

Discrete Structures and Theory of Logic

Lecture-31

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July 29, 2020

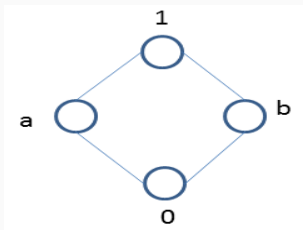
Note: Given a Boolean expression $\alpha(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ and a Boolean algebra $\langle B, \wedge, \vee, ', 0, 1 \rangle$, we can obtain the values of the Boolean expression for every n-tuple of B^n . Let us now consider a function $f_{\alpha, B} : B^n \rightarrow B$ such that for any n-tuple $\langle a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n \rangle \in B^n$, the value of $f_{\alpha, B}$ is equal to the value of the Boolean expression $\alpha(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$, that is,

$$f_{\alpha, B}(a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n) = \alpha(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$$

for all $(a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n) \in B^n$. We shall call $f_{\alpha, B}$ the function associated with the Boolean expression $\alpha(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$.

Boolean Algebra

Example: Find the value of the function $f_{\alpha,B} : B^3 \rightarrow B$ for $x_1 = a$, $x_2 = 1$, and $x_3 = b$, where $a, b, 1$ are the elements of the Boolean algebra is shown in the following figure:-



and $\alpha(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ is the expression whose binary valuation is given in the following table:-

Boolean Algebra

x_1	x_2	x_3	$\alpha(x_1, x_2, x_3)$
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	0

Solution: From the table,

$$f_{\alpha,B}(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (x'_1 \wedge x'_2 \wedge x'_3) \vee (x'_1 \wedge x_2 \wedge x'_3) \vee (x'_1 \wedge x_2 \wedge x_3) \\ \vee (x_1 \wedge x'_2 \wedge x_3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha(a, 1, b) &= (a' \wedge 1' \wedge b') \vee (a' \wedge 1 \wedge b') \vee (a' \wedge 1 \wedge b) \vee (a \wedge 1' \wedge b) \\ &= (b \wedge 0 \wedge a) \vee (b \wedge 1 \wedge a) \vee (b \wedge 1 \wedge b) \vee (a \wedge 0 \wedge b) \\ &= 0 \vee (b \wedge a) \vee b \vee 0 \\ &= (b \wedge a) \vee b \\ &= 0 \vee b \\ &= b \end{aligned}$$

Boolean function

Let $\langle B, \wedge, \vee, ', 0, 1 \rangle$ be a Boolean algebra. A function $f: B^n \rightarrow B$ which is associated with a Boolean expression in n -variables is called a Boolean function.

Note: For a two elements Boolean algebra, the number of functions from B^n to B is 2^{2^n} . Here, every function from B^n to B is a Boolean function.

Symmetric Boolean expression

A Boolean expression in n variables is called symmetric if interchanging any two variables results in an equivalent expression.

Example: Following expressions are symmetric.

(a) $(x_1 \wedge x_2') \vee (x_1' \wedge x_2)$

(b) $(x_1 \wedge x_2 \wedge x_3') \vee (x_1 \wedge x_2' \wedge x_3) \vee (x_1' \wedge x_2 \wedge x_3)$

Exercise

1. Find the canonical sum of product form of the following Boolean expressions:-

1.1 $x_1 \vee x_2$

1.2 $x_1 \vee (x_2 \wedge x_3')$

1.3 $(x_1 \vee x_2)' \vee (x_1' \wedge x_3)$

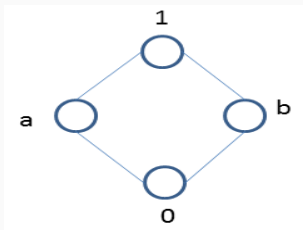
2. Show that

2.1 $(a \wedge (b' \vee c))' \wedge (b' \vee (a \wedge c'))' = (a \wedge b \wedge c')$

2.2 $a' \wedge ((b' \vee c)' \vee (b \wedge c)) \vee ((a \vee b')' \wedge c) = a' \wedge b$

Exercise

3. Given an expression $\alpha(x_1, x_2, x_3)$ defined to be $\sum 0,3,5,7$, determine the value of $\alpha(a, b, 1)$, where $a, b, 1 \in B$ and $\langle B, \wedge, \vee, ', 0, 1 \rangle$ is the following Boolean algebra.



Exercise

4. Obtain simplified Boolean expressions which are equivalent to these expressions:-

(a) $m_0 + m_7$

(b) $m_0 + m_1 + m_2 + m_3$

(c) $m_5 + m_7 + m_9 + m_{11} + m_{13}$

Where m_j are the minterms in the variables x_1, x_2, x_3 , and x_4 .

Minimization of Boolean function or expression

We shall minimize the Boolean function or expression using Karnaugh map.

Example: Minimize the following function using K-map.

$$f(a,b,c) = \Sigma(0, 1, 4, 6)$$

Solution:

		bc			
		00	01	11	10
a	0	1	1		
	1	1			1

K-map

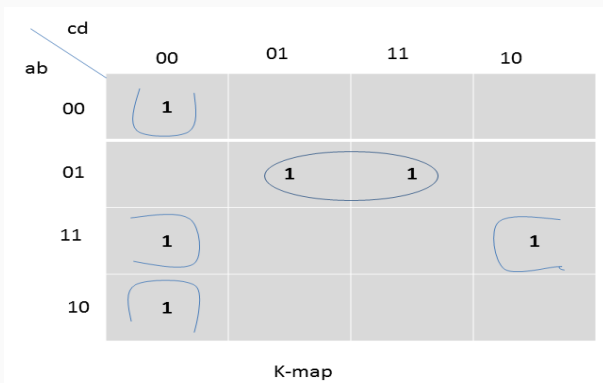
The minimized function will be, $f(a,b,c) = (a' \wedge b') \vee (a \wedge c')$.

Boolean Algebra

Example: Minimize the following function using K-map.

$$f(a,b,c,d) = \Sigma(0, 5, 7, 8, 12, 14)$$

Solution:



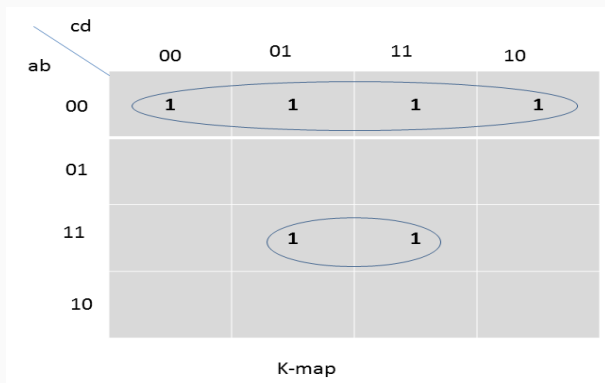
The minimized function will be, $f(a,b,c,d) = (a' \wedge b \wedge d') \vee (b' \wedge c' \wedge d') \vee (a \wedge b \wedge d')$.

Boolean Algebra

Example: Minimize the following function using K-map.

$$f(a,b,c,d) = \Sigma(0, 1, 2, 3, 13, 15)$$

Solution:



The minimized function will be, $f(a,b,c,d) = (a' \wedge b') \vee (a \wedge b \wedge d)$.