

Ex. No. : 7.1 Date: 27.05.24

Register No.: 231401023 Name: DHARAN S

Binary String

Coders here is a simple task for you, Given string str. Your task is to check whether it is a binary string or not by using python set.

Examples:

Input: str = "01010101010"

Output: Yes

Input: str = "REC101"

Output: No

Input	Result
01010101010	Yes
010101 10101	No

```
PROGRAM:
str1=set(input())
if not(str1-{'0','1'}):
  print("Yes")
else:
  print("No")
```

Input	Expected	Got	
01010101010	Yes	Yes	
REC123	No	No	
010101 10101	No	No	

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Check Pair

Given a tuple and a positive integer k, the task is to find the count of distinct pairs in the tuple whose sum is equal to K.

Examples:

Input: t = (5, 6, 5, 7, 7, 8), K = 13

Output: 2 Explanation:

Pairs with sum K(=13) are $\{(5, 8), (6, 7), (6, 7)\}.$

Therefore, distinct pairs with sum K(=13) are $\{(5, 8), (6, 7)\}$.

Therefore, the required output is 2.

Input	Result
1,2,1,2,5	1
1,2	0

```
PROGRAM:
```

```
def find_pairs_with_sum(numbers, target_sum):
  numbers_list = list(numbers)
  pairs = set()
  visited = set()
  for number in numbers_list:
    complement = target_sum - number
    if complement in visited:
       pair = tuple(sorted((number, complement)))
       pairs.add(pair)
    visited.add(number)
  return pairs
numbers_input = input("")
target_sum = int(input(""))
numbers = tuple(map(int, numbers_input.split(',')))
pairs = find_pairs_with_sum(numbers, target_sum)
print(f"{len(pairs)}")
```

Input	Expected	Got		
	5,6,5,7,7,8 13	2	2	
	1,2,1,2,5	1	1	
	1,2	0	0	

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DNA Sequence

The **DNA sequence** is composed of a series of nucleotides abbreviated as 'A', 'C', 'G', and 'T'.

For example, "ACGAATTCCG" is a **DNA sequence**.

When studying **DNA**, it is useful to identify repeated sequences within the DNA.

Given a string s that represents a **DNA sequence**, return all the **10-letter-long** sequences (substrings) that occur more than once in a DNA molecule. You may return the answer in **any order**.

Example 1:

Input: s = "AAAAACCCCCAAAAACCCCCCAAAAAGGGTTT"

Output: ["AAAAACCCCC","CCCCCAAAAA"]

Example 2:

Input: s = "AAAAAAAAAAA"
Output: ["AAAAAAAAA"]

Input	Result
AAAAACCCCCAAAAACCCCCCAAAAAGGGTTT	AAAAACCCCC CCCCAAAAA

```
PROGRAM:
a=input()
b=[]
for i in range(0,len(a),10):
    b.append(a[i:i+10])
print(b[0])
for i in range(len(b)-1):
    if(b[i]==b[i+1]):
    print(b[i+1][::-1])
```

	Input	Expected	Got
1	AAAAACCCCCAAAAACCCCCCAAAAAGGGTTT	AAAAACCCCC CCCCCAAAAA	AAAAACCCCC CCCCCAAAAA
A	АААААААААА	АААААААА	АААААААА

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Print repeated no

Given an array of integers nums containing n + 1 integers where each integer is in the range [1, n] inclusive. There is only **one repeated number** in nums, return this repeated number. Solve the problem using \underline{set} .

Example 1:

Input: nums = [1,3,4,2,2]

Output: 2

Example 2:

Input: nums = [3,1,3,4,2]

Output: 3

Input	Result
1 3 4 4 2	4

PROGRAM:

```
a=list(input().split(" "))
a=[int(x) for x in a]
for i in a:
   if a.count(i)>1:
      print(i)
      break
```

Input	Expected	Got	
1 3 4 4 2	4	4	
1 2 2 3 4 5 6 7	2	2	

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Malfunctioning Keyboard

There is a malfunctioning keyboard where some letter keys do not work. All other keys on the keyboard work properly.

Given a string text of words separated by a single space (no leading or trailing spaces) and a string brokenLetters of all distinct letter keys that are broken, return the number of words in text you can fully type using this keyboard.

Example 1:

Input: text = "hello world", brokenLetters = "ad"

Output:

1

Explanation: We cannot type "world" because the 'd' key is broken.

Input	Result
hello world ad	1

```
PROGRAM:
str1=input().split()
str2=input()
count=0
for word in str1:
  word=word.lower()
  present=0
  for i in str2:
    if i in word:
       present=1
       break
  if(present==0):
       count+=1
print(count)
```

Input	Expected	Got	
hello world ad	1	1	
Welcome to REC e	1	1	
Faculty Upskilling in Python Programming ak	2	2	