

NAME : K DHANUSH

REGISTER NUMBER : 192311094

**COURSE : OPERATING SYSTEMS FOR
MOBILE APPLICATIONS**

COURSE CODE : CSA0497

1.ROUND ROBIN SCHEDULING

```
#include <stdio.h> #define
MAX 10
void findWaitingTime(int processes[], int n, int bt[], int wt[], int quantum) {
int rem_bt[MAX];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
rem_bt[i] = bt[i];    int t = 0;
while (1) {        int done = 1;
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {        if
(rem_bt[i] > 0) {            done =
0;            if (rem_bt[i] >
quantum) {                t +=
quantum;                rem_bt[i] -=
quantum;
            } else {
t = t + rem_bt[i];
wt[i] = t - bt[i];
rem_bt[i] = 0;
```

```

        }
    }
}

if (done == 1)
break;

}

}

void findTurnAroundTime(int processes[], int n, int bt[], int wt[], int tat[]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
tat[i] = bt[i] + wt[i];
}

void findavgTime(int processes[], int n, int bt[], int quantum) {
int wt[MAX], tat[MAX];    findWaitingTime(processes, n, bt,
wt, quantum);    findTurnAroundTime(processes, n, bt, wt,
tat);

    float total_wt = 0, total_tat = 0;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
total_wt += wt[i];        total_tat
+= tat[i];
    }

    printf("Average waiting time: %.2f\n", total_wt / n);    printf
("Average turnaround time: %.2f\n", total_tat / n);
}

```

```

int main() {    int processes[] = { 0, 1, 2, 3 };
int n = sizeof(processes) / sizeof(processes[0]);
int burst_me[] = { 10, 5, 8, 12 };    int quantum
= 4;    findavgTime(processes, n, burst_me,
quantum);
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT :

Average waiting time: 19.25

Average turnaround time: 28.00

2.INTER-PROCESS COMMUNICATION

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/msg.h>

#define MAX_TEXT 512

struct message {    long
msg_type;    char
text[MAX_TEXT];
};

```

```

int main() {    struct
message msg;

    int msgid;

    key_t key = 1234;    msgid =
msgget(key, 0666 | IPC_CREAT);

    if (msgid == -1) {
perror("msgget failed");
exit(EXIT_FAILURE);

    }

    msg.msg_type = 1;    snprintf (msg.text, sizeof(msg.text), "Hello from
process %d", getpid());

    if (msgsnd(msgid, &msg, sizeof(msg.text), 0) == -1)
{    perror("msgsnd failed");
exit(EXIT_FAILURE);

    }

    prin ("Message sent: %s\n", msg.text);

    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT :

Message sent: Hello from process 16920

3.DINING-PHILOSOPHERS PROBLEM

```

#include <stdio.h>

#include <pthread.h>

```

```

#include <semaphore.h>

#include <unistd.h>

#define NUM_PHILOSOPHERS 5

sem_t mutex; sem_t
forks[NUM_PHILOSOPHERS];

void* philosopher(void* num) {
    int id = *(int*)num;

    while (1) {
        prin ("Philosopher %d is thinking.\n", id);
        sleep(1);

        sem_wait(&mutex);
sem_wait(&forks[id]);
        sem_wait(&forks[(id + 1) %
NUM_PHILOSOPHERS]);

        prin ("Philosopher %d is ea ng.\n", id);
        sleep(1);

        sem_post(&forks[id]);
        sem_post(&forks[(id + 1) %
NUM_PHILOSOPHERS]);    sem_post(&mutex);

```

```

    }
}

int main() {
    pthread_t philosophers[NUM_PHILOSOPHERS];
    int philosopher_ids[NUM_PHILOSOPHERS];

    sem_init(&mutex, 0, 1);    for (int i = 0; i <
NUM_PHILOSOPHERS; i++) {
        sem_init(&forks[i], 0, 1);
        philosopher_ids[i] = i;
        pthread_create(&philosophers[i], NULL, philosopher,
&philosopher_ids[i]);
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_PHILOSOPHERS; i++) {
        pthread_join(philosophers[i], NULL);
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_PHILOSOPHERS; i++) {
        sem_destroy(&forks[i]);
    }
    sem_destroy(&mutex);

    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT :

Philosopher 0 is thinking.

Philosopher 2 is thinking.

Philosopher 1 is thinking.

Philosopher 3 is thinking.

Philosopher 4 is thinking.

Philosopher 3 is eating.

Philosopher 3 is thinking.

Philosopher 4 is eating.

Philosopher 3 is eating.

Philosopher 4 is thinking.

4. BANKER'S ALGORITHM

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#define MAX 10
```

```
#define RESOURCES 3
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int max[MAX][RESOURCES],  
    allot[MAX][RESOURCES], need[MAX][RESOURCES];
```

```
    int available[RESOURCES], finish[MAX],  
    safeSeq[MAX];
```

```
    int n, m, i, j, k, count = 0;
```



```
    prin ("Enter number of processes: ");  
scanf("%d", &n);    prin ("Enter number  
of resources: ");    scanf("%d", &m);
```

```
    prin ("Enter maximum resource matrix:\n");  
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
for (j = 0; j < m; j++) {  
scanf("%d", &max[i][j]);  
    }  
    }
```

```
    prin ("Enter alloca on matrix:\n");  
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
for (j = 0; j < m; j++) {  
scanf("%d", &allot[i][j]);  
    }  
    }
```

```
    prin ("Enter available resources:\n");  
    for (i = 0; i < m; i++) {  
scanf("%d", &available[i]);  
    }
```

```

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {        for (j =
0; j < m; j++) {                    need[i][j] =
max[i][j] - allot[i][j];
    }
}

```

```

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
finish[i] = 0;
    }

```

```

    while (count < n) {        int found =
0;        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
if (finish[i] == 0) {            for (j = 0;
j < m; j++) {                    if (need[i][j]
> available[j]) {
                                break;
                                }
}

```

```

        if (j == m) {            for
(k = 0; k < m; k++) {
available[k] += allot[i][k];
        }
        safeSeq[count++] = i;
        finish[i] = 1;
found = 1;

```

```

        }
    }
}

if (found == 0) {
    prin ("System is not in a safe state\n");
    return 0;
}

}

prin ("System is in a safe state.\nSafe sequence is: ");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    prin ("%d ", safeSeq[i]);
}

prin ("\n");

return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT :

Enter alloca on matrix:

Enter available resources: System

is not in a safe state

Enter number of processes:

5.PRODUCER CONSUMER PROBLEM

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>

#include <pthread.h>

#include <semaphore.h>

#define BUFFER_SIZE 5


int buffer[BUFFER_SIZE];

int in = 0;

int out = 0;


sem_t empty;

sem_t full;

pthread_mutex_t mutex;


void* producer(void* arg) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        sem_wait(&empty);

        pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);

        buffer[in] = i;

        prin ("Produced: %d\n", buffer[in]);

        in = (in + 1) % BUFFER_SIZE;


        pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);

        sem_post(&full);
    }
}
```

```

        return NULL;
    }
    void* consumer(void* arg) {
        for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
            sem_wait(&full);

            pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);

            int item = buffer[out];

            prin ("Consumed: %d\n", item);
            out = (out + 1) % BUFFER_SIZE;

            pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
            sem_post(&empty);
        }
        return NULL;
    }

    int main() {    pthread_t
    prod, cons;

    sem_init(&empty, 0, BUFFER_SIZE);
    sem_init(&full, 0, 0);
    pthread_mutex_init(&mutex, NULL);

```

```
    pthread_create(&prod, NULL, producer, NULL);  
    pthread_create(&cons, NULL, consumer, NULL);  
    pthread_join(prod, NULL);    pthread_join(cons, NULL);
```

```
    sem_destroy(&empty);  
    sem_destroy(&full);  
    pthread_mutex_destroy(&mutex);
```

```
    return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT :

Produced: 0

Produced: 1

Produced: 2

Produced: 3

Produced: 4

Consumed: 0

Consumed: 1

Consumed: 2

Consumed: 3

Consumed: 4