## **IOT Phase3**

# FLOOD MONITORING & EARLY WARNING

NAME:P.DHANUSH

REG NO:610821106017

Deploying IoT sensors in flood-prone areas to measure water levels is a proactive approach to flood monitoring and management. To do this:

- **1.Select Sensor Type:** Choose the appropriate water level sensors compatible with IoT technology. Ultrasonic sensors, pressure transducers, or capacitance sensors are commonly used for this purpose.
- **2.Sensor Placement:** Install the sensors at strategic locations within the flood-prone areas, such as near rivers, streams, or floodplains.
- **3.IoT Connectivity:** Configure the sensors to connect to an IoT network. This may involve using Wi-Fi, cellular, LoRa, or other suitable communication methods.
- **4.Data Transmission:** Set up the sensors to regularly transmit water level data to a central server or cloud platform. Ensure data security and integrity.
- **5.Data Processing:** Implement data processing algorithms to filter and analyze the incoming data for anomalies and flood potential.
- **6.Alert System:** Develop an alert system that triggers notifications when water levels rise to a certain predefined threshold, indicating a potential flood event.
- **7.Integration:** Integrate the sensor data with local weather information and other relevant data sources for a more comprehensive flood monitoring system.

## **IOT Phase3**

- **8. Monitoring and Maintenance:** Regularly monitor the sensor network for functionality and perform maintenance as needed.
- **9.Community Outreach:** Inform local authorities and communities about the system and its capabilities, so they can take timely actions in response to flood alerts.
- **10.Emergency Response Plan:** Develop an emergency response plan that outlines actions to be taken when flood alerts are triggered, such as evacuation procedures and resource allocation.

This IoT-based flood monitoring system can greatly improve flood preparedness and response, potentially saving lives and reducing flood-related damages.

Python script on the IoT sensors to send collected water level data to the early warning platform.

import paho.mqtt.client as mqtt import random import time

# MQTT broker settings

mqtt\_broker = "mqtt.eclipse.org" # Replace with your MQTT broker address

mqtt\_port = 1883

# MQTT topic to publish to mqtt\_topic = "water\_level"

# Initialize MQTT client

### IOT Phase3

```
client = mqtt.Client("WaterLevelSensor")
client.connect(mqtt broker, mqtt port)
try:
  while True:
    # Simulate collecting water level data (replace with real sensor data)
    water_level = round(random.uniform(0.0, 100.0), 2) # Simulated value
between 0 and 100
    # Prepare the data payload
    payload = {
      "sensor id": "sensor123", # Replace with your sensor ID
      "water level": water level,
      "timestamp": int(time.time())
    }
    # Publish the data to the MQTT broker
    client.publish(mqtt_topic, str(payload))
    print(f"Published data: {payload}")
    # Adjust the interval to your desired data sending frequency (e.g., every 5
minutes)
    time.sleep(300) # 300 seconds (5 minutes)
except KeyboardInterrupt:
```

# IOT\_Phase3

print("Data publishing stopped.")
client.disconnect()