Project Design Phase-II

Solution Requirements (Functional & Non-functional)

Date	13October 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID06749
Project Name	Project – News Tracker Application
Maximum Marks	4 Marks

Functional Requirements:

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through online applicationRegistration
		through Gmail
		Registration through website
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email
		Confirmation via OTP
FR-3	User login	Login through browser directly by entering
		username and password
		Login through
		Login through email
FR-4	User interaction	Done through user interface between client and server
		View the related news by subscripted or requested
		page

Non-functional Requirements:

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	End users can receive push updates for
		new content on a site by subscribing tothe site's
		news feed
NFR-2	Security	How well are the system and its data protected
		against attacks
NFR-3	Reliability	How often does the system experience critical
		failures? How much time does it take to fix the issue
		when it arises? And how is user availability time
		compared to
		downtime?
NFR-4	Performance	Performance is the core non-functional
		requirements no system can do without. Itdefines
		how fast a software system or a particular piece of
		it responds to certain users' actions under a
		certain workload. Inmost cases, this metric
		explains how longa user must wait before the
		target operation happens (the page renders, a
		transaction is processed, etc.) given the overall
		number of users at the moment.
		But it's not always like that. Performance
		requirements may describe background processes
		invisible to users, example: backup. But let's focus on
		user-centric performance.

NFR-5	Availability	Availability describes how likely the system is
		accessible to a user at a given point in time. While
		it can be expressed as an expected percentage of
		successful requests, you may also define it as a
		percentage of time the system is accessible for
		operation during some timeperiod. For instance,
		the system may be available 98 percent of the time
		during a month. Availability is perhaps the
		most business-critical requirement, but to
		define it, you also must have estimationsfor
		reliability and maintainability.
NFR-6	Scalability	Scalability assesses the highest workloadsunder
		which the system will still meet theperformance
		requirements. There are two ways to enable your
		system scale as the workloads get higher: horizontal
		and vertical scaling.