

## **PES UNIVERSITY**

100-ft Ring Road, BSK III Stage, Bangalore – 560 085 Department of Computer Science & Engineering Session: AUG-DEC 2025

**UE24MA242A**: Mathematics for Computer Science Engineers

## **Classwork Problems**

#	UNIT_1 Questions	Exercise Number
1.	The article "Wind-Uplift Capacity of Residential Wood Roof-Sheathing Panels Retrofitted with Insulating Foam Adhesive" (P. Datin, D. Prevatt, and W. Pang, <i>Journal of Architectural Engineering</i> , 2011:144–154) presents tests in which air pressure was applied to roof-sheathing panels until failure. The pressure at failure for each panel was recorded, along with the type of sheathing, sheathing thickness, and wood species. The following table presents the results of four tests.	Example 1.8
	Sheathing Type Failure Pressure (kPa) Thickness (mm) Wood Species	
	5-ply plywood2.6311.9Douglas FirOriented strand board3.6915.1Spruce-Pine-FirCox plywood5.2612.7Southern Yellow Pine4-ply plywood5.0315.9Douglas Fir	
	Which data are numerical and which are categorical?	
2.	Each of the following processes involves sampling from a population. Define the population, and state whether it is tangible or conceptual.  a. A chemical process is run 15 times, and the yield is measured each time. b. A pollster samples 1000 registered voters in a certain state and asks them which candidate they support for governor. c. In a clinical trial to test a new drug that is designed to lower cholesterol, 100 people with high cholesterol levels are recruited to try the new drug. d. Eight concrete specimens are constructed from a new formulation, and the compressive strength of each is measured. e. Quality engineers need to estimate the percentage of bolts manufactured on a certain day that meet a strength specification. At 3:00 in the afternoon they sample the last 100 bolts to be manufactured.	Exercise 1.1
3.	A medical researcher wants to determine whether exercising can lower blood pressure. She recruits 100 people with high blood pressure to participate in the study. She assigns a random sample of 50 of them to pursue an exercise program that includes daily swimming and jogging. She assigns the other 50 to refrain from vigorous activity. She measures the blood pressure of each of the 100 individuals both before and after the study.  a. Is this a controlled experiment or an observational study?	Exercise 1.1

4.	In the article "Evaluation of Low-Temperature Properties of HMA Mixtures" (P.	Example
	Sebaaly, A. Lake, and J. Epps, Journal of Transportation Engineering, 2002: 578–	1.12
	583), the following values of fracture stress (in megapascals) were measured for	
	a sample of 24 mixtures of hot-mixed asphalt (HMA).	
	30 75 79 80 80 105 126 138 149 179 179 191	
	223 232 232 236 240 242 245 247 254 274 384 470 a. Compute the mean, median, and the 5%, 10%, and 20% trimmed means	
	b. Find the mode and range	
	c. Find the first and third quartiles of the asphalt data	
	d. Find the 65th percentile of the asphalt data	
5.	In a sample of 20 men, the mean height was 178 cm. In a sample of 30 women,	Exercise 1.2
3.	the mean height was 164 cm. What was the mean height for both groups put together?	Excluse 1.2
6.	Why can't the average of nominal data be computed?	Data types
	The state of the s	J F
7.	Is it possible to sort ordinal data meaningfully but not perform arithmetic operations on it? Why or why not?	Data types
8.	Why is temperature in Celsius considered interval data and not ratio data?	Data types
9.	You are asked to analyze customer satisfaction scores on a 5-point scale (1 to 5). Can you treat these scores as interval data? Justify.	Data types
	Can you treat these secres as meet var ada. Vastily.	
10.	A student records eye color and test scores. Which is qualitative and which is quantitative data? How does this affect analysis?	Data types
11.	A piston is placed inside a cylinder. The clearance is the distance between the	Example
	edge of the piston and the wall of the cylinder and is equal to one-half the	2.50
	difference between the cylinder diameter and the piston diameter. Assume the	
	piston diameter has a mean of 80.85 cm with a standard deviation of 0.02 cm.  Assume the cylinder diameter has a mean of 80.95 cm with a standard deviation	
	of 0.03 cm. Find the mean clearance. Assuming that the piston and cylinder are	
	chosen independently, find the standard deviation of the clearance.	
12.	If X and Y are independent random variables with means $\mu X = 9.5$ and $\mu Y = 6.8$	Execrcise
12.	, and standard deviations $\sigma X = 0.4$ and $\sigma Y = 0.1$ , find the means and standard	2.5
	deviations of the following:	
	a. 3X	
	b. Y – X	
12	c. X + 4Y	Execrcise
13.	A laminated item is composed of five layers. The layers are a simple random sample from a population whose thickness has mean 1.2 mm and standard	2.5
	deviation 0.04 mm.	2.5
	a. Find the mean thickness of an item.	
	b. Find the standard deviation of the thickness of an item.	
14.	Suppose that we extract an individual at random from a population	Chebyshev'
	whose members have an average income of \$40,000, with a standard deviation of \$20,000. What is the probability of extracting an individual	s inequality
	whose income is either less than \$10,000 or greater than \$70,000?	
		1

15.	Suppose the average nur with a standard deviation number of requests will	of 10. What is th	e minim					Chebyshev' s inequality
16.	A program has an expect deviation of 2 seconds. Uthe program will take longer	ed execution time Using Chebyshev's	of 10 se inequal	ity, what			ty that	Chebyshev' s inequality
17.	As part of a quality-cont weights (in ounces) of 20 sorted from smallest to learn	) bars of soap are						Exercise 4.10
	11.6 12.6 12.7	12.8 13.1	13.3	13.6	13.7	13.8	14.1	
	14.3 14.3 14.6	14.8 15.1	15.2	15.6	15.6	15.7	15.8	
	Construct a normal probation an approximately n	ormal distribution	?					
18.	Bottles filled by a certain the fill volume is random a. What is the probability bottles is less than 12 oz b. If the population mean probability that the mean	with mean 12.01 that the mean vo?  fill volume is income.	oz and s lume of creased to	standard a randon o 12.03 o	deviation sample oz, what	on 0.2 oz e of 144 is the		Exercise 4.11
19.	A 500-page book contain manufacture the book ha a. What is the probability thick (not including the of b. What is the 10th perce c. Someone wants to knot than 0.1 mm thick. Is end so, compute the probabil	ns 250 sheets of pass mean 0.08 mm as that a randomly evovers)? In the probability ough information as	nper. The and stand chosen b knesses? that a rai	e thickned lard devi ook is me ndomly compute	ess of the lation 0. hore that chosen p	e paper t 01 mm. n 20.2 m	m nore	Exercise 4.11
20.	A commuter encounters represent the number of <i>X</i> is as follows.	four traffic lights	each day	on the v	•			Exercise 4.11
	x 0	1 2	3 4	1				
	P(X = x) 0.1 What is the probability the lights encountered is mo	nat in a period of 1 re than 2 per day?	100 days	, the ave				
21.	The time taken by an aut with mean 29.5 minutes and s a. What is the probability b. What is the probability 40 hours?	omobile mechanic tandard deviation that 50 oil chang	to comp 3 minutes ses take r	es. nore that	n 1500 r	ninutes?		Exercise 4.11
22.	There are 100 men on a with Xi's being i.i.d., E[X weight exceeds 18,000 p	Ki]=μ=170, and σΣ						CLT
23.	Generating Poisson Vari Random Numbers: 0.25, Goal: Generate 3 Poisson	ates 0.70, 0.15, 0.90, 0						Random variate generation

24.		Random
	Generating Poisson Variates	variate
		generation
	Random Numbers: 0.81, 0.73, 0.55, 0.21, 0.98	generation
	How many Poisson Variates can be generated? List them. ( $\lambda = 0.7$ )	