Project Title: Classification of Arrhythmia by Using Deep Learning with 2-D ECG Spectral Image Representation

Project Design Phase-I - Solution Fit Template Team ID: PNT2022TMID00644 1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) 6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS 5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS Explore Who is your customer? What constraints prevent your customers from taking action or limit their choices of solutions? i.e. spending power, budget, no cash, network connection, available or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pro The algorithms used for arrythmia classification Patients are customers here AS, differentiate Incorporate preprocessing, feature Need of experts. fit into extraction and classifiction. Budget problem. Classification becomes complicated when class overlap and class imbalance problems occur together Focus on J&P, tap into RC 2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS 9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE 7. BEHAVIOUR BE What does your customer do to address the problem and get Which jobs-to-be-done (or problems) do you address for J&P What is the real reason that this problem your customers? There could be more than one; explore exists? What is the back story behind different sides. the need to do this job? i.e. directly related: find the right solar panel installer, calculate usage and The problem here is classification of arrhythmia takes Arrythmia means heart is not beating \mathbf{CH} The problem of arrythmia is directly properly. This can cause anything more time and requires experts. connected to patient. When he/she online channels from #7 It can't be done anytime by form cardiac arrest to death. feels irregular heartbeat or any breathing issues he can address the The point that triggers the customers to issue. use this is that it doesn't require anyone's assistance

i.e. lost, insecure > confident, in control - use it in your communication strategy & design

Before: The patients need to take an appointment with the doctor and wait for long time.

After: It is not required for the patients to wait for long time. If they have their ECG report, the work is almost done.

The ECG signals can capture the heart's rhythmic irregularities, commonly known as arrhythmias. we propose a two-dimensional (2-D) convolutional neural network (CNN) model for the classification of ECG signals into eight classes; namely, normal beat, , paced beat, right bundle branch block beat, left bundle branch block beat, atrial premature contraction beat, ventricular flutter wave beat, and ventricular escape beat.

Patients need to under scan to get images of the heartbeat.

Users need to upload of image of the ECG.