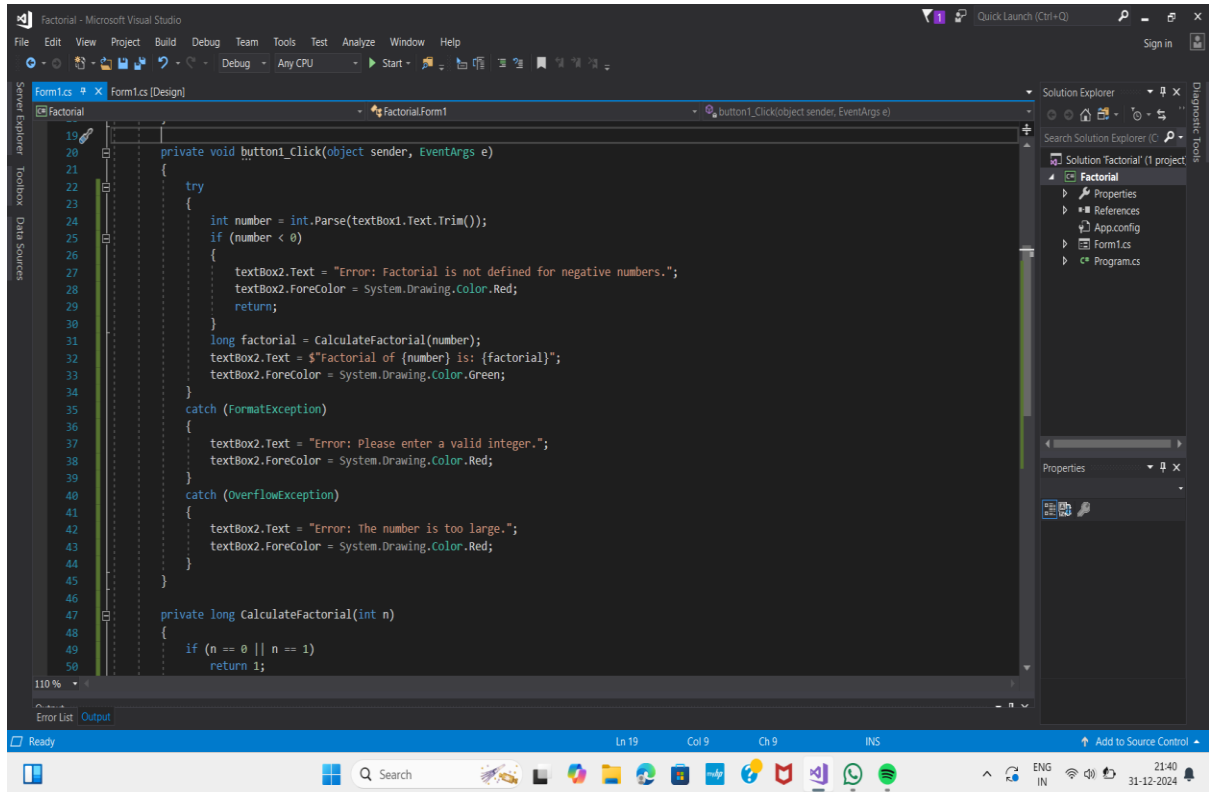
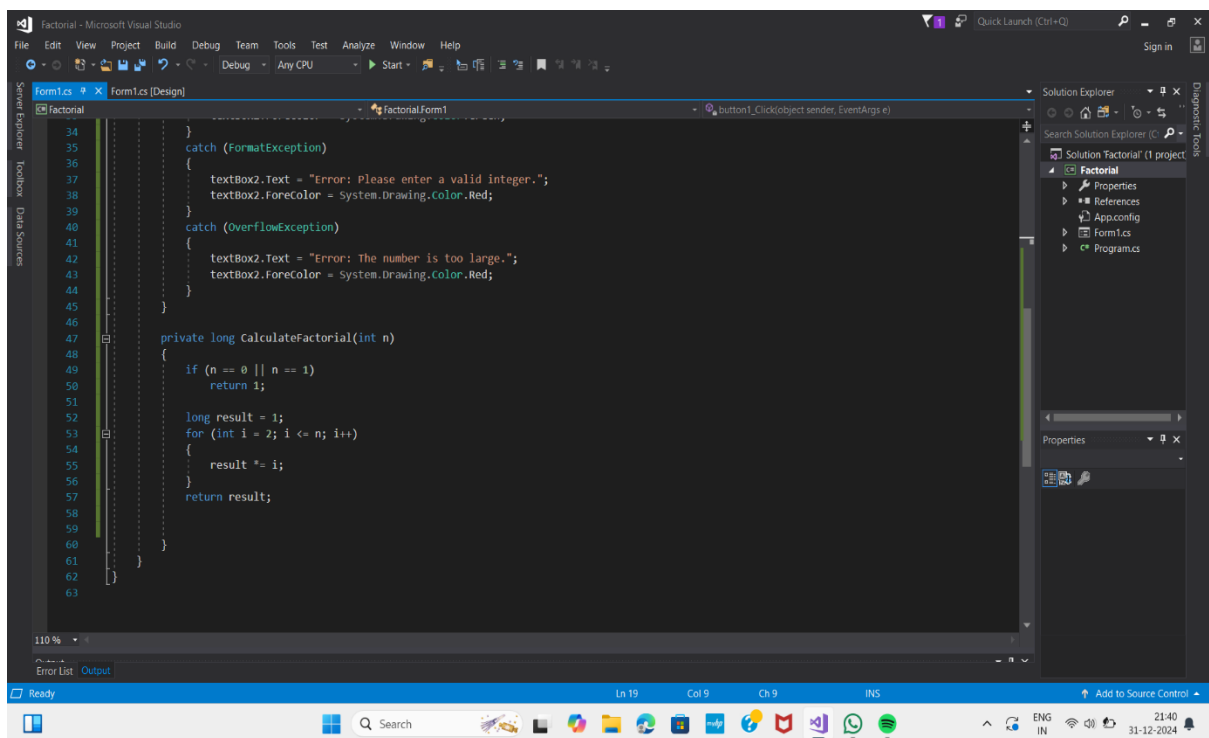


FACTORIAL PROGRAM



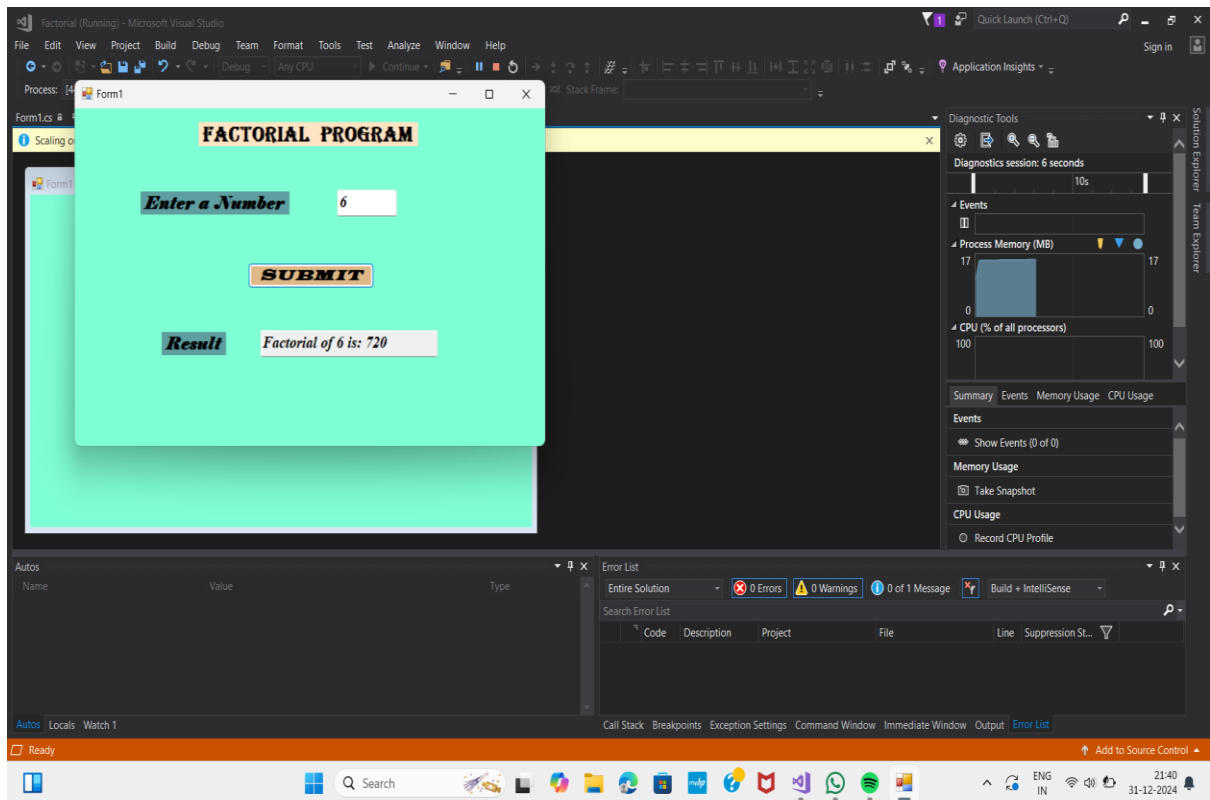
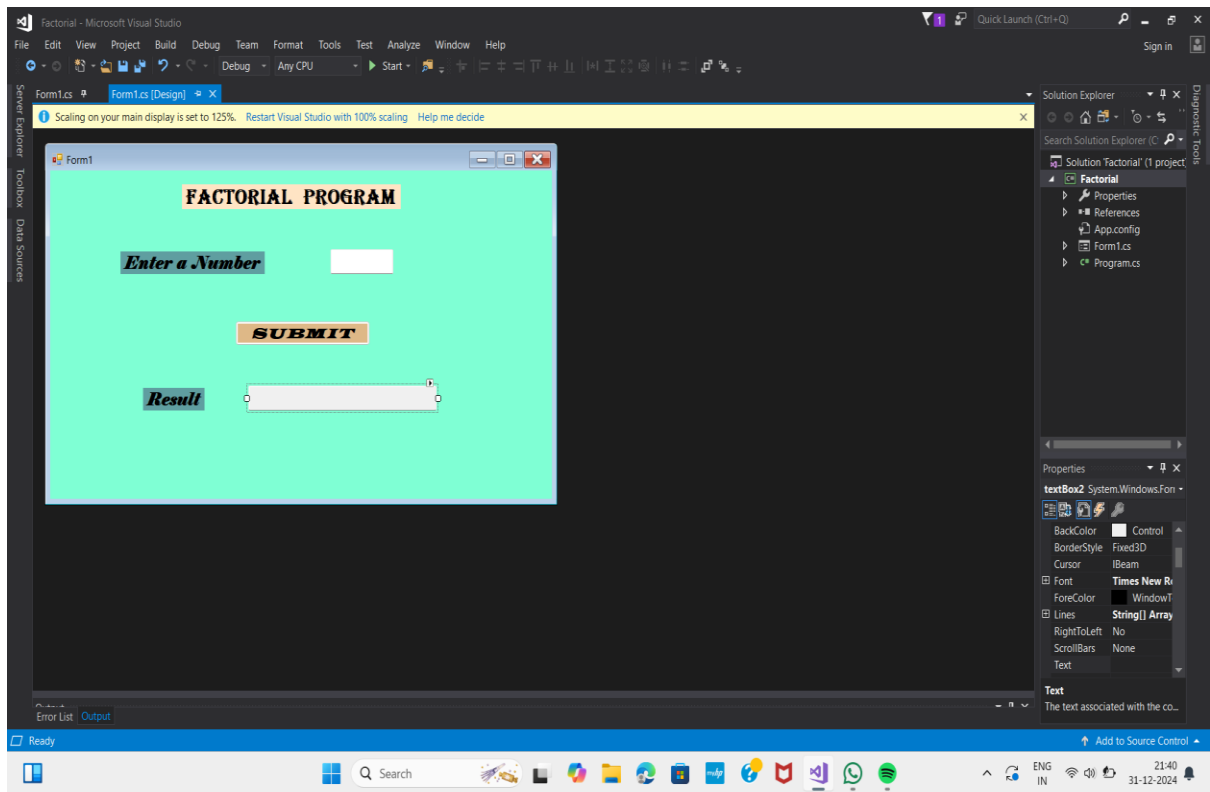
The screenshot shows the Microsoft Visual Studio IDE with a project named 'Factorial'. The main window displays the code for 'Form1.cs' in the 'Design' view. The code implements a factorial calculation with error handling for negative numbers and overflow. The Solution Explorer on the right shows the project structure, including 'Form1.cs' and 'Program.cs'. The status bar at the bottom indicates the current line is 19, column 9, and the code is in the 'Ready' state.

```
19 private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
20 {
21     try
22     {
23         int number = int.Parse(textBox1.Text.Trim());
24         if (number < 0)
25         {
26             textBox2.Text = "Error: Factorial is not defined for negative numbers.";
27             textBox2.ForeColor = System.Drawing.Color.Red;
28             return;
29         }
30         long factorial = CalculateFactorial(number);
31         textBox2.Text = $"Factorial of {number} is: {factorial}";
32         textBox2.ForeColor = System.Drawing.Color.Green;
33     }
34     catch (FormatException)
35     {
36         textBox2.Text = "Error: Please enter a valid integer.";
37         textBox2.ForeColor = System.Drawing.Color.Red;
38     }
39     catch (OverflowException)
40     {
41         textBox2.Text = "Error: The number is too large.";
42         textBox2.ForeColor = System.Drawing.Color.Red;
43     }
44 }
45
46 private long CalculateFactorial(int n)
47 {
48     if (n == 0 || n == 1)
49     {
50         return 1;
51     }
52 }
```

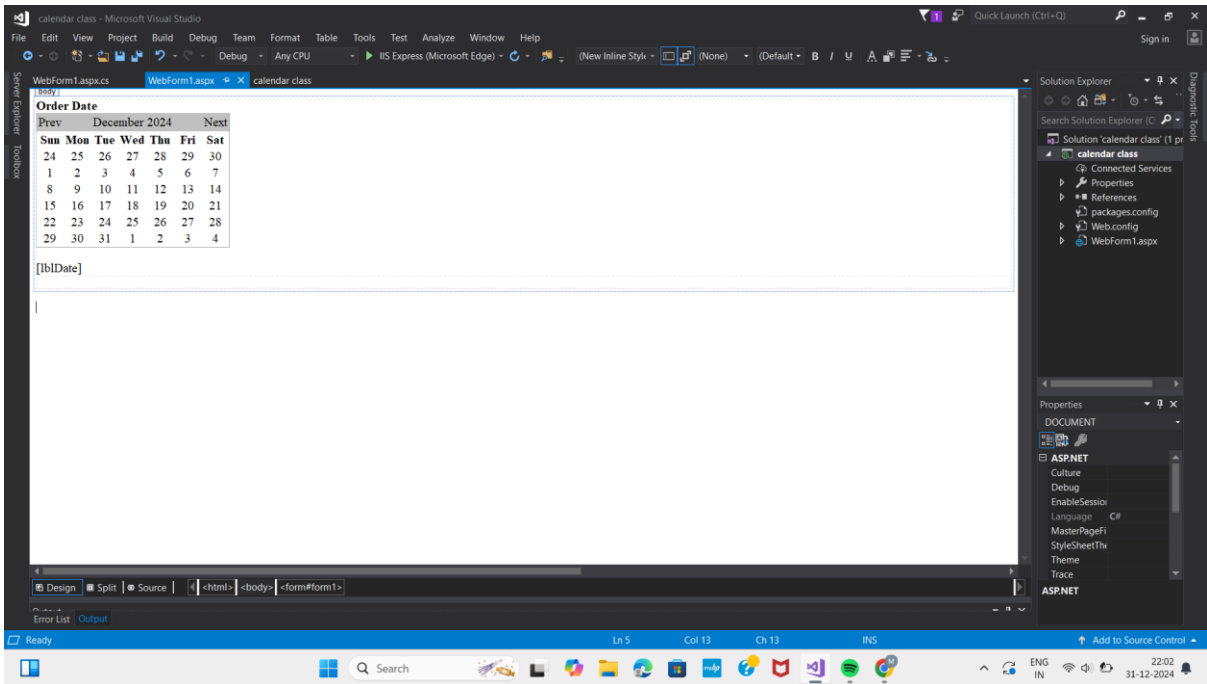
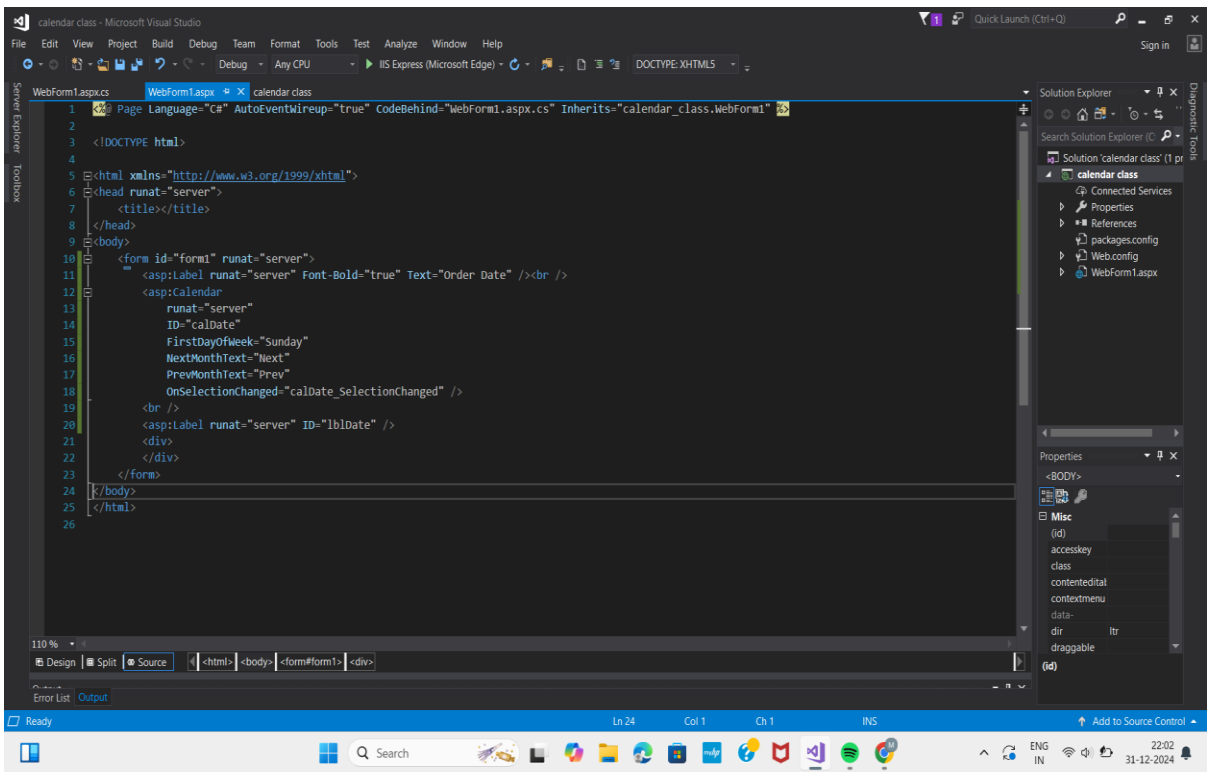


This screenshot shows the same Visual Studio IDE, but the code is scrolled down to focus on the 'CalculateFactorial' method. The method uses a loop to calculate the factorial of a given number 'n'. The Solution Explorer and status bar are consistent with the previous screenshot.

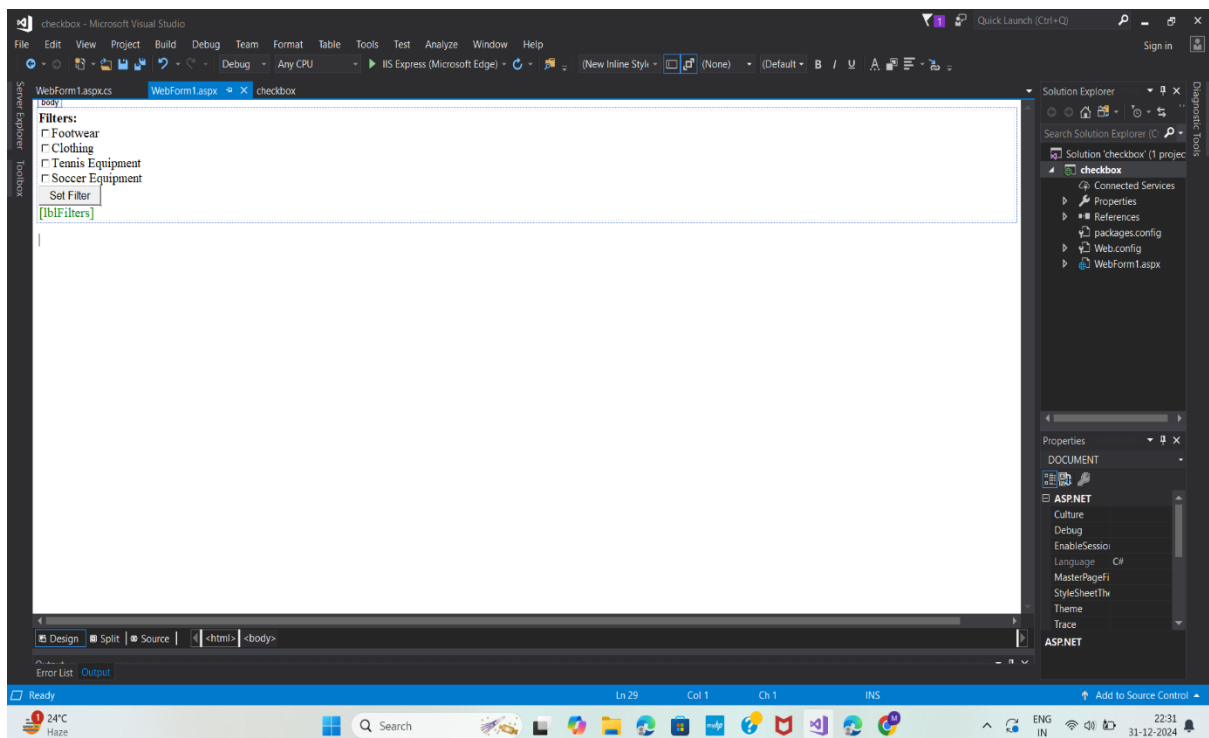
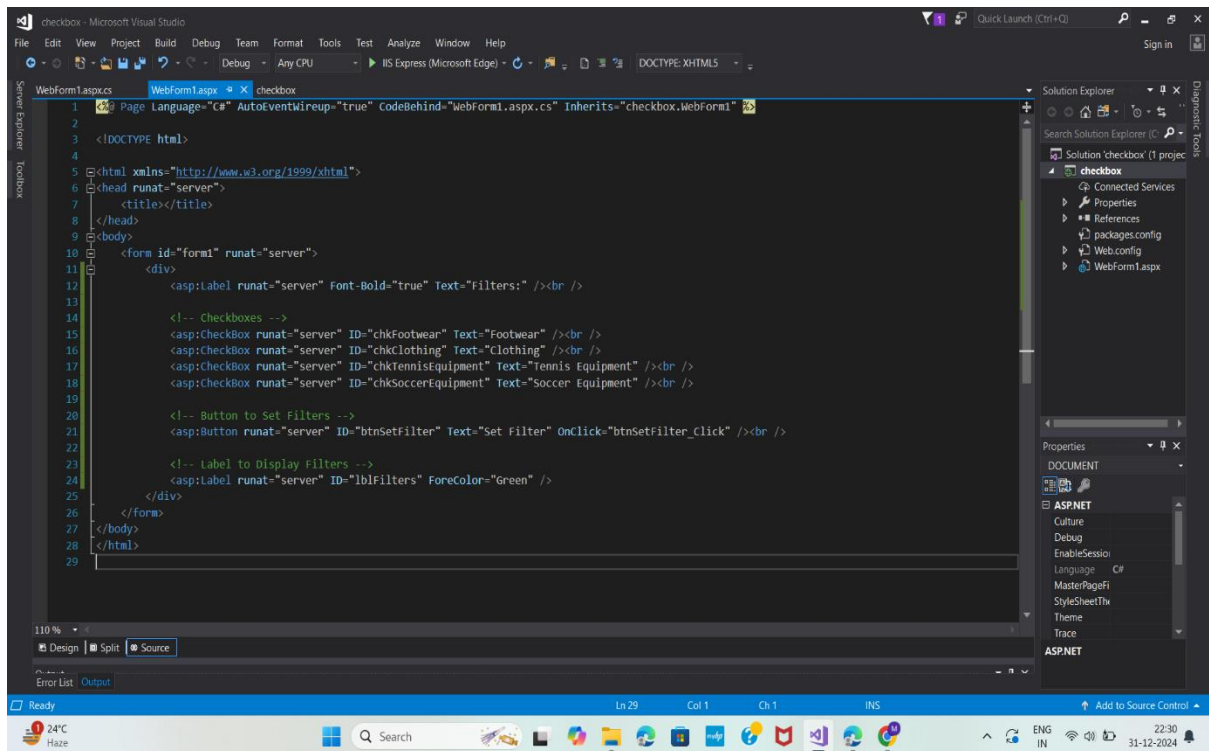
```
34     catch (FormatException)
35     {
36         textBox2.Text = "Error: Please enter a valid integer.";
37         textBox2.ForeColor = System.Drawing.Color.Red;
38     }
39     catch (OverflowException)
40     {
41         textBox2.Text = "Error: The number is too large.";
42         textBox2.ForeColor = System.Drawing.Color.Red;
43     }
44 }
45
46 private long CalculateFactorial(int n)
47 {
48     if (n == 0 || n == 1)
49     {
50         return 1;
51     }
52     long result = 1;
53     for (int i = 2; i <= n; i++)
54     {
55         result *= i;
56     }
57     return result;
58 }
59
60 }
61
62
63 }
```

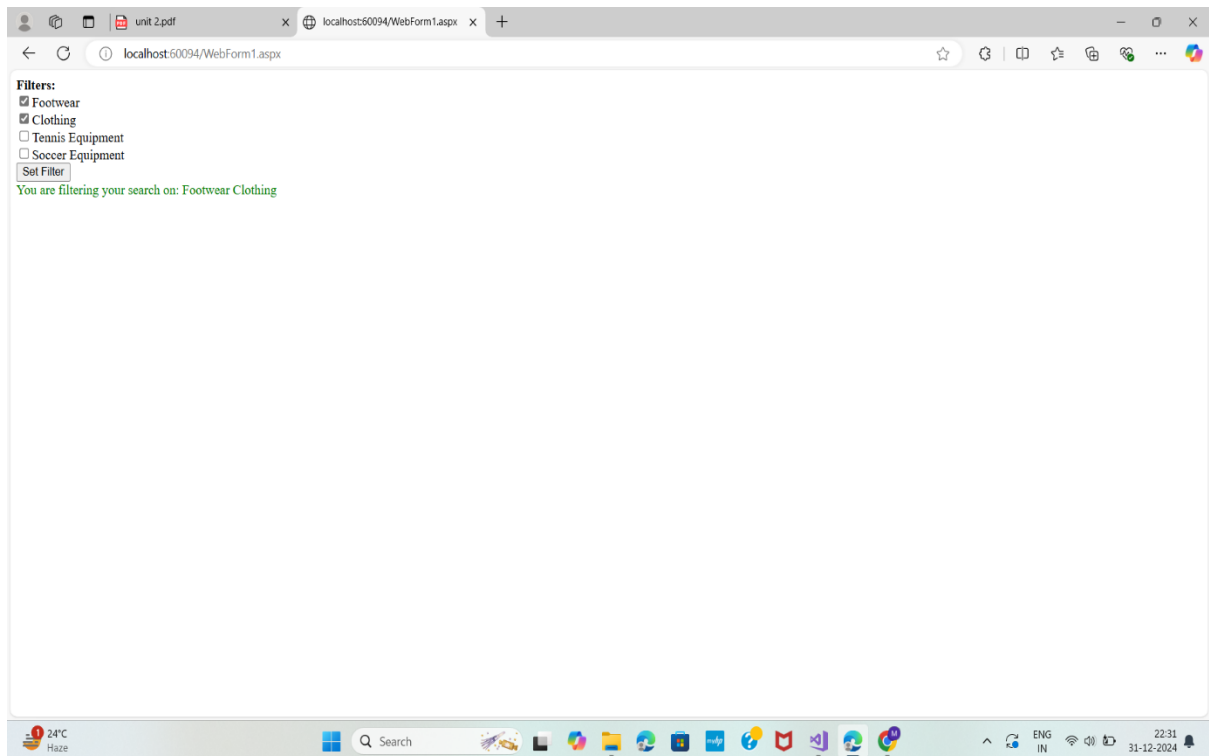
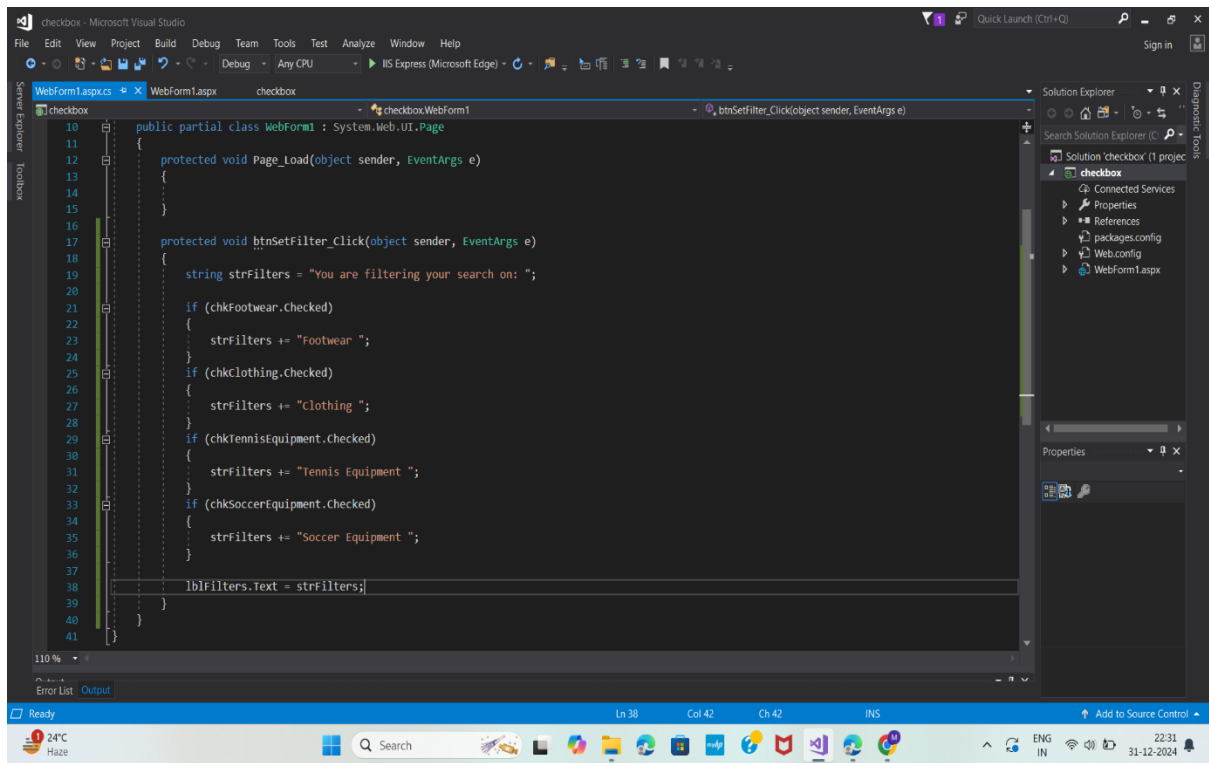


CALENDAR CLASS PROGRAM

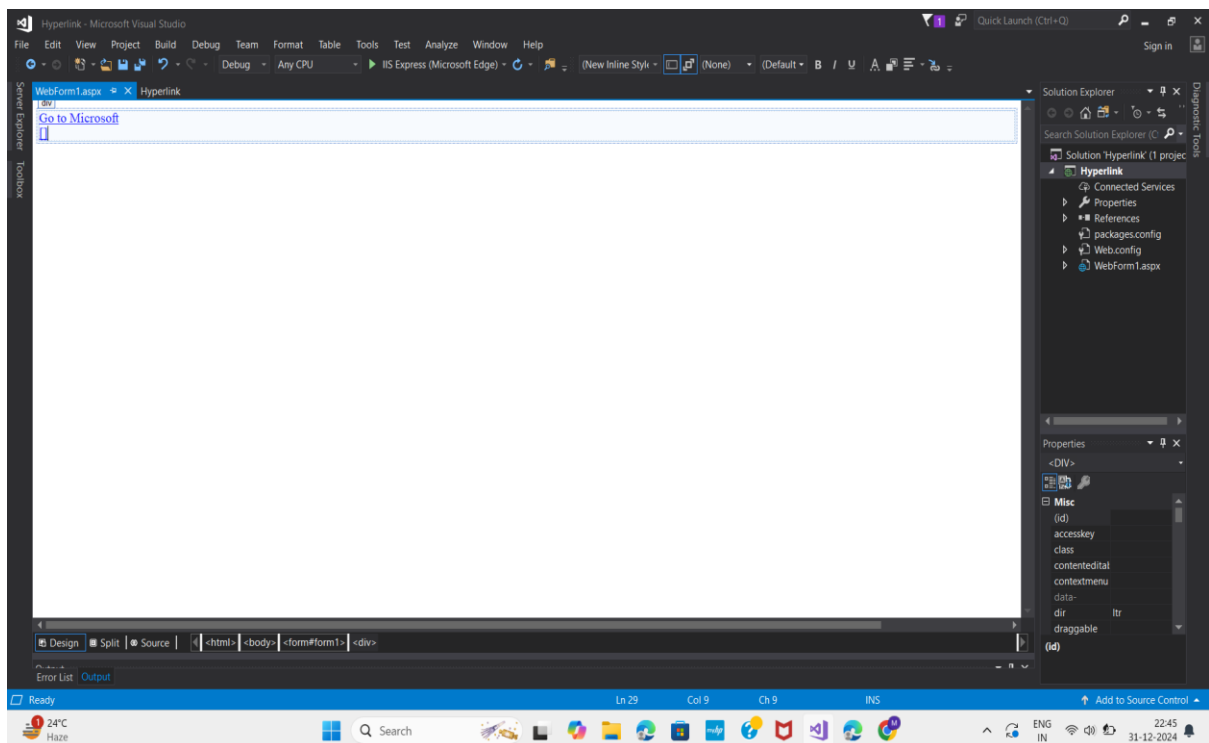
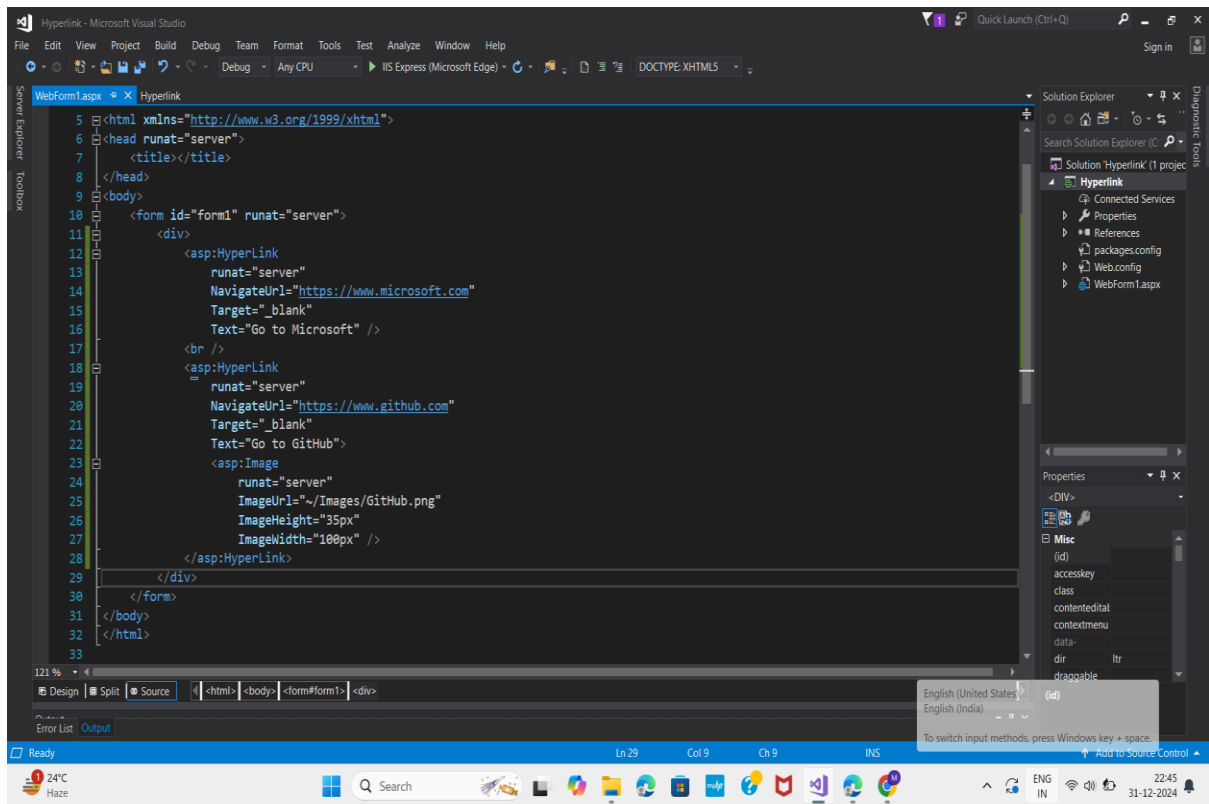


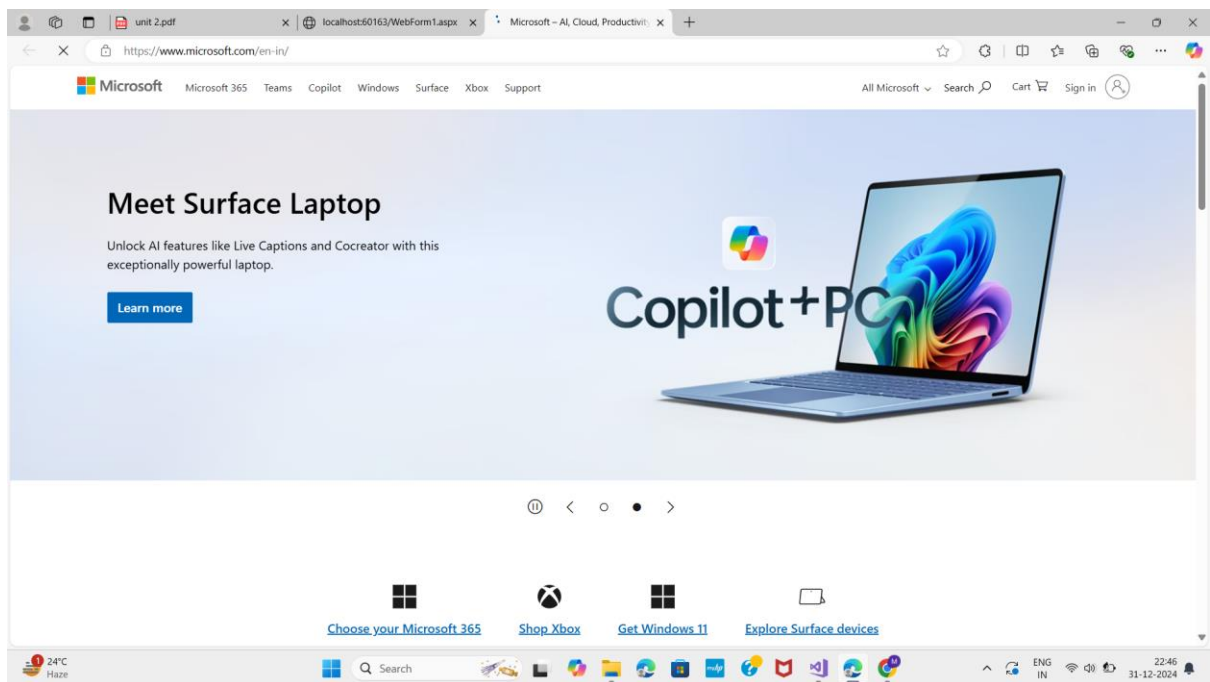
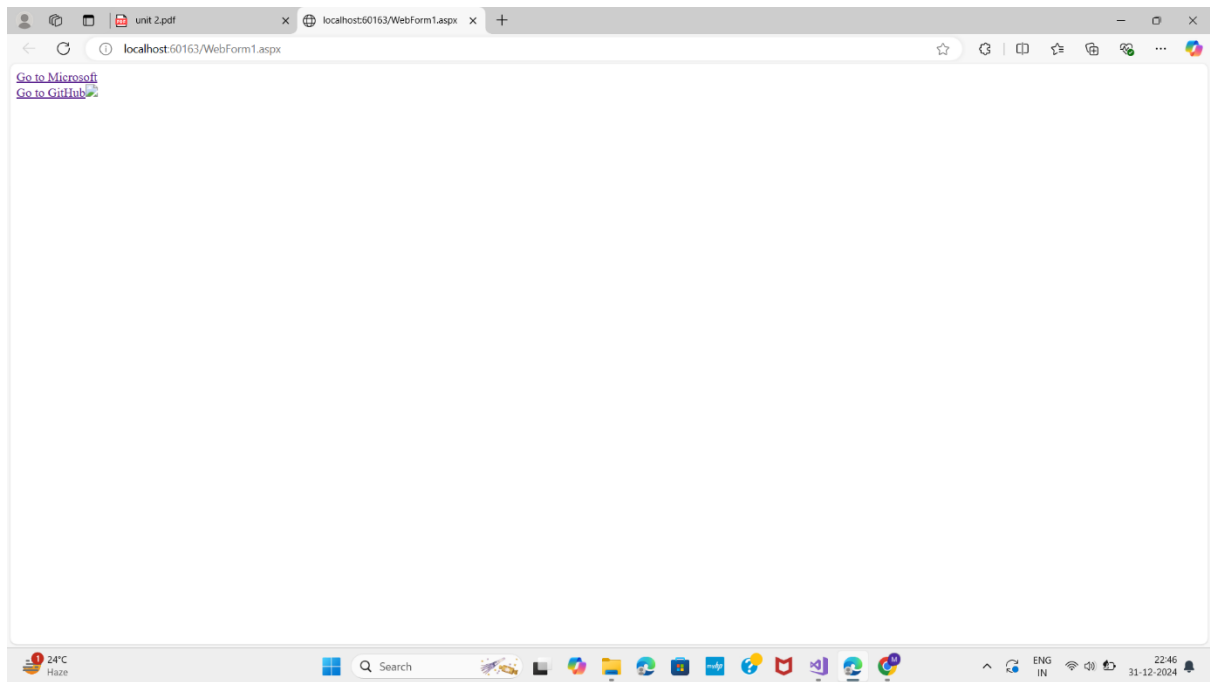
CHECKBOX PROGRAM

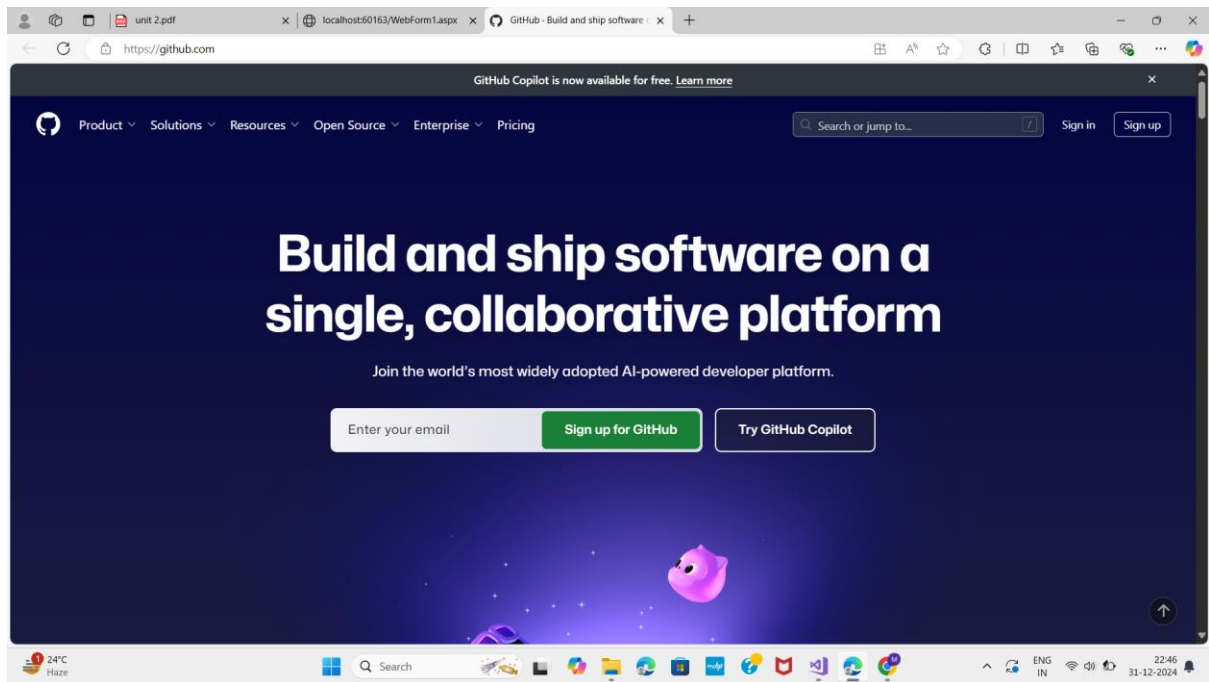




HYPERLINK PROGRAM







RADIO BUTTON PROGRAM

