Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: DHARINI BALA MURUGAN .
Email: 241501044@rajalakshmi.edu.in
Roll no: 241501044
Phone: 8754111345
Branch: REC
Department: I AI & ML FA
Batch: 2028
Degree: B.E - AI & ML

Scan to verify results

NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 2_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 20
Marks Obtained : 4

Section 1 : MCQ

1. Which of the following information is stored in a doubly-linked list's nodes?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status : Correct ***Marks : 1/1***

2. Consider the provided pseudo code. How can you initialize an empty two-way linked list?

Define Structure Node
    data: Integer
    prev: Pointer to Node
    next: Pointer to Node

End Define

Define Structure TwoWayLinkedList
    head: Pointer to Node
    tail: Pointer to Node
End Define

Answer

struct TwoWayLinkedList list = {NULL, NULL};

Status : Wrong ***Marks : 0/1***

3. What will be the output of the following program?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {
    int data;
    struct Node* next;
    struct Node* prev;
};

int main() {
    struct Node* head = NULL;
    struct Node* tail = NULL;
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
        struct Node* temp = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
        temp->data = i + 1;
        temp->prev = tail;
        temp->next = NULL;
        if (tail != NULL) {
            tail->next = temp;
        } else {
            head = temp;
        }
        tail = temp;
    }
    struct Node* current = head;
```

```
    while (current != NULL) {
        printf("%d ", current->data);
        current = current->next;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Answer

1 2 3 4 5

Status : Correct ***Marks : 1/1***

4. What happens if we insert a node at the beginning of a doubly linked list?

Answer

The previous pointer of the new node is NULL

Status : Correct ***Marks : 1/1***

5. Which pointer helps in traversing a doubly linked list in reverse order?

Answer

prev

Status : Correct ***Marks : 1/1***

6. Where Fwd and Bwd represent forward and backward links to the adjacent elements of the list. Which of the following segments of code deletes the node pointed to by X from the doubly linked list, if it is assumed that X points to neither the first nor the last node of the list?

A doubly linked list is declared as

```
struct Node {
    int Value;
    struct Node *Fwd;
    struct Node *Bwd;
```

);

Answer

X->Bwd.Fwd = X->Fwd ; X.Fwd->Bwd = X->Bwd;

Status : Wrong ***Marks : 0/1***

7. Which code snippet correctly deletes a node with a given value from a doubly linked list?

```
void deleteNode(Node** head_ref, Node* del_node) {
   if (*head_ref == NULL || del_node == NULL) {
      return;
   }
   if (*head_ref == del_node) {
      *head_ref = del_node->next;
   }
   if (del_node->next != NULL) {
      del_node->next->prev = del_node->prev;
   }
   if (del_node->prev != NULL) {
      del_node->prev->next = del_node->next;
   }
   free(del_node);
}
```

Answer

Status : Skipped ***Marks : 0/1***

8. How do you delete a node from the middle of a doubly linked list?

Answer

-

Status : - ***Marks : 0/1***

9. What is the correct way to add a node at the beginning of a doubly

linked list?

Answer

-

Status : *-* ***Marks : 0/1***

10. How do you reverse a doubly linked list?

Answer

-

Status : *-* ***Marks : 0/1***

11. Which of the following is false about a doubly linked list?

Answer

-

Status : *-* ***Marks : 0/1***

12. Which of the following statements correctly creates a new node for a doubly linked list?

Answer

-

Status : *-* ***Marks : 0/1***

13. What does the following code snippet do?

```
struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
newNode->data = value;
newNode->next = NULL;
newNode->prev = NULL;
```

Answer

-

Status : - *Marks : 0/1*

14. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {
    int data;
    struct Node* next;
    struct Node* prev;
};

int main() {
    struct Node* head = NULL;
    struct Node* temp = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
    temp->data = 2;
    temp->next = NULL;
    temp->prev = NULL;
    head = temp;
    printf("%d\n", head->data);
    free(temp);
    return 0;
}
```

Answer

-

Status : - *Marks : 0/1*

15. How many pointers does a node in a doubly linked list have?

Answer

-

Status : - *Marks : 0/1*

16. Which of the following is true about the last node in a doubly linked list?

Answer

-

Status : - ***Marks : 0/1***

17. What is the main advantage of a two-way linked list over a one-way linked list?

Answer

-

Status : - ***Marks : 0/1***

18. Consider the following function that refers to the head of a Doubly Linked List as the parameter. Assume that a node of a doubly linked list has the previous pointer as prev and the next pointer as next.

Assume that the reference of the head of the following doubly linked list is passed to the below function 1 <--> 2 <--> 3 <--> 4 <--> 5 <-->6. What should be the modified linked list after the function call?

```
Procedure fun(head_ref: Pointer to Pointer of node)
   temp = NULL
   current = *head_ref

   While current is not NULL
      temp = current->prev
      current->prev = current->next
      current->next = temp
      current = current->prev
   End While

   If temp is not NULL
      *head_ref = temp->prev
   End If
```

End Procedure

Answer

-

Status : *-* ***Marks : 0/1***

19. What is a memory-efficient double-linked list?

Answer

-

Status : *-* ***Marks : 0/1***

20. What will be the effect of setting the prev pointer of a node to NULL in a doubly linked list?

Answer

-

Status : *-* ***Marks : 0/1***