

```
In [1]: #4 textfile and write mode  
#1 Open a text file in write mode  
with open('example.txt', 'w') as file:  
    # Write some content to the file  
    file.write('Hello, world!\n')  
    file.write('This is a text file.\n')  
  
print("Content written to the file.")
```

Content written to the file.

```
In [2]: #2 Open the text file in write mode  
with open('example.txt', 'w') as file:  
    # Write content to the file  
    file.write('Hello, world!\n')  
    file.write('This is a text file.\n')  
  
# File is automatically closed when the 'with' block is exited  
  
print("Content written to the file and file is closed.")
```

Content written to the file and file is closed.

```
In [3]: #3 Open the text file in read mode  
with open('example.txt', 'r') as file:  
    # Read the entire content of the file  
    content = file.read()  
  
# Display the content  
print("Content read from the file:")  
print(content)
```

Content read from the file:
Hello, world!
This is a text file.

```
In [4]: #4 Open the text file in read mode  
with open('example.txt', 'r') as file:  
    # Read and print each line one by one using readline()  
    print("Reading file content line by line using readline():")  
    line = file.readline()  
    while line:  
        print(line, end='') # 'end' parameter prevents adding extra newline c  
        line = file.readline()
```

Reading file content line by line using readline():
Hello, world!
This is a text file.

```
In [5]: #5 Open the text file in append mode
with open('example.txt', 'a') as file:
    # Append new content to the file
    file.write('Adding some more content.\n')
    file.write('Here is another line of text.\n')

print("Additional content added to the file.")
```

Additional content added to the file.

```
In [6]: #Open the text file in read mode
with open('example.txt', 'r') as file:
    # Read the entire content of the file
    content = file.read()

# Display the content
print("Updated file content:")
print(content)
```

Updated file content:
Hello, world!
This is a text file.
Adding some more content.
Here is another line of text.

```
In [7]: #6 Open the text file in read mode
with open('example.txt', 'r') as file:
    # Read the entire content of the file
    content = file.read()

# Display the content
print("File content:")
print(content)
```

File content:
Hello, world!
This is a text file.
Adding some more content.
Here is another line of text.

In [8]:

```
with open('example.txt', 'a') as file:
    file.write('Adding some more content.\n')
    file.write('Here is another line of text.\n')

print("Additional content added to the file.")

# Read and display the updated file content
with open('example.txt', 'r') as file:
    content = file.read()

print("File content:")
print(content)
```

Additional content added to the file.

File content:

Hello, world!

This is a text file.

Adding some more content.

Here is another line of text.

Adding some more content.

Here is another line of text.

```
In [9]: #7
import json

# Example Python dictionary
data = {
    'name': 'Archer',
    'age': 30,
    'city': 'New York',
    'skills': ['Python', 'Data Analysis', 'Machine Learning']
}

# Convert Python object to JSON string
json_data = json.dumps(data, indent=4)
print("Serialized JSON data:")
print(json_data)

# Convert JSON string back to Python object
parsed_data = json.loads(json_data)
print("\nDeserialized Python object:")
print(parsed_data)
```

Serialized JSON data:

```
{
    "name": "Archer",
    "age": 30,
    "city": "New York",
    "skills": [
        "Python",
        "Data Analysis",
        "Machine Learning"
    ]
}
```

Deserialized Python object:

```
{'name': 'Archer', 'age': 30, 'city': 'New York', 'skills': ['Python', 'Data Analysis', 'Machine Learning']}
```

```
In [ ]: p
```