



[DOCUMENT TITLE]

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Info to be deleted by you afterwards:

There are four parts to this Assignment. Please update the cover page and table of contents as you see fit. Include screenshots of the outcome of your queries.

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Task1 – MySQL Part 1:

Read from PPT for this task first.

(Done)

Task 2 – My SQL Part 2:

Read from PPT for this task first.

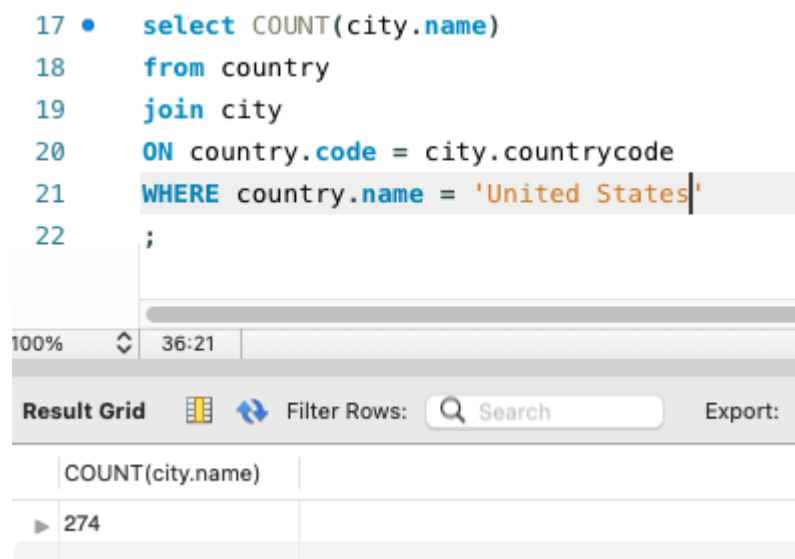
DONE

Tasks

1. **Count Cities in USA:** *Scenario:* You've been tasked with conducting a demographic analysis of cities in the United States. Your first step is to determine the total number of cities within the country to provide a baseline for further analysis.

**REPEATED*

```
17 • select COUNT(city.name)
18   from country
19   join city
20   ON country.code = city.countrycode
21   WHERE country.name = 'United States'
22   ;
```



The screenshot shows a SQL IDE interface. The top part displays a SQL query with line numbers 17 to 22. The query is: `select COUNT(city.name) from country join city ON country.code = city.countrycode WHERE country.name = 'United States' ;`. Below the query editor, there is a status bar showing '100%' zoom, a refresh icon, and a timer '36:21'. Below that is a toolbar with 'Result Grid', a grid icon, a filter icon, 'Filter Rows:', a search input field with 'Search' text, and an 'Export:' button. The bottom part of the screenshot shows the 'Result Grid' table with one column 'COUNT(city.name)' and one row with the value '274'.

COUNT(city.name)
274

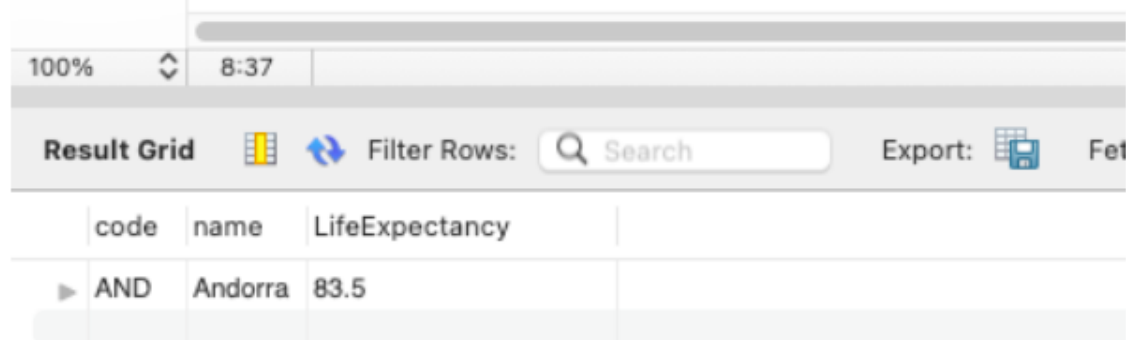
2. **Country with Highest Life Expectancy:** *Scenario:* As part of a global health initiative, you've been assigned to identify the country with the highest life expectancy. This information will be crucial for prioritizing healthcare resources and interventions.

**REPEATED*

Page 13 Task 3

Which country has highest life expectancy?

```
32  -- Task 3
33  -- Which country has highest life expectancy?
34  • select code, name, LifeExpectancy
35  from country
36  ORDER BY LifeExpectancy DESC
37  Limit 1;
38
```



The screenshot shows a database query interface. At the top, the SQL query is displayed in a text editor with line numbers 32 to 38. The query is: `-- Task 3`, `-- Which country has highest life expectancy?`, `select code, name, LifeExpectancy`, `from country`, `ORDER BY LifeExpectancy DESC`, `Limit 1;`. Below the query editor, there is a toolbar with options like 'Result Grid', 'Filter Rows', and 'Export'. The 'Result Grid' is selected, and it displays a table with the following data:

	code	name	LifeExpectancy
▶	AND	Andorra	83.5


3. **"New Year Promotion: Featuring Cities with 'New' :** *Scenario:* In anticipation of the upcoming New Year, your travel agency is gearing up for a special promotion featuring cities with names including the word 'New'. You're tasked

with swiftly compiling a list of all cities from around the world. This curated selection will be essential in creating promotional materials and enticing travellers with exciting destinations to kick off the New Year in style.

```
28  -- Task 3 - New Year Promotion
29  -- All cities with the word 'NEW' in it
30
31 • select* from city
32   WHERE name LIKE '%New%'
33   ;
34  -- Got 14 rows. Sure they dont want Khanewal...hmm Do they want Newcastle? One word?
35  -- Just the word New space or Space New. Got 8 hits. Missed Newcastle etc
36 • select* from city
37   WHERE name LIKE '%New %'
38   OR name LIKE '% New%'
39   ;
40  -- This will capture all Newcastles and Newarks, and second word New and first word New.
41 • select* from city
42   WHERE name LIKE 'New%'
43   OR name LIKE '% New%'
44   ;
45
```

4. **Display Columns with Limit (First 10 Rows):** *Scenario:* You're tasked with providing a brief overview of the most populous cities in the world. To keep the report concise, you're instructed to list only the first 10 cities by population from the database.

```
47  -- Task 4 - 10 most populated cities
48 • select*
49   from city
50   order by Population desc
51   Limit 10;
52
53
```





5. **Cities with Population Larger than 2,000,000:** *Scenario:* A real estate developer is interested in cities with substantial population sizes for potential investment opportunities. You're tasked with identifying cities from the database with populations exceeding 2 million to focus their research efforts.

*** REPEATED**

Page 16 Task 6

```
56  -- Task 6
57  •  select ID, Name, Population
58      from city
59      where Population > 2000000
60      ;
61
```

100% 2:60

Result Grid   Filter Rows: Search

ID	Name	Population
69	Buenos Aires	2982146
130	Sydney	3276207
131	Melbourne	2865329
150	Dhaka	3612850

6. **Cities Beginning with 'Be' Prefix:** *Scenario:* A travel blogger is planning a series of articles featuring cities with unique names. You're tasked with compiling a list of cities from the database that start with the prefix 'Be' to assist in the blogger's content creation process.

*** REPEATED ***

```

61  -- Task 7
62  -- City names with 'Be' but eye balling it I saw Be and Be^ accent e.
63  -- Just ran 'B%' first. Ok, can see few types of be
64  -- Now run multiple where to capture all
65  -- Ah, no need, BE captures accent e too. i.e Bechar and Benguela. yolo
66  • select *
67    from city
68    WHERE name LIKE 'Be%'
69    ;

```

100% 68:65

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Edit: Export/Import:

ID	Name	CountryCode	District	Population
45	Béjaïa	DZA	Béjaïa	117162
49	Béchar	DZA	Béchar	107311
59	Benguela	AGO	Benguela	128300
93	Berazategui	ARG	Buenos Aires	276916

7. **Cities with Population Between 500,000-1,000,000:** *Scenario:* An urban planning committee needs to identify mid-sized cities suitable for infrastructure development projects. You're tasked with identifying cities with populations ranging between 500,000 and 1 million to inform their decision-making process.

*** REPEATED***

Page 18 Task 8

301 with Two WHERE, 303 with WHERE BETWEEN. Fun!

```
71 -- Task 8
72 -- Pop between 500,000 and 1,000,000
73 -- Not sure if its between or two where , so checking the difference first.
74 -- BETWEEN gave me 303, Two WHERE gave me 301. Hmm investigate
75 -- Order by limit 5 then DSC limit 5. See which ones are different
76 -- Order by and limit, didnt work. So googled it.
77 -- Between is inclusive i.e 500,000 <= and >= 1,000,000 whereas WHERE is > and <.
78 -- So made a query, ran it. This tells you the difference between WHERE and BETWEEN. BOOM! it was Amman and Pointe-Noire
79 /*select ID, Name, Population
80     from city
81     where Population = 500000
82     or population = 1000000
83     ;
84 */
85
86 • select ID, Name, Population
87   from city
88  where Population between 500000 AND 1000000
89  Order by Population
90  ;
91 • select ID, Name, Population
92   from city
93  where Population > 500000
94  AND population < 1000000
95  Order by Population
96  ;
```

8. **Display Cities Sorted by Name in Ascending Order:** *Scenario:* A geography teacher is preparing a lesson on alphabetical order using city names. You're tasked with providing a sorted list of cities from the database in ascending order by name to support the lesson plan.

```
-- Task 8 Sort citys ascending order
select* from city
Order by name;
```

9. **Most Populated City:** *Scenario:* A real estate investment firm is interested in cities with significant population densities for potential development projects. You're tasked with identifying the most populated city from the database to guide their investment decisions and strategic planning.


```

61  -- Task 9 Most Populated city
62  • select*from city order by population desc limit 1;
63

```

100% 50:62

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Edit:

	ID	Name	CountryCode	District	Population
▶	1024	Mumbai (Bombay)	IND	Maharashtra	10500000
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

10. City Name Frequency Analysis: Supporting Geography Education

Scenario: In a geography class, students are learning about the distribution of city names around the world. The teacher, in preparation for a lesson on city name frequencies, wants to provide students with a list of unique city names sorted alphabetically, along with their respective counts of occurrences in the database. You're tasked with this sorted list to support the geography teacher's I

```

64  -- Task 10 Frequency of City names
65  -- Explore tables
66  • select*
67  from city
68  where name like 'San%'
69  order by name ;
70  -- Checked some San Jose and San Juan, makes sense.
71  • select count(name), name
72  from city
73  Group by name
74  order by count(name) desc
75  ;
76
77

```

100% 53:70

Result Grid
Filter Rows: Search
Export:

	count(name)	name
▶	4	San José
	3	Córdoba
	3	San Miguel
	3	San Fernando

11. **City with the Lowest Population:** *Scenario:* A census bureau is conducting an analysis of urban population distribution. You're tasked with identifying the city with the lowest population from the database to provide a comprehensive overview of demographic trends.

**** REPEATED***

Page 19 Task 9

Lowest population in city table

```
105  -- Task 9
106  -- Lowest population in city table
107 • select ID, Name, Population
108     from city
109     Order By Population
110     Limit 1;
111
```

100% 8:110

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search

	ID	Name	Population
▶	2912	Adamstown	42
◀	NULL	NULL	NULL

12. **Country with Largest Population:** *Scenario:* A global economic research institute requires data on countries with the largest populations for a comprehensive analysis. You're tasked with identifying the country with the highest population from the database to provide valuable insights into demographic trends.

```

78  -- Task 12 Country largest Population
79  • select*
80  from country
81  ORDER BY population desc
82  LIMIT 1
83  :

```

100% 1:82

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Edit: Export/Import:

	Code	Name	Continent	Region	SurfaceArea	IndepYear	Population
▶	CHN	China	Asia	Eastern Asia	9572900.00	-1523	1277558000
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

13. **Capital of Spain:** *Scenario:* A travel agency is organizing tours across Europe and needs accurate information on capital cities. You're tasked with identifying the capital of Spain from the database to ensure itinerary accuracy and provide travellers with essential destination information.

*** REPEATED***

The screenshot shows a database query editor with a toolbar at the top containing icons for file operations, execution, and search. A status bar indicates "Limit to 10000 rows". The SQL editor contains the following code:

```

112  -- Task BONUS
113  -- Capital of Spain
114  •  select*
115      from country
116      where name = 'united states';
117
118  •  select*
119      from city
120      where ID = '3813';
121
122
123  •  select city.name AS 'Capital_of_Country', city.CountryCode, country.name
124      from city
125      JOIN country
126      ON city.ID = country.capital
127      WHERE country.name = 'Spain'
128      ;
129

```

Below the editor is a horizontal scrollbar. The interface then shows a "Result Grid" section with a search bar and an "Export" button. The result grid displays the following data:

Capital_of_Country	CountryCode	name
Madrid	ESP	Spain

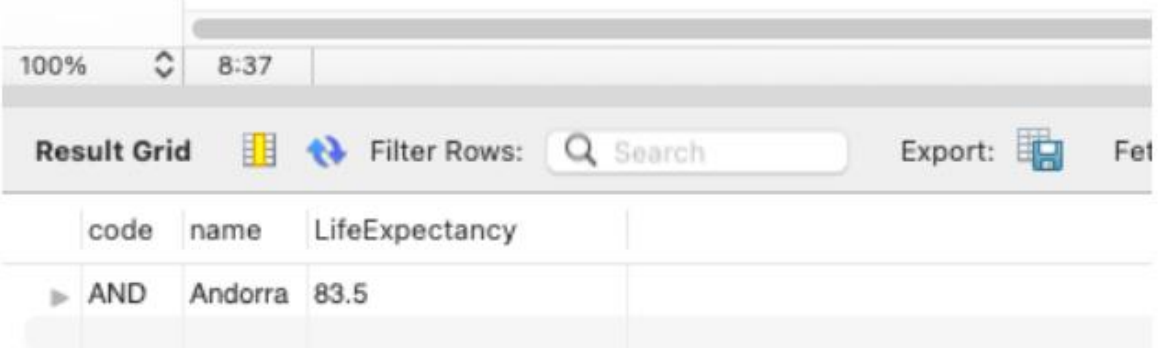
14. **Country with Highest Life Expectancy:** *Scenario:* A healthcare foundation is conducting research on global health indicators. You're tasked with identifying the country with the highest life expectancy from the database to inform their efforts in improving healthcare systems and policies.

**** REPEATED***

Page 13 Task 3

Which country has highest life expectancy?

```
32  -- Task 3
33  -- Which country has highest life expectancy?
34  •  select code, name, LifeExpectancy
35     from country
36     ORDER BY LifeExpectancy DESC
37     Limit 1;
38
```



The screenshot shows a database query interface. At the top, the SQL query is displayed in a code editor with line numbers 32 to 38. The query is: `-- Task 3`, `-- Which country has highest life expectancy?`, `select code, name, LifeExpectancy`, `from country`, `ORDER BY LifeExpectancy DESC`, `Limit 1;`. Below the code editor, there is a toolbar with a 'Result Grid' button, a 'Filter Rows' button, a search bar, and an 'Export' button. The 'Result Grid' is currently selected, and it displays a table with the following data:

	code	name	LifeExpectancy
▶	AND	Andorra	83.5

15. **Cities in Europe:** *Scenario:* A European cultural exchange program is seeking to connect students with cities across the continent. You're tasked with compiling a list of cities located in Europe from the database to facilitate program planning and student engagement.

*** REPEATED***

All cities in European Continent

```
157 -- Page 20 Bonus 3
158 -- All cities in Europe continent
159 -- Exploring tables, select* from country; select* from city;
160 -- found search and result columns; Country.Continent and city.name
161 -- Will only join on city.countrycode and country.code
162
163 • select city.countrycode, city.name AS 'CityName', country.continent
164 from country
165 join city
166 ON country.code = city.countrycode
167 WHERE country.continent = 'Europe';
168
169
```

100% 5:160

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export:

countrycode	CityName	continent
BLH	Pinsk	Europe
BLR	Orša	Europe
BLR	Mozyr	Europe

16. **Average Population by Country:** *Scenario:* A demographic research team is conducting a comparative analysis of population distributions across countries. You're tasked with calculating the average population for each country from the database to provide valuable insights into global population trends.

```
-- Task 16 - Average Population by country
-- Feels like I'm missing something, why so easy?
select Name, LifeExpectancy from country;
```

17. **Capital Cities Population Comparison:** *Scenario:* A statistical analysis firm is examining population distributions between capital cities worldwide. You're tasked with comparing the populations of capital cities from different countries to identify trends and patterns in urban demographics.

```

90  -- Task 17 - Capital cities' population comparison
91  -- No one table has 'capital city'. The city table has cities.
92  -- The country table has a column called 'Capital'. it can be null.
93  -- Explore tables
94  • select* from city;
95  • select* from country;
96  -- ID in City and Capital in Country table are keys
97  -- Figure out the joins first.
98  -- Worried about Capital being null. Messing with left join and order of tables.
99  • Select *
100 from country
101 left join city
102 ON city.ID = country.Capital
103 ;
104 -- Join works, now re-label confusing column headings
105 • Select
106 city.name AS 'Capital City',
107 country.name AS 'Country',
108 city.Population AS 'Population of City',
109 country.population AS 'Population of Country'
110 from country
111 left join city
112 ON city.ID = country.Capital
113 ;
114
115

```

100%	1:109	Result Grid	Filter Rows: Search	Export:
Capital City	Country	Population of City	Population of Country	
Fagatogo	American Samoa	2323	68000	
NULL	Antarctica	NULL	0	
Result 63				
Action Output				
	Time	Action	Response	
69	23:33:45	Select city.name AS 'Capital City', country.name AS 'Country', city.Pop...	239 row(s) returned	

18. **Countries with Low Population Density:** *Scenario:* An agricultural research institute is studying countries with low population densities for potential agricultural development projects. You're tasked with identifying countries with sparse populations from the database to support the institute's research efforts.


```

117 -- TASK 18 - Countries with Low Population Density
118 -- Agricultural, low density is population/surface area
119 • select* from country; -- Nothing specific about agriculture land. Just surface area
120 -- Explore REAL vs interger stuff first
121 -- SA is decimal and Population is int
122 • select name, SurfaceArea, population, population/surfacearea
123 from country
124 WHERE name = 'Albania';
125 -- Checked above that 28,748.00 (number) divided by 3,401,200 (int) results in 118.3108.
126 -- No need for CAST or *1.0 etc. YOLO. Onwards!
127 • select name, SurfaceArea, population, population/surfacearea as 'Population Density'
128 from country
129 Order by 4;
130

```

100% 85:127

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export:

name	SurfaceArea	population	Population Dens...
Antarctica	13120000.00	0	0.0000
French Southern territories	7780.00	0	0.0000
Bouvet Island	59.00	0	0.0000
Heard Island and McDonald Islands	359.00	0	0.0000
British Indian Ocean Territory	78.00	0	0.0000
South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands	3903.00	0	0.0000
United States Minor Outlying Islands	16.00	0	0.0000
Greenland	2166090.00	56000	0.0259
Svalbard and Jan Mayen	62422.00	3200	0.0513
Falkland Islands	12173.00	2000	0.1643
Pitcairn	49.00	50	1.0204
Western Sahara	266000.00	293000	1.1015
Mongolia	1566500.00	2662000	1.6993
French Guiana	90000.00	181000	2.0111

BONUS TASKS: Challenge yourself: These are optional tasks. Feel free to skip.

19. **Cities with High GDP per Capita:** *Scenario:* An economic consulting firm is analyzing cities with high GDP per capita for investment opportunities. You're tasked with identifying cities with above-average GDP per capita from the database to assist the firm in identifying potential investment destinations.

-- BONUS TIME!

--

-- TASK 19 Cities with High GDP per capita

```

-- Explore tables. City has population, but not GDP/GNP

select* from country; -- 239 countries

select* from city; -- 4079 cities

-- CountyCode in City table maps to Code in Country table.

select*

from city

JOIN country

ON city.countrycode = country.Code;

-- Time for better column names and only the ones we need

select

city.name AS 'CityName',

city.population AS 'Population_of_City',

country.name AS 'Country',

country.GNP AS 'GNP of Country',

country.population as 'Country Population'

from city

JOIN country

ON city.countrycode = country.Code;

-- How to allocation GDP to City?

-- GNP 500. Total Pop=12. City1pop= 2. City2pop = 8.

-- GNP per capita 500/12 = 41.67

```

-- City 1 has (2/12) or 17% of the population.

-- Now im stuck. As 17% of GDP is 83.3. But dividing that back by the city pop, gets you exactly Country GDP

WITH TempTable AS

(select

city.name AS 'CityName',

city.population AS 'Population_of_City',

country.name AS 'Country',

country.GNP AS 'GNP_of_Country',

country.population as 'Country_Population'

from city

JOIN country

ON city.countrycode = country.Code

-- WHERE country.name = 'Afghanistan'

)

SELECT

CityName,

(Population_of_city/Country_Population) *GNP_of_Country AS 'CityEstimatedGNP',

GNP_of_country/Country_population as 'GNPperCapita',

GNP_of_Country,

```
Population_of_city,  
Country_population  
from temptable  
Order by 2 desc;
```

20. **Display Columns with Limit (Rows 31-40):** *Scenario:* A market research firm requires detailed information on cities beyond the top rankings for a comprehensive analysis. You're tasked with providing data on cities ranked between 31st and 40th by population to ensure a thorough understanding of urban demographics.

```
190  -- Task 20 Show cities in specific range of Rows
191  -- Show 31st to 40th by ranked by population
192  -- Rank 1 is highest population city btw
193  • select* from city
194  Order by Population desc
195  -- LIMIT 2 OFFSET 3;
196  LIMIT 10 OFFSET 30;
197
```

100% 41:192

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Edit: Export/

	ID	Name	CountryCode	District	Population
▶	1896	Shenyang	CHN	Liaoning	4265200
	1897	Kanton [Guangzhou]	CHN	Guangdong	4256300
	3208	Singapore	SGP	—	4017733
	3769	Ho Chi Minh City	VNM	Ho Chi Minh City	3980000
	1027	Chennai (Madras)	IND	Tamil Nadu	3841396
	2332	Pusan	KOR	Pusan	3804522
	3794	Los Angeles	USA	California	3694820
	150	Dhaka	BGD	Dhaka	3612850
	3068	Berlin	DEU	Berliini	3386667
	2710	Rangoon (Yangon)	MMR	Rangoon [Yangon]	3361700
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Task 3 – Interview Part 1:

Read from PPT for this task first.

Task 4 – Interview questions Part 2:

Read from PPT for this task first.