

# SMART CONTRACT SECURITY AUDIT URGX Token



SMART CONTRACT AUDIT | TEAM KYC | PROJECT EVALUATION

RELENTLESSLY SECURING THE PUBLIC BLOCKCHAIN | MADE IN CANADA

# Summary

Auditing Firm InterFi Network

Client Firm URGX Token

**Architecture** InterFi "Echelon" Auditing Standard

**Language** Solidity

Mandatory Audit Check Static, Software, Auto Intelligent & Manual Analysis

Final Report Date December 23, 2021

## **<u>Audit Summary</u>**

InterFi team has performed a line-by-line manual analysis and automated review of the smart contract. The smart contract was analyzed mainly for common smart contract vulnerabilities, exploits, and manipulation hacks. According to the smart contract audit:

- URGX Token's smart contract source code has LOW RISK SEVERITY
- ❖ URGX Token has PASSED the smart contract audit
- URGX Token's smart contract has an ACTIVE OWNERSHIP
- Important owner privileges -SET TAX FEES

For the detailed understanding of risk severity, source code vulnerability, and functional test, kindly refer to the audit.

- Contract address: 0x0A0031CAAb8792CBd8Be58C25e9f69D284ca6Dd7
- 🖁 Blockchain: Binance Smart Chain
- ✓ Verify the authenticity of this report on InterFi's GitHub: <a href="https://github.com/interfinetwork">https://github.com/interfinetwork</a>



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# **Project Overview**

InterFi was consulted by URGX Token on October 09, 2021 to conduct a smart contract security audit of their token source code.

URGXO Cinema has successfully created the best cinema environment to experience the full taste of wonders of the movies with the support of Hollywood and local studios, the cinema chain has become the prior choice of Mongolian young people and has become the biggest and the dominant cinema theatre in Mongolia since 2009. URGX aims to build multi-purpose smart contracts to support URGX cinemas, URGX aims to provide multiple DeFi services in the future.

Project	URGX Token
Blockchain	Binance Smart Chain / Binance Blockchain Explorer
Language	Solidity
Contract	0x0A0031CAAb8792CBd8Be58C25e9f69D284ca6Dd7
Website	https://www.URGXocoin.com/
Telegram	https://t.me/URGXocoin
Twitter	https://twitter.com/URGXo



#### Public logo



## Solidity Source Code On Blockchain (BscScan Verified Contract Source Code)

https://bscscan.com/address/0x0A0031CAAb8792CBd8Be58C25e9f69D284ca6Dd7#code

Contract Name: URGXToken

Compiler Version: v0.6.12+commit.27d51765

Optimization Enabled: No with 200 runs

## Solidity Source Code On InterFi GitHub

https://github.com/interfinetwork/audited-codes/blob/main/URGXToken.sol

#### **GitHub Commits**

Solidity source code committed at: 79ed6597f80f59fbda7023ce41b4fe7f8d463348



# **Audit Scope & Methodology**

The scope of this report is to audit the smart contract source code of URGX Token. The source code can be viewed in its entirety on

#### https://github.com/interfinetwork/audited-codes/blob/main/URGXToken.sol

InterFi has scanned the contract and reviewed the project for common vulnerabilities, exploits, hacks, and back-doors. Below is the list of commonly known smart contract vulnerabilities, exploits, and hacks:

#### Category

Re-entrancy (RE)

Unhandled Exceptions (UE)

Transaction Order Dependency (TO)

Integer Overflow (IO)

Unrestricted Action (UA)

Ownership Takeover

Gas Limit and Loops

Deployment Consistency

Repository Consistency

Data Consistency

Token Supply Manipulation

Access Control and Authorization

Operations Trail and Event Generation

Assets Manipulation

Liquidity Access

#### **Source Code Review**

**Smart Contract Vulnerabilities** 

#### **Functional Assessment**



#### InterFi's Echelon Audit Standard

The aim of InterFi's "Echelon" standard is to analyze the smart contract and identify the vulnerabilities and the hacks in the smart contract. Mentioned are the steps used by ECHELON-1 to assess the smart contract:

- 1. Solidity smart contract source code reviewal:
  - Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to InterFi to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
  - Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline to identify potential vulnerabilities.
- 2. Static, Manual, and Automated Al analysis:
  - Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
  - Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts

#### Automated 3P frameworks used to assess the smart contract vulnerabilities

- Slither
- Consensys MythX
- Consensys Surya
- Open Zeppelin Code Analyzer
- Solidity Code Complier



## InterFi's Risk Classification

Smart contracts are generally designed to manipulate and hold funds denominated in ETH/BNB. This makes them very tempting attack targets, as a successful attack may allow the attacker to directly steal funds from the contract. Below are the typical risk levels of a smart contract:

**Vulnerable**: A contract is vulnerable if it has been flagged by a static analysis tool as such. As we will see later, this means that some contracts may be vulnerable because of a false-positive.

**Exploitable:** A contract is exploitable if it is vulnerable and the vulnerability could be exploited by an external attacker. For example, if the "vulnerability" flagged by a tool is in a function which requires to own the contract, it would be vulnerable but not exploitable.

**Exploited:** A contract is exploited if it received a transaction on the main network which triggered one of its vulnerabilities. Therefore, a contract can be vulnerable or even exploitable without having been exploited.

		Smart Contract
Risk severity	Meaning	Security Audit
	This level vulner	rabilities could be exploited easily, and can lead to asset loss, data
! Critical	loss, asset mani	pulation, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.
! High	This level vulner	rabilities are hard to exploit but very important to fix, they carry an
	elevated risk of	smart contract manipulation, which can lead to critical risk severity
	This level vulner	abilities are should be fixed, as they carry an inherent risk of future
! Medium	exploits, and ha	cks which may or may not impact the smart contract execution.
	This level vulne	erabilities can be ignored. They are code style violations, and
! Low	informational s	tatements in the code. They may not affect the smart contract
	execution	



## **Smart Contract - Overview**

## **Contract information**

Query	Result
Name	URGX Token
Symbol	URGX
Decimals	18
Total Supply	30,000,000,000
Owner	0xc8ef8b2be72847c110cda8daa1f230e993e00446

Smart Contract Security Audit



# **Smart Contract - Static Analysis**

## **Symbol** Meaning Function can be modified Function is payable S Function is locked Function can be accessed Important functionality | \*\*Context\*\* | Implementation | ||| | └ | <Constructor> | Internal 🗎 | ● | | | └ | \_msgData | Internal 🗎 | | | | \*\*Ownable\*\* | Implementation | Context ||| | L | owner | Public ! | NO! | | L | renounceOwnership | Public ! | Gentlement | onlyOwner | | └ | transferOwnership | Public ! | ● | onlyOwner | | L | \_transferOwnership | Internal 🗎 | 🛑 | | | \*\*IBEP20\*\* | Interface | ||| | L | totalSupply | External ! | NO! | | L | decimals | External ! | NO! | | L | symbol | External ! | NO! | | L | name | External ! | NO! | | L | balanceOf | External ! | | L | transfer | External ! | | NO! | | L | allowance | External ! | | L | approve | External ! | • | NO! | | L | transferFrom | External ! | 🔴 |NO! | IIIIIII| \*\*<mark>SafeMath</mark>\*\* | Library | └ | add | Internal 🔒 | 1 1 | <sup>L</sup> | sub | Internal 🗎 | | L | sub | Internal 🔒 | | L | mul | Internal 🔒 | | L | div | Internal 🔒 | | <sup>L</sup> | div | Internal <sup>@</sup> |



| L | mod | Internal 🔒 |

```
| <sup>L</sup> | mod | Internal 🗎 | | |
| L | min | Internal 🗎 |
| L | sqrt | Internal 🗎 | | |
| **Address** | Library | |||
| L | isContract | Internal 🗎 | | |
| L | sendValue | Internal 🗎 | 🔴 | |
| L | functionCall | Internal 🗎 | 🔎 | |
| L | functionCall | Internal 🗎 | 🛑 | |
| L | functionCallWithValue | Internal 🗎 | 🔴
| L | functionCallWithValue | Internal 🔒 | 🛑
| └ | _functionCallWithValue | Private 🔐 | ● | |
111111
| **BEP20** | Implementation | Context, IBEP20, Ownable |||
 L | <Constructor> | Public ! | 🛑 |NO! |
| L | name | Public ! | NO! |
| L | decimals | Public ! | NO! |
| L | symbol | Public ! | NO! |
 L | totalSupply | Public ! | NO! |
| L | balanceOf | Public ! | NO! | | |
| L | transfer | Public ! | 🛑 |NO! |
| <sup>L</sup> | allowance | Public ! |
| L | approve | Public ! | Public ! | | NO! |
| L | transferFrom | Public ! | 🔴 |NO! |
| L | increaseAllowance | Public ! | •
                                     |N0 ! |
| L | decreaseAllowance | Public ! | •
| L | _transfer | Internal 🗎 | 🛑 | |
| L | _burn | Internal 🗎 | 🛑 | |
| └ | _approve | Internal 🍙 | ● | |
| L | _burnFrom | Internal 🗎 | 🛑 | |
| **Roles** | Library | |||
| L | add | Internal 🗎 | 🛑 | |
| L | remove | Internal 🗎 | 🛑 | |
IIIIIII
| **URGXToken** | Implementation | BEP20 |||
| L | <Constructor> | Public ! | • | NO! |
| L | burn | Public ! | 🛑 | onlyOwner |
| L | delegates | External ! | NO! |
| L | delegate | External ! | O | NO! |
| └ | delegateBySig | External ! | ● |NO! |
| L | getCurrentVotes | External ! | NO! |
| L | getPriorVotes | External ! | NO! |
| L | delegate | Internal 🗎 | 🛑 | |
| └ | _moveDelegates | Internal 🗎 | 🛑 | |
| L | safe32 | Internal 🗎 | | |
| L | getChainId | Internal 🗎 | | |
```



# **Smart Contract - Software Analysis**

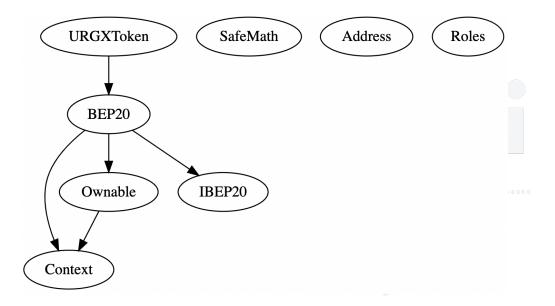
#### **Function Signatures**

```
16279055 => isContract(address)
39509351 => increaseAllowance(address,uint256)
119df25f => msgSender()
8b49d47e => msqData()
8da5cb5b => owner()
715018a6 => renounceOwnership()
f2fde38b => transfer0wnership(address)
d29d44ee => _transfer0wnership(address)
18160ddd => totalSupply()
313ce567 \Rightarrow decimals()
95d89b41 \Rightarrow symbol()
06fdde03 \Rightarrow name()
893d20e8 \Rightarrow get0wner()
70a08231 => balanceOf(address)
a9059cbb => transfer(address.uint256)
dd62ed3e => allowance(address,address)
095ea7b3 => approve(address,uint256)
23b872dd => transferFrom(address,address,uint256)
771602f7 => add(uint256,uint256)
b67d77c5 => sub(uint256,uint256)
e31bdc0a => sub(uint256,uint256,string)
c8a4ac9c => mul(uint256,uint256)
a391c15b => div(uint256,uint256)
b745d336 => div(uint256,uint256,string)
f43f523a => mod(uint256,uint256)
71af23e8 => mod(uint256,uint256,string)
7ae2b5c7 => min(uint256,uint256)
677342ce \Rightarrow sqrt(uint256)
24a084df => sendValue(address,uint256)
a0b5ffb0 => functionCall(address,bytes)
241b5886 => functionCall(address,bytes,string)
2a011594 => functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256)
d525ab8a => functionCallWithValue(address, bytes, uint256, string)
36455e42 => _functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string)
a457c2d7 => decreaseAllowance(address,uint256)
a0712d68 => mint(uint256)
30e0789e => transfer(address,address,uint256)
4e6ec247 => _mint(address,uint256)
6161eb18 => burn(address,uint256)
104e81ff => _approve(address,address,uint256)
a22b35ce => burnFrom(address,uint256)
b782197a => add(Role,address)
3e59fb33 => remove(Role,address)
ced709a2 => has(Role,address)
42966c68 => burn(uint256)
```



```
587cde1e => delegates(address)
5c19a95c => delegate(address)
c3cda520 => delegateBySig(address,uint256,uint256,uint8,bytes32,bytes32)
b4b5ea57 => getCurrentVotes(address)
782d6fe1 => getPriorVotes(address,uint256)
a28a42b3 => _delegate(address,address)
955f9fd8 => _moveDelegates(address,address,uint256)
ee59e77f => _writeCheckpoint(address,uint32,uint256,uint256)
869d1f83 => safe32(uint256,string)
3408e470 => getChainId()
```

### **Inheritance Graph**





# **Smart Contract – Manual Analysis**

Function	Description	Tested	Verdict
Total Supply	provides information about the total token		Passed
	supply	Yes	
Dalamas Of	provides account balance of the owner's	Yes	Passed
Balance Of	account		
<b>T</b>	executes transfers of a specified number of	Yes	Passed
Transfer	tokens to a specified address		
	allow a spender to withdraw a set number of		Passed
Approve	tokens from a specified account	Yes	
	returns a set number of tokens from a spender to		
Allowance	the owner	Yes	Passed
	is an action in which the project buys back its		
Buy Back	tokens from the existing holders usually at a	NA	NA
	market price Contract		
	executes transfers of a specified number of		Passed
Burn	tokens to a burn address	Yes	
	executes creation of a specified number of		NA
Mint	tokens and adds it to the total supply	NA	
	circulating token supply adjusts (increases or		
Rebase	decreases) automatically according to a token's	NA	NA
	price fluctuations		
	stops specified wallets from interacting with the		NA
Blacklist	smart contract function modules	NA	
	stops or locks all function modules of the smart		
Lock	contract	NA	NA



Function	Description	Tested	Verdict
Dividend	executes transfers of a specified dividend token to a specified address	NA	NA
Airdrop	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	NA	NA
Max Transaction	a non-whitelisted wallet can only transfer a specified number of tokens	NA	NA
Max Wallet	a non-whitelisted wallet can only hold a specified number of tokens	NA	NA
Cooldown Timer	functionality to limit the number of transactions that a wallet can make within a 24-hour span	NA	NA
Anti Bot	stops some or all bot wallets from interacting with the smart contract	NA	NA
Transfer Ownership	executes transfer of contract ownership to a specified wallet	Yes	Passed
Renounce Ownership	executes transfer of contract ownership to a dead address	Yes	Passed



## Best Practices V

- Owner cannot stop or pause the smart contract.
- Owner cannot lock or burn the user assets.
- Owner cannot mint tokens after initial contract creation/deployment.
- The smart contract utilizes "SafeMath" function to avoid common smart contract vulnerabilities.

```
string private _name = "URGXToken";
library SafeMath {
function add(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (uint256) {
    uint256 c = a + b;
    require(c >= a, "SafeMath: addition overflow");

function sub(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (uint256) {
    return sub(a, b, "SafeMath: subtraction overflow");

    uint256 c = a * b;
    require(c / a == b, "SafeMath: multiplication overflow");

    return c;

function div(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (uint256) {
        return div(a, b, "SafeMath: division by zero");

function mod(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (uint256) {
        return mod(a, b, "SafeMath: modulo by zero");
}
```

## <u>Warning</u>

- Active smart contract owner: 0xe844fdc6ff7bf2d7cbe3c6484794a10588de9faf
- Be aware that active smart contract owner privileges constitute an elevated impact to smart contract's safety and security.



The smart contract has low severity issue which may or may not create any functional vulnerability.

```
"resource": " /URGXToken.sol",
"owner": "_generated_diagnostic_collection_name_#0",
"severity": 8, (! Low Severity)
```

"Expected pragma, import directive or contract/interface/library definition",

"source": "solc",

}

Interfi

Smart Contract Security Audit



# **Smart Contract - SWC Attacks**

SWC ID	Description	Verdict
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	! Low
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	Passed
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value	Passed
SWC-105	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	Passed
SWC-106	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	Passed
SWC-107	Re-entrancy	Passed
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	Passed
SWC-109	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	Passed
SWC-110	Assert Violation Smart Contract	Passed
swc-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	Passed
SWC-112	Delegate Call to Untrusted Callee	Passed
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	Passed
SWC-114	Transaction Order Dependence	Passed
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	Passed
SWC-116	Block values as a proxy for time	Passed
swc-117	Signature Malleability	Passed
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	Passed



SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	Passed
SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	Passed
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	Passed
SWC-123	Requirement Violation	Passed
SWC-124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	Passed
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	Passed
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	Passed
SWC-127	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	Passed
SWC-128	DoS With Block Gas Limit	Passed
SWC-129	Typographical Error	Passed
SWC-130	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	Passed
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	Passed
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	Passed
SWC-133	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	Passed
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	Passed
SWC-135	Code With No Effects (Irrelevant/Dead Code)	Passed
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	Passed



## **Smart Contract - Risk Status & Radar Chart**

**Risk Severity Status** ! Critical None critical severity issues identified ! High None high severity issues identified None medium severity issues identified ! Medium ! Low 1 low severity issue identified **Verified** 54 functions and instances verified and checked **Safety Score** 98 out of 100 Score out of 100 Compiler Check 97 Interface Safety Static Analysis 96 Manual Analysis Software Analysis



## **Auditor's Verdict**

InterFi team has performed a line-by-line manual analysis and automated review of the smart contract. The smart contract was analyzed mainly for common smart contract vulnerabilities, exploits, and manipulation hacks.

URGX Token's smart contract source code has LOW RISK SEVERITY.

URGX Token has successfully PASSED the smart contract audit.



# Smart Contract Security Audit

## Note for stakeholders

- Be aware that active smart contract owner privileges constitute an elevated impact on smart contract's safety and security.
- Make sure that the project team's KYC/identity is verified by an independent firm, e.g., InterFi.
- Always check if the contract's liquidity is locked. A longer liquidity lock plays an important role in project's longevity. It is recommended to have multiple liquidity providers.
- Examine the unlocked token supply in the owner, developer, or team's private wallets.
  Understand the project's tokenomics, and make sure the tokens outside of the LP Pair are vested or locked for a longer period of time.
- Ensure that the project's official website is hosted on a trusted platform, and is using an active SSL certificate. The website's domain should be registered for a longer period of time.



## **Important Disclaimer**

InterFi Network provides contract auditing and project verification services for blockchain projects. The purpose of the audit is to analyse the on-chain smart contract source code, and to provide basic overview of the project. This report should not be transmitted, disclosed, referred to, or relied upon by any person for any purposes without InterFi's prior written consent.

InterFi provides the easy-to-understand assessment of the project, and the smart contract (otherwise known as the source code). The audit makes no statements or warranties on the security of the code. It also cannot be considered as an enough assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bug-free status, or any other statements of the contract. While we have used all the data at our disposal to provide the transparent analysis, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only — we recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure the security of smart contracts. Be aware that smart contracts deployed on a blockchain aren't resistant from external vulnerability, or a hack. Be aware that active smart contract owner privileges constitute an elevated impact to smart contract's safety and security. Therefore, InterFi does not guarantee the explicit security of the audited smart contract.

The analysis of the security is purely based on the smart contracts alone. No applications or operations were reviewed for security. No product code has been reviewed.

This report should not be considered as an endorsement or disapproval of any project or team.

The information provided on this report does not constitute investment advice, financial advice, trading advice, or any other sort of advice and you should not treat any of the report's content as such. Do conduct your own due diligence and consult your financial advisor before making any investment decisions.



## **About InterFi Network**

InterFi Network provides intelligent blockchain solutions. InterFi is developing an ecosystem that is seamless and responsive. Some of our services: Blockchain Security, Token Launchpad, NFT Marketplace, etc. InterFi's mission is to interconnect multiple services like Blockchain Security, DeFi, Gaming, and Marketplace under one ecosystem that is seamless, multi-chain compatible, scalable, secure, fast, responsive, and easy-to-use.

InterFi is built by a decentralized team of UI experts, contributors, engineers, and enthusiasts from all over the world. Our team currently consists of 6+ core team members, and 10+ casual contributors. InterFi provides manual, static, and automatic smart contract analysis, to ensure that project is checked against known attacks and potential vulnerabilities.

To learn more, visit <a href="https://interfi.network">https://interfi.network</a>

To view our audit portfolio, visit <a href="https://github.com/interfinetwork">https://github.com/interfinetwork</a>

To book an audit, message <a href="https://t.me/interfiaudits">https://t.me/interfiaudits</a>





