Statu	s Finished
Starte	d Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM
Complete	d Saturday, 16 November 2024, 10:18 PM
Duratio	n 36 days 19 hours
Question 1 Correct	Write a program that prints a simple chessboard.
Marked out of 3.00 ▼ Flag question	Input format:
	The first line contains the number of inputs T.
	The lines after that contain a different values for size of the chessboard
	Output format:
	Print a chessboard of dimensions size * size. Print a Print W for white spaces and B for black spaces.
	Input:
	2
	3
	5
	Output:
	WBW
	BWB
	WBW
	WBWBW
	BWBWB
	WBWBW
	BWBWB
	WBWBW

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2
    int main()
3 √ {
         int T,d,i=0,i1,i2,o;
4
 5
         char c;
         scanf("%d",&T);
 6
 7
         while(i<T)</pre>
 8 •
         {
 9
             scanf("%d",&d);
10
             i1=0;
             while(i1<d)
11
12 •
             {
                  o=1;
13
                  i2=0;
14
                  if(i1%2==0)
15
16 🕶
                  {
17
                       o=0;
18
                  while(i2<d)</pre>
19
20 •
                       c='B';
21
                       if(i2\%2==0)
22
23 •
                       {
24
                           c='W';
25
                       }
26
                       printf("%c",c);
27
                       i2++;
28
                  }
29
                  i1+=1;
                  printf("\n");
30
31
              i=i+1;
32
33
         return 0;
34
35
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	2	WBW	WBW	~
	3	BWB	BWB	
	5	WBW	WBW	
		WBWBW	WBWBW	
		BWBWB	BWBWB	
		WBWBW	WBWBW	
		BWBWB	BWBWB	
		WBWBW	WBWBW	

Passed all tests! 🗸

Question **2**Correct
Marked out of 5.00

P Flag question

Let's print a chessboard!

Write a program that takes input:

The first line contains T, the number of test cases

Each test case contains an integer N and also the starting character of the chessboard

Output Format

Print the chessboard as per the given examples

Sample Input / Output

Input:

2

2 W

3 B

Output:

WB

BW

BWB

WBW

BWB

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2
    int main()
 3 +
    {
 4
        int T,d,i,i1,i2,o,z;
        char c,s;
scanf("%d",&T);
 5
 6
 7
         for(i=0;i<T;i++)
 8 ,
             scanf("%d %c",&d,&s);
 9
10
             for(i1=0;i1<d;i1++)
11,
12
                 z=(s=='W') ? 0:1;
                 o=(i1%2==z) ? 0:1;
13
14
                 for(i2=0;i2<d;i2++)
15 .
                     c=(i2%2==o) ? 'W' : 'B';
16
17
                     printf("%c",c);
18
19
                 printf("\n");
20
21
22
        return 0;
23
```

```
Input
            Expected
                      Got
            WB
                      WB
      2
      2 W
            BW
                      BW
      3 B
            BWB
                      BWB
            WBW
                      WBW
            BWB
                      BWB
Passed all tests! <
```

Question 3 Decode the logic and print the Pattern that corresponds to Correct given input. Marked out of 7.00 If N= 3 Flag question then pattern will be: 10203010011012 **4050809 ****607 If N= 4, then pattern will be: 1020304017018019020 **50607014015016 ****809012013 *****10011 Constraints 2 <= N <= 100 Input Format First line contains T, the number of test cases Each test case contains a single integer N Output First line print Case #i where i is the test case number In the subsequent line, print the pattern Test Case 1 3 3 4 5 Output Case #1 10203010011012 **4050809 ****607

> ******10011 Case #3 102030405026027028029030 **6070809022023024025

1020304017018019020 **50607014015016 ****809012013

Case #2

```
****10011012019020021
******13014017018
********15016
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2 v int main(){
 3
        int n,v,p3,c,in,i,i1,i2,t,ti;
 4
        scanf("%d",&t);
 5 +
        for(ti=0;ti<t;ti++){
 6
             v=0;
 7
             scanf("%d",&n);
 8
             printf("Case #%d\n",ti+1);
 9,
             for(i=0;i<n;i++){
10
                 c=0;
11,
                 if(i>0){
12
                     for(i1=0;i1<i;i1++) print</pre>
13
14 •
             for(i1=i;i1<n;i1++){
15
                 if(i>0) c++;
16
                 printf("%d0",++v);
17
18 •
             if(i==0){
19
                 p3=v+(v*(v-1))+1;
20
                 in=p3;
21
             }
22
             in=in-c;
23
             p3=in;
24
             for(i2=i;i2<n;i2++){
25
                 printf("%d",p3++);
26
                 if(i2!=n-1) printf("0");
27
             }printf("\n");
28
29
30
        return 0;
31
   |}
```

	Input	Expected	Got
~	3	Case #1	Case #1
	3	10203010011012	102030100110
	4	**4050809	**4050809
	5	****607	****607
	1	Case #2	Case #2
		1020304017018019020	102030401701
		**50607014015016	**5060701401
		****809012013	****8090120
		*****10011	*****10011
		Case #3	Case #3
		102030405026027028029030	102030405026
		**6070809022023024025	**6070809022
		****10011012019020021	****10011012
		*****13014017018	*****130140
		*******15016	*******150

Status Finished Started Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM Completed Saturday, 16 November 2024, 10:39 PM Duration 36 days 18 hours Question 1 The k-digit number N is an Armstrong number if and only if Correct the k-th power of each digit sums to N. Marked out of 3.00 Given a positive integer N, return true if and only if it is an Flag question Armstrong number. Example 1: Input: 153 Output: true Explanation: 153 is a 3-digit number, and 153 = 1³ + 5³ + 3³. Example 2: Input: 123 Output: false Explanation: 123 is a 3-digit number, and 123 != 1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 = 36. Example 3: Input: 1634 Output: true Note: 1 <= N <= 10^8 Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2
    #include<math.h>
    int main()
 3
 4 🕶
    {
 5
         int n;
         scanf("%d",&n);
6
7
         int x=0,n2=n;
        while(n2!=0)
 8
 9 .
         {
10
             X++;
11
             n2=n2/10;
12
         int sum=0;
13
         int n3=n,n4;
14
15
        while(n3!=0)
16 •
         {
17
             n4=n3%10;
             sum=sum+pow(n4,x);
18
19
             n3=n3/10;
20
21
         if(n==sum)
22 •
         {
             printf("true");
23
         }
24
         else
25
26 •
         {
             printf("false");
27
28
29
         return 0;
30
   }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	153	true	true	~
~	123	false	false	~

Passed all tests! <

Ouestion 2

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Flag question

Take a number, reverse it and add it to the original number until the obtained number is a palindrome. Constraints 1<=num<=99999999 Sample Input 1 32 Sample Output 1 55 Sample Input 2 789 Sample Output 2 66066

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
    int main()
 2
3 √ {
         int rn,n,nt=0,i=0;
 4
 5
         scanf("%d",&n);
         do{
 6 ▼
 7
             nt=n;rn=0;
 8
             while(n!=0)
 9 •
             {
                  rn=rn*10 + n%10;
10
11
                 n=n/10;
12
13
             n=nt+rn;
14
             i++;
15
        while(rn!=nt || i==1);
16
        printf("%d",rn);
17
         return 0;
18
19
    |}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	32	55	55	~
~	789	66066	66066	~

Passed all tests! <

Question **3**Correct
Marked out of 7.00

Flag question

A number is considered lucky if it contains either 3 or 4 or 3 and 4 both in it. Write a program to print the nth lucky number. Example, 1st lucky number is 3, and 2nd lucky number is 4 and 3rd lucky number is 33 and 4th lucky number is 34 and so on. Note that 13, 40 etc., are not lucky as they have other numbers in it.

The program should accept a number 'n' as input and display the nth lucky number as output.

Sample Input 1:

3

Sample Output 1:

33

Explanation:

Here the lucky numbers are 3, 4, 33, 34., and the 3rd lucky number is 33.

Sample Input 2:

34

Sample Output 2:

33344

```
#include<stdio.h>
    int main()
 2
3 → {
        int n=1,i=0,nt,co=0,e;
 4
        scanf("%d",&e);
 5
        while(i<e)</pre>
 6
 7 •
         {
 8
             nt=n;
             while(nt!=0)
 9
10 +
11
                 co=0;
                 if(nt%10!=3 && nt%10!=4)
12
13 🕶
14
                      co=1;
                      break;
15
16
17
                 nt=nt/10;
18
19
             if(co==0)
20 •
21
                 i++;
22
             }
23
             n++;
24
        printf("%d",--n);
25
26
        return 0;
27
28
   }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	34	33344	33344	~

Passed all tests! <