[2007]

[2007]

d) -2

Assignment-3

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I. JEE Main / AIEEE 1) Let ${\bf P}=(-1,0), {\bf Q}=(0,0)$ and ${\bf R}=\left(3,3\,\sqrt{3}\right)$ be three points. The equation of the bisector of the

2) If one of the lines of $my^2 + (1 - m^2)xy - mx^2 = 80$ is a bisector of the angle between the lines xy = 0,

b) 2

c) $-\frac{1}{2}$

c) $\sqrt{3}x + y = 0$ d) $x + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}y = 0$

angle PQR is

a) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x + y = 0$ b) $x + \sqrt{3}y = 0$

a) 1

3) The perpendicular bisector of the line segment joining $P(1,4)$ and $Q(k,3)$ has y-intercept -4. T a possible value of k is						
	a) 1	b) 2	c) -2	d) -4		
4	4) The shortest distance between the line $y - x = 1$ and the curve $x = y^2$ is [200]					
	a) $\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{8}$	b) $\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{5}$	c) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$	d) $\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{8}$		
5)	 5) The lines p(p² + 1)x - y + q = 0 and (p² + 1)² x + (p² + 1)y + 2q = 0 are perpendicular to a common line for: [2009] a) exactly one values of p b) exactly two values of p c) more than two values of p d) no value of p 					
6)	6) Three distinct points A , B and C are given in the 2-dimensional coordinates plane such that the ratio of the distance of any one of them from the point $(1,0)$ to the distance from the point $(-1,0)$ equal to $\frac{1}{3}$. Then the circumcentre of the triangle ABC is at the point: [2009]					
	a) $(\frac{5}{4}, 0)$	b) $(\frac{5}{2}, 0)$	c) $\left(\frac{5}{3},0\right)$	d) (0,0)		
7	7) The line L given by $\frac{x}{5} + \frac{y}{b} = 1$ passes through the point (13, 32). The line K is parallel to the line L and has the equation $\frac{x}{c} + \frac{y}{3} = 1$. Then the distance between L and K is [2010]					
	a) $\sqrt{17}$	b) $\frac{17}{\sqrt{15}}$	c) $\frac{23}{\sqrt{17}}$	d) $\frac{23}{\sqrt{15}}$		
8	 8) Lines L₁: y - x = 0 and L₂: 2x + y = 0 intersect the line L₃: y + 2 = 0 at P and Q, respectively. The bisector of the acute angle between L₁ and L₂ intersects L₃ at R. STATEMENT-1: The ratio PR: RQ equals 2√2: √5. STATEMENT-2: In any triangle, bisector of an angle divides the triangle into two similar triangles. 					

[2011] a) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True Statement-2 is not a correct explanation for Statement-1 b) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Statement-1 c) Statement-I is True, Statement-2 is False d) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True. 9) If the line 2x + y = k passes through the point which divides the line segment joining the points (1, 1)and (2,4) in the ration 3:2, then k equals: [2012] a) $\frac{29}{5}$ d) $\frac{11}{5}$ c) 6 b) 5 10) A ray of light along $x + \sqrt{3}y = \sqrt{3}$ gets reflected upon reaching the x-axis, the equation of the reflected ray is [JEE M 2013] c) $y = \sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3}$ d) $\sqrt{3}y = x - 1$ a) $y = x + \sqrt{3}$ b) $\sqrt{3}y = x - \sqrt{3}$ 11) The x-coordinate of the incentre of the triangle that has the coordinates of mid points of its sides as (0,1), (1,1) and (1,0) is: [JEE M 2013] b) $2 - \sqrt{2}$ c) $1 + \sqrt{2}$ a) $2 + \sqrt{2}$ d) $1 - \sqrt{2}$ 12) Let PS be the median of the triangle with vertices P(2,2), Q(6,-1) and R(7,3). The equation of the line passing through (1, -1) and parallel to PS is: [JEE M 2014] a) 4x + 7y + 3 = 0c) 4x - 7y - 11 = 0d) 2x + 9y + 7 = 0b) 2x - 9y - 11 = 0

13) Let a, b, c and d be non-zero numbers. If the point of intersection of the lines 4ax + 2ay + c = 0 and 5bx + 2by + d = 0 lies in the fourth quadrant and is equidistant from the two axes then 2014]

a)
$$3bc - 2ad = 0$$

c)
$$2bc - 3ad = 0$$

b)
$$3bc + 2ad = 0$$

d)
$$2bc + 3ad = 0$$

14) The number of points, having both co-ordinates as integers, that lie in the interior of the triangle with vertices (0,0), (0,41) and (41,0) is:

[JEE M 2015]

15) Two sides of a rhombus are along the lines, x-y+1=0 and 7x-y-5=0. If its diagonals intersect at (-1, -2), then which one of the following is a vertex of this rhombus?

[JEE M 2016]

a)
$$\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{8}{3}\right)$$

b) $\left(-\frac{10}{3}, -\frac{7}{3}\right)$

c)
$$(-3, -9)$$

d)
$$(-3, -8)$$

16) A straight the through a fixed point (2,3) intersects the coordinate axes at distinct points **P** and **Q**. If O is the origin and the rectangle OPRQ is completed, then the locus of R is:

[JEE M 2018]

a)
$$2x + 3y = xy$$

$$c) 3x + 2y = 6xy$$

$$b) 3x + 2y = xy$$

d)
$$3x + 2y = 6$$

17) Consider the set of all lines px + qy + r = 0 such that 3p + 2q + 4r = 0. Which one of the following statements is true?

[JEE M 2019- 9 Jan (M)]

- a) The lines are concurrent at the point $(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2})$ b) Each line passes through the origin.
- c) The lines are all parallel.
- d) The lines are not concurrent.
- 18) Slope of a line passing through P(2,3) and intersecting the line x + y = 7 at a distance of 4 units from **P**, is:

[JEE M 2019- 9 April(M)]

a)
$$\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{1+\sqrt{5}}$$

c)
$$\frac{\sqrt{7}-1}{\sqrt{7}+1}$$

b)
$$\frac{1-\sqrt{7}}{1+\sqrt{7}}$$

d)
$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{5}-1}{\sqrt{5}+1}$$