Ms. Terkper's Digital Classroom

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Introduction to Python: Basics #2

Introduction to Python - Basics #2

This section builds upon the foundational concepts introduced earlier, diving into conditional statements, loops, functions, and the importance of syntax. These are essential for writing programs that make decisions and perform repetitive tasks. Let's explore these topics with examples and explanations below.

1. Conditional Statements

Python uses if, elif, and else statements to make decisions based on conditions:

```
x = 10
if x > 5:
    print("x is greater than 5")
elif x == 5:
    print("x is equal to 5")
else:
    print("x is less than 5")
```

2. Loops

Loops allow us to execute a block of code multiple times. Python supports for and while loops:

```
# Example of a for loop
for i in range(5):
    print(i) # Prints numbers from 0 to 4

# Example of a while loop
x = 0
while x < 5:
    print(x)
    x += 1 # Increment x</pre>
```

3. Functions

A function is a block of code designed to perform a specific task. We use the def keyword to define a function:

```
def greet(name):
    print("Hello, " + name + "!")
greet("Hannah") # Outputs: Hello, Hannah!
```

4. The Importance of Syntax and Spacing

Python relies heavily on proper indentation to define blocks of code. Unlike some other programming languages, Python does not use braces ({}) to separate blocks. Instead, it uses consistent spacing:

```
# Correct syntax
if x > 5:
    print("x is greater than 5")

# Incorrect syntax (will cause an error)
if x > 5:
print("x is greater than 5") # No indentation
```

- **Indentation**: Use 4 spaces for each indentation level.
- Consistency: Mixed use of tabs and spaces can cause errors. Stick to one.
- Readability: Proper formatting makes code easier to understand and debug.
- 1. What does the following code output?

```
x = 10
if x > 5:
    print("Greater than 5")
```

- A. Greater than 5
- O B. Nothing
- C. An error
- O D. 10

Submit

Correct! Well done!

- 2. Which of the following is a valid Python loop?
- A. for x in 10
- B. while x < 10:</p>
- \bigcirc C. do while x < 10:
- D. repeat until x == 10

Submit

- **✓** Correct! Well done!
- 3. What keyword is used to define a function in Python?
- A. function
- O B. func
- C. def
- D. define

Submit

✓ Correct! Well done!

4. What will the following code output?

def greet():
 print("Hello!")

greet()

- A. greet
- O B. Nothing
- O. C. An error
- D. Hello!

Submit

✓ Correct! Well done!

5. Which operator is used for exponentiation in Python?

- A. ^
- B. **
- C. pow
- O. exp

Submit

✓ Correct! Well done!

6. What will happen if you forget to properly indent a block of code in Python?

- A. The program will display an indentation error.
- $\bigcirc\,$ B. TThe program will run normally.
- C. Python will fix the indentation automatically.

✓ Correct! Well done!		
Correct. V		
7. Why is cons	istent spacing important in Python?	
○ A. To make	the code run faster.	
○ B. To save r	nemory while running the program.	
○ C. Python ig	nores spacing, so it doesn't matter.	
D. To avoid	errors and make the code readable.	
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