# Theory of Automata and Formal Language Lecture-12

Dharmendra Kumar (Associate Professor) Department of Computer Science and Engineering United College of Engineering and Research, Prayagraj April 21, 2021

#### Minimization of Finite Automata

#### **Equivalent states**

Two states  $q_1$  and  $q_2$  are said to be equivalent if both  $\hat{\delta}(q_1, x)$  and  $\hat{\delta}(q_2, x)$  are final states or both of them are non-final states for all  $x \in \Sigma^*$ .

#### K-equivalent states

Two states  $q_1$  and  $q_2$  are said to be k-equivalent if both  $\hat{\delta}(q_1,x)$  and  $\hat{\delta}(q_2,x)$  are final states or both of them are non-final states for all  $x \in \Sigma^*$  and  $|x| \le k$ .

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#### **Construction of Minimum Automata**

**Step 1:** First we find a set  $\Pi_0$  that consists of two sets. First is the set of final states and second is the set of non-final states. That is,

$$\Pi_0 = \{ F, Q-F \}$$

 $\Pi_k \to \mathsf{Set}$  of k-equivalence classes

 $\mathsf{Q} \to \mathsf{Set} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{states}$ 

 $\mathsf{F} \to \mathsf{Set}$  of final states

## Step 2 (Construction of $\Pi_{k+1}$ from $\Pi_k$ ):

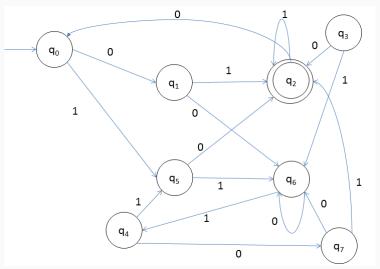
- 1. Put all the equivalence classes or sets of  $\Pi_k$  into  $\Pi_{k+1}$  as it as if it consists of single states.
- 2. Let S be a set belong into  $\Pi_k$ . Let  $q_i$  and  $q_j$  are the two states belong into S.
- 3. Compute states  $q_i$  and  $q_j$  (k+1)-equivalent or not.
- 4. If they are (k+1)-equivalent then put these two states in the same set of  $\Pi_{k+1}$ , otherwise both states belong into different sets in  $\Pi_{k+1}$ .
- 5. Similarly, we check all pairs of states in S. And put the states either in same set or in different set in  $\Pi_{k+1}$ .
- 6. Similarly, we apply above procedure for all the sets belong into  $\Pi_k$ .

**Step 3:** Construct  $\Pi_n$  for  $n=1,2,3,4,\ldots$ , until  $\Pi_n=\Pi_{n+1}$ .

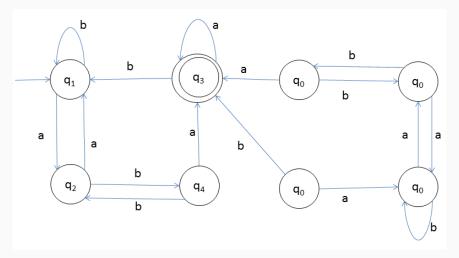
**Step 4:** For the required minimum state automata, the states are the equivalence classes obtained in step 3 i.e. the elements of  $\Pi_n$ . The state table is obtained by replacing a state q by the corresponding equivalence class [q].

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**Example:** Construct a minimum state automata equivalent to the following finite automata:



**Example:** Minimize the following automata:-



**Example:** Minimize the following automata:-

δ	а	b
$\rightarrow q_0$	$q_1$	$q_2$
$q_1$	$q_4$	$q_3$
$q_2$	$q_4$	$q_3$
q <sub>3</sub>	<b>q</b> <sub>5</sub>	$q_6$
q <sub>4</sub>	q <sub>7</sub>	$q_6$
<b>q</b> <sub>5</sub>	$q_3$	$q_6$
$q_6$	$q_6$	$q_6$
q <sub>7</sub>	$q_4$	$q_6$