

Assignment-3

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- 1) Let $P = (-1, 0)$, $Q = (0, 0)$ and $R = (3, 3\sqrt{3})$ be three points. The equation of the bisector of the angle PQR is [2007]

a) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x + y = 0$ c) $\sqrt{3}x + y = 0$
 b) $x + \sqrt{3}y = 0$ d) $x + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}y = 0$

- 2) If one of the lines of $my^2 + (1 - m^2)xy - mx^2 = 80$ is a bisector of the angle between the lines $xy = 0$, then m is [2007]

a) 1 b) 2 c) $-\frac{1}{2}$ d) -2

- 3) The perpendicular bisector of the line segment joining $P(1, 4)$ and $Q(k, 3)$ has y -intercept -4. Then a possible value of k is [2008]

a) 1 b) 2 c) -2 d) -4

- 4) The shortest distance between the line $y - x = 1$ and the curve $x = y^2$ is [2009]

a) $\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{8}$ b) $\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{5}$ c) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$ d) $\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{8}$

- 5) The lines $p(p^2 + 1)x - y + q = 0$ and $(p^2 + 1)^2 x + (p^2 + 1)y + 2q = 0$ are perpendicular to a common line for : [2009]

a) exactly one values of p
 b) exactly two values of p
 c) more than two values of p
 d) no value of p

- 6) Three distinct points A , B and C are given in the 2-dimensional coordinates plane such that the ratio of the distance of any one of them from the point $(1, 0)$ to the distance from the point $(-1, 0)$ is equal to $\frac{1}{3}$. Then the circumcentre of the triangle ABC is at the point: [2009]

a) $(\frac{5}{4}, 0)$ b) $(\frac{5}{2}, 0)$ c) $(\frac{5}{3}, 0)$ d) $(0, 0)$

- 7) The line L given by $\frac{x}{5} + \frac{y}{b} = 1$ passes through the point $(13, 32)$. The line K is parallel to the

line L and has the equation $\frac{x}{c} + \frac{y}{3} = 1$. Then the distance between L and K is [2010]

a) $\sqrt{17}$ b) $\frac{17}{\sqrt{15}}$ c) $\frac{23}{\sqrt{17}}$ d) $\frac{23}{\sqrt{15}}$

- 8) Lines $L_1 : y - x = 0$ and $L_2 : 2x + y = 0$ intersect the line $L_3 : y + 2 = 0$ at P and Q , respectively. The bisector of the acute angle between L_1 and L_2 intersects L_3 at R .

STATEMENT-1 : The ratio $PR : RQ$ equals $2\sqrt{2} : \sqrt{5}$.

STATEMENT-2 : In any triangle, bisector of an angle divides the triangle into two similar triangles.

[2011]

- a) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True
 Statement-2 is not a correct explanation for Statement-1

- b) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True;
 Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Statement-1

- c) Statement-I is True, Statement-2 is False

- d) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True.

- 9) If the line $2x + y = k$ passes through the point which divides the line segment joining the points $(1, 1)$ and $(2, 4)$ in the ratio 3:2, then k equals: [2012]

a) $\frac{29}{5}$ b) 5 c) 6 d) $\frac{11}{5}$

- 10) A ray of light along $x + \sqrt{3}y = \sqrt{3}$ gets reflected upon reaching the x -axis, the equation of the reflected ray is [JEE M 2013]

a) $y = x + \sqrt{3}$ c) $y = \sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3}$
 b) $\sqrt{3}y = x - \sqrt{3}$ d) $\sqrt{3}y = x - 1$

- 11) The x -coordinate of the incentre of the triangle that has the coordinates of mid points of its sides as $(0, 1)$, $(1, 1)$ and $(1, 0)$ is:

[JEE M 2013]

a) $2 + \sqrt{2}$ b) $2 - \sqrt{2}$ c) $1 + \sqrt{2}$ d) $1 - \sqrt{2}$

- 12) Let PS be the median of the triangle with vertices $P(2, 2)$, $Q(6, -1)$ and $R(7, 3)$. The equation of the line passing through $(1, -1)$ and parallel to PS is: [JEE M 2014]

a) $4x + 7y + 3 = 0$ c) $4x - 7y - 11 = 0$
b) $2x - 9y - 11 = 0$ d) $2x + 9y + 7 = 0$

- 13) Let a, b, c and d be non-zero numbers. If the point of intersection of the lines $4ax + 2ay + c = 0$ and $5bx + 2by + d = 0$ lies in the fourth quadrant and is equidistant from the two axes then [JEE M 2014]

a) $3bc - 2ad = 0$ c) $2bc - 3ad = 0$
b) $3bc + 2ad = 0$ d) $2bc + 3ad = 0$

- 14) The number of points, having both co-ordinates as integers, that lie in the interior of the triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(0, 41)$ and $(41, 0)$ is: [JEE M 2015]

a) 820 b) 780 c) 901 d) 861

- 15) Two sides of a rhombus are along the lines, $x - y + 1 = 0$ and $7x - y - 5 = 0$. If its diagonals intersect at $(-1, -2)$, then which one of the following is a vertex of this rhombus? [JEE M 2016]

a) $(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{8}{3})$ c) $(-3, -9)$
b) $(-\frac{10}{3}, -\frac{7}{3})$ d) $(-3, -8)$

- 16) A straight line through a fixed point $(2, 3)$ intersects the coordinate axes at distinct points P and Q . If O is the origin and the rectangle $OPRQ$ is completed, then the locus of R is: [JEE M 2018]

a) $2x + 3y = xy$ c) $3x + 2y = 6xy$
b) $3x + 2y = xy$ d) $3x + 2y = 6$

- 17) Consider the set of all lines $px + qy + r = 0$ such that $3p + 2q + 4r = 0$. Which one of the following statements is true? [JEE M 2019- 9 Jan (M)]

a) The lines are concurrent at the point $(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2})$
b) Each line passes through the origin.
c) The lines are all parallel.

d) The lines are not concurrent.

- 18) Slope of a line passing through $P(2, 3)$ and intersecting the line $x + y = 7$ at a distance of 4 units from P , is:

[JEE M 2019- 9 April(M)]

a) $\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{1+\sqrt{5}}$ c) $\frac{\sqrt{7}-1}{\sqrt{7}+1}$
b) $\frac{1-\sqrt{7}}{1+\sqrt{7}}$ d) $\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{\sqrt{5}+1}$