5
6 0 8

1 2 3
4 5 0
6 7 8

1 2 3
4 5 0
6 7 8

Success
```

## 4. Implement A\* search algorithm.

```
def print_grid(src):
  state = src.copy()
  state[state.index(-1)] = ' '
  print(
     f'''''
{state[0]} {state[1]} {state[2]}
{state[3]} {state[4]} {state[5]}
{state[6]} {state[7]} {state[8]}
  )
def h(state, target):
  #Manhattan distance
  dist = 0
  for i in state:
     d1, d2 = state.index(i), target.index(i)
     x1, y1 = d1 \% 3, d1 // 3
     x2, y2 = d2 \% 3, d2 // 3
```

```
dist += abs(x1-x2) + abs(y1-y2)
  return dist
def astar(src, target):
  states = [src]
  g = 0
  visited states = set()
  while len(states):
     moves = []
     for state in states:
       visited_states.add(tuple(state))
       print_grid(state)
       if state == target:
          print("Success")
          return
       moves += [move for move in possible_moves(state, visited_states) if move not
in moves]
     costs = [g + h(move, target) for move in moves]
     states = [moves[i] for i in range(len(moves)) if costs[i] == min(costs)]
     g += 1
  print("Fail")
def possible_moves(state, visited_states):
  b = state.index(-1)
  d = []
  if 9 > b - 3 >= 0:
     d += 'u'
  if 9 > b + 3 >= 0:
     d += 'd'
  if b not in [2,5,8]:
     d += 'r'
```

```
if b not in [0,3,6]:
     d += 'l'
  pos_moves = []
  for move in d:
     pos_moves.append(gen(state,move,b))
  return [move for move in pos_moves if tuple(move) not in visited_states]
def gen(state, direction, b):
  temp = state.copy()
  if direction == 'u':
     temp[b-3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-3]
  if direction == 'd':
     temp[b+3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+3]
  if direction == 'r':
     temp[b+1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+1]
  if direction == 'l':
     temp[b-1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-1]
  return temp
#Test 1
print("Example 1")
src = [1,2,3,-1,4,5,6,7,8]
target = [1,2,3,4,5,-1,6,7,8]
print("Source: ", src)
print("Goal State: " , target)
astar(src, target)
# Test 2
```

print("Example 2")

```
src = [1,2,3,-1,4,5,6,7,8]
target=[1,2,3,6,4,5,-1,7,8]
print("Source: ", src)
print("Goal State: ", target)
astar(src, target)
```

# Test 3

print("Example 3")

src = [1,2,3,7,4,5,6,-1,8]

target=[1,2,3,6,4,5,-1,7,8]

print("Source: ", src)

print("Goal State: ", target)

astar(src, target)

```
Example 1
Source: [1, 2, 3, -1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, -1, 6, 7, 8]
1 2 3
  45
6 7 8
123
4 5
6 7 8
1 2 3
4 5
6 7 8
Success
Example 2
Source: [1, 2, 3, -1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8]
1 2 3
  45
6 7 8
1 2 3
6 4 5
   7 8
Success
                                                                                23
```

```
123
Example 3
                                                                                   6 5
Source: [1, 2, 3, 7, 4, 5, 6, -1, 8]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8]
                                                                                478
123
                                                                                123
7 4 5
                                                                                6 5
478
1 2 3
7 4 5
                                                                                1 2 3
6 7 5
4 8
  68
1 2 3
                                                                                123
 4 5
                                                                                675
768
2 3
1 4 5
                                                                                 1 2 3
                                                                                75
648
768
                                                                                23
175
648
123
4 5
768
                                                                                1 2 3
7 5
6 4 8
1 2 3
4 6 5
7 8
```

```
713
465
 28
713
465
2 8
713
4 5
2 6 8
713
465
28
713
45
268
713
2 4 5
 68
Fail
```

#### 5. Implement vacuum cleaner agent.

```
def clean(floor, row, col):
  i, j, m, n = row, col, len(floor), len(floor[0])
  goRight = goDown = True
  cleaned = [not any(f) for f in floor]
  while not all(cleaned):
     while any(floor[i]):
       print_floor(floor, i, j)
       if floor[i][j]:
          floor[i][j] = 0
          print_floor(floor, i, j)
       if not any(floor[i]):
          cleaned[i] = True
          break
       if j == n - 1:
         i = 1
          goRight = False
       elif j == 0:
         i += 1
          goRight = True
       else:
         j += 1 if goRight else -1
     if all(cleaned):
       break
     if i == m - 1:
       i = 1
       goDown = False
     elif i == 0:
       i += 1
```

```
goDown = True
     else:
        i += 1 if goDown else -1
     if cleaned[i]:
        print_floor(floor, i, j)
def print_floor(floor, row, col): # row, col represent the current vacuum cleaner position
  for r in range(len(floor)):
     for c in range(len(floor[r])):
        if r == row and c == col:
          print(f'' > \{floor[r][c]\} < '', end = '')
        else:
          print(f" {floor[r][c]} ", end = ")
     print(end = '\n')
  print(end = '\n')
# Test 1
floor = [[1, 0, 0, 0],
      [0, 1, 0, 1],
      [1, 0, 1, 1]]
print("Room Condition: ")
for row in floor:
  print(row)
print("\n")
clean(floor, 1, 2)
```

	A 15					_	_	-	
	Condi				1	0	0	0	
[1, 6	Э, 0,	9]			0	0	0	0	
[0, 1	ι, Θ,	1]			>1<	0	1	1	
[1, 6	ð, 1,	1]							
					1	0	0	0	
					0	0	0	0	
1	0	Θ	0		>0<	0	1	1	
0	1	>8<	1						
1	0	1	1		1	0	0	0	
_	_	-	-		0	0	Θ	0	
1	0	9	0		0	>0<	1	1	
9	1	9	>1<						
					1	0	0	0	
1	8	1	1		0	0	0	0	
					0	0	>1<	1	
1	0	0	0						
8	1	0	>0<		1	0	0	0	
1	8	1	1		0	0	0	0	
					0	0	>0<	1	
1	8	9	0						
9	1	>0<	0		1	0	0	0	
1	9	1	1		0	0	0	0	
					0	0	0	>1<	
1	0	0	0						
ē	>1<	9	ø		1	0	0	0	
1	e	1	1		0	0	0	0	
-		-	-		0	9	0	>0<	
	9	•							
1		8	0		1	0	0	0	
9	>8<	0	0		0	0	0	>0<	
1	0	1	1		0	0	0	0	
								104	
1	0	0	0		1	0	0	>0<	
8	8	0	0		0	0	0	9	
1	>8<	1	1		0	Θ	0	0	
_									

```
>0<
                  0
 0
       0
            0
                  0
      0
            0
                  0
                  0
     >0<
            0
      0
            0
                  0
                  0
                  0
       0
                  0
                  0
>0<
       0
                  0
       0
            0
                  0
```

6. Create a knowledge base using prepositional logic and show that the given query entails the knowledge base or not.

```
def evaluate_expression(p, q, r):
    expression_result = (p or q) and (not r or p)
    return expression_result

def generate_truth_table():
    print(" p | q | r | Expression (KB) | Query (p^r)")
    print("-|-|-|-")

for p in [True, False]:
    for q in [True, False]:
    expression_result = evaluate_expression(p, q, r)
        query_result = p and r

        print(f" {p} | {q} | {r} | {expression_result} | {query_result}")

def query_entails_knowledge():
    for p in [True, False]:
```

```
for q in [True, False]:
       for r in [True, False]:
          expression_result = evaluate_expression(p, q, r)
          query_result = p and r
          if expression result and not query result:
            return False
  return True
                                                                                            28
def main():
generate_truth_table()
if query_entails_knowledge():
print("\nQuery entails the knowledge.")
else:
print("\nQuery does not entail the knowledge.")
if name_== " main ":
main()
```



7. Create a knowledge base using prepositional logic and prove the given query using resolution

```
import re
def main(rules, goal):
  rules = rules.split(' ')
  steps = resolve(rules, goal)
  print('\nStep\t|Clause\t|Derivation\t')
  print('-' * 30)
  i = 1
  for step in steps:
     print(f' \{i\} \t \{step\} \t \{steps[step]\} \t')
     i += 1
def negate(term):
  return f \sim \{term\}' \text{ if } term[0] != '\sim' \text{ else } term[1]
def reverse(clause):
  if len(clause) > 2:
     t = split terms(clause)
     return f'\{t[1]\}v\{t[0]\}'
  return "
```

```
def split_terms(rule):
  \exp = '(\sim *[PQRS])'
  terms = re.findall(exp, rule)
  return terms
split terms('~PvR')
def contradiction(goal, clause):
  contradictions = [f{goal}v{negate(goal)}', f{negate(goal)}v{goal}']
  return clause in contradictions or reverse(clause) in contradictions
def resolve(rules, goal):
                                                                                                       30
  temp = rules.copy()
  temp += [negate(goal)]
  steps = dict()
  for rule in temp:
     steps[rule] = 'Given.'
  steps[negate(goal)] = 'Negated conclusion.'
  i = 0
  while i < len(temp):
     n = len(temp)
     j = (i + 1) \% n
     clauses = []
     while j != i:
        terms1 = split terms(temp[i])
        terms2 = split terms(temp[j])
        for c in terms1:
           if negate(c) in terms2:
              t1 = [t \text{ for } t \text{ in terms } 1 \text{ if } t != c]
              t2 = [t \text{ for } t \text{ in terms } 2 \text{ if } t != negate(c)]
              gen = t1 + t2
              if len(gen) == 2:
```

```
if gen[0] != negate(gen[1]):
                   clauses += [f'\{gen[0]\}v\{gen[1]\}']
                else:
                   if contradiction(goal,f'{gen[0]}v{gen[1]}'):
                     temp.append(f'\{gen[0]\}v\{gen[1]\}')
                     steps["] = f"Resolved \{temp[i]\} and \{temp[j]\} to \{temp[-1]\}, which is
in turn null. \
                     \nA contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is assumed as true.
Hence, {goal} is true."
                     return steps
             elif len(gen) == 1:
                                                                                                   31
                                                  temp.append(f'{terms1[0]}v{terms2[0]}')
                                                  steps["] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and
                                                  \{temp[j]\}\ to\ \{temp[-1]\}\, which is in \nA
turn null. \
                                                  contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is
clauses += [f'\{gen[0]\}']
else:
                                                  assumed as true. Hence,
if
contradiction(goal,f'{terms1[0]}v{terms2[0]}
{goal} is true."
                   return steps
        for clause in clauses:
           if clause not in temp and clause != reverse(clause) and reverse(clause) not in temp:
             temp.append(clause)
             steps[clause] = f'Resolved from {temp[i]} and {temp[j]}.'
       j = (j + 1) \% n
     i += 1
  return steps
rules = 'Rv \sim P Rv \sim Q \sim RvP \sim RvQ' \#(P^{\wedge}Q) \leq >R : (Rv \sim P)v(Rv \sim Q)^{\wedge}(\sim RvP)^{\wedge}(\sim RvQ)
```

```
goal = 'R'

print('Rules: ',rules)

print("Goal: ",goal)

main(rules, goal)

rules = 'PvQ ~PvR ~QvR' #P=vQ, P=>Q: ~PvQ, Q=>R, ~QvR

goal = 'R'

print('Rules: ',rules)

print("Goal: ",goal)

main(rules, goal)

rules = 'PvQ PvR ~PvR RvS Rv~Q ~Sv~Q' # (P=>Q)=>Q, (P=>P)=>R,

(R=>S)=>~(S=>Q) goal = 'R'

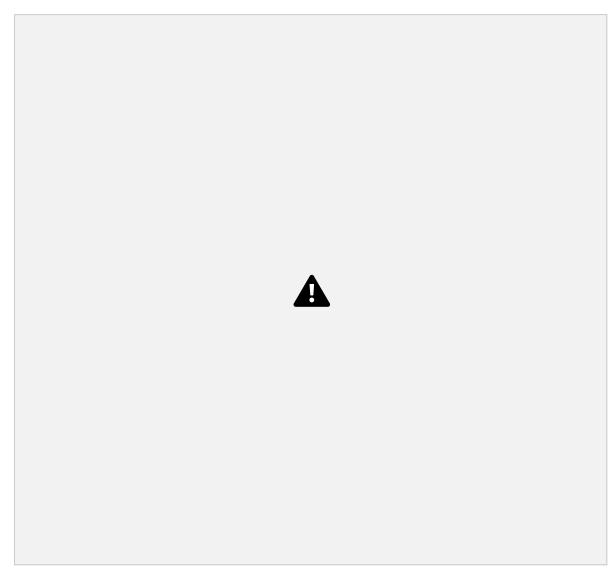
print('Rules: ',rules)

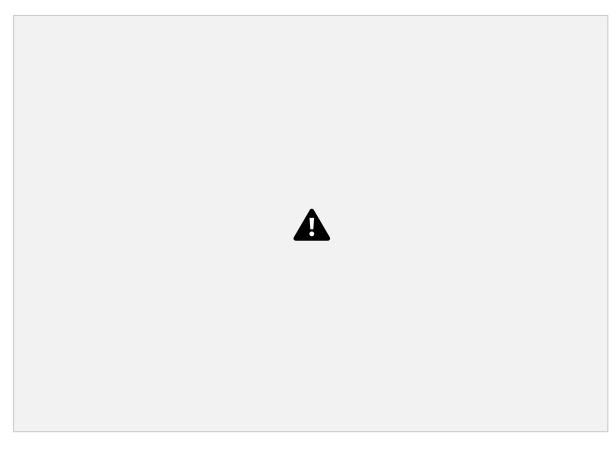
print('Rules: ',rules)

32

print("Goal: ",goal)

main(rules, goal)
```





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#### 8. Implement unification in first order logic

```
import re

def getAttributes(expression):
    expression = expression.split("(")[1:]
    expression = "(".join(expression)
    expression = expression[:-1]
    expression = re.split("(?<!\(.),(?!.\))", expression)
    return expression

def getInitialPredicate(expression):
    return expression.split("(")[0]

def isConstant(char):
    return char.isupper() and len(char) == 1</pre>
```

```
def isVariable(char):
  return char.islower() and len(char) == 1
def replaceAttributes(exp, old, new):
  attributes = getAttributes(exp)
  for index, val in enumerate(attributes):
     if val == old:
       attributes[index] = new
  predicate = getInitialPredicate(exp)
  return predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes) + ")"
def apply(exp, substitutions):
  for substitution in substitutions:
                                                                                               35
     new, old = substitution
     exp = replaceAttributes(exp, old, new)
  return exp
def checkOccurs(var, exp):
  if exp.find(var) == -1:
     return False
  return True
def getFirstPart(expression):
  attributes = getAttributes(expression)
  return attributes[0]
```

```
def getRemainingPart(expression):
  predicate = getInitialPredicate(expression)
  attributes = getAttributes(expression)
  newExpression = predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes[1:]) + ")"
  return newExpression
def unify(exp1, exp2):
  if exp1 == exp2:
     return []
  if isConstant(exp1) and isConstant(exp2):
     if exp1 != exp2:
       return False
  if isConstant(exp1):
                                                                                            36
     return [(exp1, exp2)]
  if isConstant(exp2):
     return [(exp2, exp1)]
  if isVariable(exp1):
     if checkOccurs(exp1, exp2):
       return False
     else:
       return [(exp2, exp1)]
  if isVariable(exp2):
```

```
if checkOccurs(exp2, exp1):
     return False
  else:
     return [(exp1, exp2)]
if getInitialPredicate(exp1) != getInitialPredicate(exp2):
  print("Predicates do not match. Cannot be unified")
  return False
attributeCount1 = len(getAttributes(exp1))
attributeCount2 = len(getAttributes(exp2))
if attributeCount1 != attributeCount2:
  return False
head1 = getFirstPart(exp1)
head2 = getFirstPart(exp2)
initialSubstitution = unify(head1, head2)
if not initial Substitution:
                                                                                           37
  return False
if attributeCount1 == 1:
  return initialSubstitution
tail1 = getRemainingPart(exp1)
tail2 = getRemainingPart(exp2)
if initialSubstitution != []:
  tail1 = apply(tail1, initialSubstitution)
  tail2 = apply(tail2, initialSubstitution)
```

```
remainingSubstitution = unify(tail1, tail2)
  if not remaining Substitution:
    return False
  initialSubstitution.extend(remainingSubstitution
  ) return initialSubstitution
print("\nExample 1")
exp1 = "knows(f(x),y)"
\exp 2 = \text{"knows}(J,John)\text{"}
print("Expression 1: ",exp1)
print("Expression 2: ",exp2)
substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)
print("Substitutions:")
print(substitutions)
print("\nExample 2")
exp1 = "knows(John,x)"
                                                                                              38
exp2 = "knows(y,mother(y))"
print("Expression 1: ",exp1)
print("Expression 2: ",exp2)
substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)
print("Substitutions:")
print(substitutions)
```

```
print("\nExample 3")
exp1 = "Student(x)"
exp2 = "Teacher(Rose)"
print("Expression 1:
",exp1) print("Expression
2: ",exp2)
substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)
print("Substitutions:")
print(substitutions)
```



9. Convert a given first order logic statement into Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF).

```
def getAttributes(string):
    expr = '\([^\)]+\\'
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
    return [m for m in str(matches) if m.isalpha()]

def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '[a-z~]+\([A-Za-z,]+\)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)

def Skolemization(statement):
    SKOLEM_CONSTANTS = [f'{chr(c)}' for c in range(ord('A'), ord('Z')+1)]
    matches = re.findall('[∃].', statement)
    for match in matches[::-1]:
        statement = statement.replace(match, ")
        for predicate in getPredicates(statement):
        attributes = getAttributes(predicate)
```

```
if ".join(attributes).islower():
          statement = statement.replace(match[1],SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0))
  return statement
import re
def fol to cnf(fol):
  statement = fol.replace("=>", "-")
  expr = ' ([ ( [ ^ ] ] + ) ) '
  statements = re.findall(expr,statement)
  for i, s in enumerate(statements):
     if '[' in s and ']' not in s:
        statements[i] += ']'
                                                                                                  41
  for s in statements:
     statement = statement.replace(s, fol to cnf(s))
  while '-' in statement:
     i = statement.index('-')
     br = statement.index('[') if '[' in statement else 0
     new statement = '\sim' + statement[br:i] + '|' + statement[i+1:]
     statement = statement[:br] + new statement if br > 0 else new statement
  return Skolemization(statement)
print(fol to cnf("bird(x) = > \sim fly(x)"))
print(fol to cnf("\exists x[bird(x) = > \neg fly(x)]"))
print(Skolemization(fol_to_cnf("animal(y)<=>loves(x,y)")))
print(Skolemization(fol\_to\_cnf("\forall x[\forall y[animal(y)=>loves(x,y)]]=>[\exists z[loves(z,x)]]")
))
print(fol\_to\_cnf("[american(x)\&weapon(y)\&sells(x,y,z)\&hostile(z)]=>criminal(x)"))
```

## **OUTPUT:**



10. Create a knowledge base consisting of first order logic statements and prove the given query using forward reasoning.

```
import re
def isVariable(x):
   return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and x.isalpha()
def getAttributes(string):
   expr = ' \backslash ([^{\wedge})] + \backslash)'
   matches = re.findall(expr, string)
   return matches
def getPredicates(string):
   expr = '([a-z\sim]+)\backslash([^{\&}]+\backslash)'
   return re.findall(expr, string)
```

2

```
class Fact:
  def init (self, expression):
     self.expression = expression
     predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)
     self.predicate = predicate
     self.params = params
     self.result = any(self.getConstants())
  def splitExpression(self, expression):
     predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
     params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip('()').split(',')
     return [predicate, params]
  def getResult(self):
                                                                                                  43
     return self.result
   def getConstants(self):
     return [None if isVariable(c) else c for c in self.params]
  def getVariables(self):
     return [v if isVariable(v) else None for v in self.params]
  defsubstitute(self, constants):
     c = constants.copy()
     f = f''\{self.predicate\}(\{','.join([constants.pop(0) if isVariable(p) else p for p in a self.predicate]\}
self.params])})"
     return Fact(f)
class Implication:
```

```
def init (self, expression):
     self.expression = expression
     1 = expression.split('=>')
     self.lhs = [Fact(f) for f in 1[0].split('&')]
     self.rhs = Fact(l[1])
  def evaluate(self, facts):
     constants = \{\}
     new_lhs = []
     for fact in facts:
        for val in self.lhs:
          if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
             for i, v in enumerate(val.getVariables()):
                if v:
                  constants[v] = fact.getConstants()[i]
             new lhs.append(fact)
                                                                                                  44
     predicate, attributes = getPredicates(self.rhs.expression)[0],
str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression)[0])
     for key in constants:
        if constants[key]:
          attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])
     expr = f'{predicate} {attributes}'
     return Fact(expr) if len(new lhs) and all([f.getResult() for f in new lhs]) else None
class KB:
  def init (self):
     self.facts = set()
     self.implications = set()
  def tell(self, e):
```

```
if '=>' in e:
        self.implications.add(Implication(e))
     else:
        self.facts.add(Fact(e))
     for i in self.implications:
        res = i.evaluate(self.facts)
        if res:
           self.facts.add(res)
  def query(self, e):
     facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts])
     i = 1
     print(f'Querying {e}:')
     for f in facts:
        if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate:
           print(f'\setminus t\{i\}, \{f\}')
           i += 1
                                                                                                     45
  def display(self):
     print("All facts: ")
     for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):
        print(f'\setminus t\{i+1\}, \{f\}')
kb = KB()
kb.tell('missile(x)=>weapon(x)')
kb.tell('missile(M1)')
kb.tell('enemy(x,America)=>hostile(x)')
kb.tell('american(West)')
kb.tell('enemy(Nono,America)')
kb.tell('owns(Nono,M1)')
```

```
kb.tell('missile(x)&owns(Nono,x)=>sells(West,x,Nono)')
kb.tell('american(x)&weapon(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)=>criminal(x)'
) kb.query('criminal(x)')
kb_ldisplay()

kb_l = KB()
kb_ltell('king(x)&greedy(x)=>evil(x)')
kb_ltell('king(John)')
kb_ltell('greedy(John)')
kb_ltell('king(Richard)')
```

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## **OUTPUT:**

