## python-operators

## March 14, 2025

## 1 Operators

```
[5]: 3
 [5]: 3
 [7]: "Naresh"
 [7]: 'Naresh'
[9]: 1+2
[9]: 3
[11]: 2-1
[11]: 1
[14]: 4/2
[14]: 2.0
[16]: 6/2
[16]: 3.0
[18]: 7/2
[18]: 3.5
[20]: 7//2
[20]: 3
[22]: 3%2
[22]: 1
```

```
[26]: 3**2
[26]: 9
[28]: 3**2
[28]: 9
[30]: 3.14
[30]: 3.14
[32]: 1+1j
[32]: (1+1j)
[34]: (1+1j)*(1-1j)
[34]: (2+0j)
[36]: a=3
      b=2
[81]: a=3
      b=2
      total=a+b
      diff=a-b
      product=a*b
      division=a/b
      remainder=a%b
      floor_div=a//b
      expo=a**b
[89]: print(total)
      print("a+b = ",total)
      print("Diff = ",diff)
      print("Product = ",product)
      print("Division = ",division)
      print("Remainder = ",remainder)
      print("Floor Divsision = ",floor_div)
      print("Exponential = ",expo)
     5
     a+b = 5
     Diff = 1
     Product = 6
     Division = 1.5
```

```
Remainder = 1
      Floor Divsision = 1
      Exponential = 9
[93]: num_one = 3
      num_two = 4
      total = num_one + num_two
      diff = num_two - num_one
      product = num_one * num_two
      div = num_two / num_two
      remainder = num_two % num_one
[95]: print('difference: ', diff)
      print('product: ', product)
      print('division: ', div)
      print('remainder: ', remainder)
      difference: 1
      product: 12
      division: 1.0
      remainder: 1
[97]: r = 10
                                              # radius of a circle
      area_circle=3.14*r** 2
                                      # two * sign means exponent or power
      print('Area of a circle:', area_circle)
      Area of a circle: 314.0
[99]: length = 10
      width = 20
      area_of_rectangle = length * width
      print('Area of rectangle:', area_of_rectangle)
      Area of rectangle: 200
[101]: mass = 75
      gravity = 9.81
      weight = mass * gravity
      print(weight, 'N')
      735.75 N
[105]: print(3 > 2) # True, because 3 is greater than 2
      True
[107]: print(3 \ge 2) # True, because 3 is greater than 2
```

True

```
[109]: print(3 < 2) # False, because 3 is greater than 2
      False
[111]: print(2 < 3)  # True, because 2 is less than 3
      True
[113]: print(2 \le 3) # True, because 2 is less than 3
      True
[115]: print(3 == 2)  # False, because 3 is not equal to 2
      False
[117]: print(3 != 2) # True, because 3 is not equal to 2
      True
[119]: print(len('mango') == len('avocado')) # False
      False
[121]: print(len('mango') != len('avocado')) # True
      True
[123]: print(len('mango') < len('avocado')) # True</pre>
      True
[125]: print(len('milk') != len('meat'))
                                             # False
      False
[127]: print(len('milk') == len('meat'))
                                             # True
      True
[129]: print(len('tomato') == len('potato')) # True
      True
[131]: print(len('python') > len('dragon')) # False
      False
[133]: print('True == True: ', True == True)
```

```
True == True: True
[135]: print('True == False: ', True == False)
      True == False: False
[137]: print('False == False:', False == False)
      False == False: True
[139]: print('True and True: ', True and True)
      True and True: True
[141]: print('True or False:', True or False)
      True or False: True
[147]: print(1 is 1) # True - because the data values are the same
      True
      <>:1: SyntaxWarning: "is" with 'int' literal. Did you mean "=="?
      <>:1: SyntaxWarning: "is" with 'int' literal. Did you mean "=="?
      C:\Users\Dhanwantari Devre\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_13604\3296757644.py:1:
      SyntaxWarning: "is" with 'int' literal. Did you mean "=="?
        print(1 is 1) # True - because the data values are the same
[190]: print('1' is not '2')
      True
      <>:1: SyntaxWarning: "is not" with 'str' literal. Did you mean "!="?
      <>:1: SyntaxWarning: "is not" with 'str' literal. Did you mean "!="?
      C:\Users\Dhanwantari Devre\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_13604\1549941953.py:1:
      SyntaxWarning: "is not" with 'str' literal. Did you mean "!="?
        print('1' is not '2')
[151]: print('A in Asabeneh', 'A' in 'Asabeneh') # True - A found in the string
       print('B in Asabeneh', 'B' in 'Asabeneh') # False -there is no uppercase B
       print('coding' in 'coding for all') # True - because coding for all has the
       ⇔word coding
       print('a in an:', 'a' in 'an')
       print('4 is 2 ** 2:', 4 is 2 ** 2)
      A in Asabeneh True
      B in Asabeneh False
      True
      a in an: True
      4 is 2 ** 2: True
```

```
<>:5: SyntaxWarning: "is" with 'int' literal. Did you mean "=="?
      <>:5: SyntaxWarning: "is" with 'int' literal. Did you mean "=="?
      C:\Users\Dhanwantari Devre\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_13604\1604371332.py:5:
      SyntaxWarning: "is" with 'int' literal. Did you mean "=="?
        print('4 is 2 ** 2:', 4 is 2 ** 2)
[153]: print(3 > 2 \text{ and } 4 > 3) # True - because both statements are true
      True
[155]: print(3 > 2 and 4 < 3) # False - because the second statement is false
      False
[157]: print(3 < 2 \text{ and } 4 < 3) # False - because both statements are false
      False
[159]: print(3 > 2 or 4 > 3) # True - because both statements are true
      True
[169]: print(3 > 2 or 4 < 3)
      True
[167]: print(3 < 2 or 4 < 3)
      False
[165]: print(not 3 > 2)
      False
[171]: print(not True)
      False
[173]: print(not False)
      True
[177]: print(not not True)
      True
[179]: print(not not False)
      False
```

[]:[