

```
print(breast_cancer_dataset)
```

```
# print the first 5 rows of the dataframe
data frame.head()
```

5 rows x 30 columns

```
# adding the 'target' column to the data frame
data_frame['label'] = breast_cancer_dataset.target
```

```
# print last 5 rows of the dataframe
data_frame.tail()
```

```
↗
```

	mean radius	mean texture	mean perimeter	mean area	mean smoothness	mean compactness	mean concavity	mean concave points	mean symmetry	mean fractal dimension	...	worst texture	worst perimeter	w
564	21.56	22.39	142.00	1479.0	0.11100	0.11590	0.24390	0.13890	0.1726	0.05623	...	26.40	166.10	2
565	20.13	28.25	131.20	1261.0	0.09780	0.10340	0.14400	0.09791	0.1752	0.05533	...	38.25	155.00	1
566	16.60	28.08	108.30	858.1	0.08455	0.10230	0.09251	0.05302	0.1590	0.05648	...	34.12	126.70	1
567	20.60	29.33	140.10	1265.0	0.11780	0.27700	0.35140	0.15200	0.2397	0.07016	...	39.42	184.60	1
568	7.76	24.54	47.92	181.0	0.05263	0.04362	0.00000	0.00000	0.1587	0.05884	...	30.37	59.16	1

5 rows × 31 columns

```
# number of rows and columns in the dataset
data_frame.shape
```

```
↗ (569, 31)
```

```
# getting some information about the data
data_frame.info()
```

```
↗
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 569 entries, 0 to 568
Data columns (total 31 columns):
 #   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   mean radius                          569 non-null    float64
 1   mean texture                         569 non-null    float64
 2   mean perimeter                       569 non-null    float64
 3   mean area                           569 non-null    float64
 4   mean smoothness                     569 non-null    float64
 5   mean compactness                    569 non-null    float64
 6   mean concavity                      569 non-null    float64
 7   mean concave points                 569 non-null    float64
 8   mean symmetry                       569 non-null    float64
 9   mean fractal dimension              569 non-null    float64
10   radius error                        569 non-null    float64
11   texture error                       569 non-null    float64
12   perimeter error                     569 non-null    float64
13   area error                         569 non-null    float64
14   smoothness error                    569 non-null    float64
15   compactness error                   569 non-null    float64
16   concavity error                     569 non-null    float64
17   concave points error                569 non-null    float64
18   symmetry error                      569 non-null    float64
19   fractal dimension error              569 non-null    float64
20   worst radius                        569 non-null    float64
21   worst texture                       569 non-null    float64
22   worst perimeter                     569 non-null    float64
23   worst area                         569 non-null    float64
24   worst smoothness                    569 non-null    float64
25   worst compactness                   569 non-null    float64
26   worst concavity                     569 non-null    float64
27   worst concave points                569 non-null    float64
28   worst symmetry                      569 non-null    float64
29   worst fractal dimension              569 non-null    float64
30   label                              569 non-null    int64
dtypes: float64(30), int64(1)
memory usage: 137.9 KB
```

```
# checking for missing values
data_frame.isnull().sum()
```



	0
mean radius	0
mean texture	0
mean perimeter	0
mean area	0
mean smoothness	0
mean compactness	0
mean concavity	0
mean concave points	0
mean symmetry	0
mean fractal dimension	0
radius error	0
texture error	0
perimeter error	0
area error	0
smoothness error	0
compactness error	0
concavity error	0
concave points error	0
symmetry error	0
fractal dimension error	0
worst radius	0
worst texture	0
worst perimeter	0
worst area	0
worst smoothness	0
worst compactness	0
worst concavity	0
worst concave points	0
worst symmetry	0
worst fractal dimension	0
label	0

dtype: int64

```
# statistical measures about the data
data_frame.describe()
```



	mean radius	mean texture	mean perimeter	mean area	mean smoothness	mean compactness	mean concavity	mean concave points	mean symmetry	mean fractal dimension	...
count	569.000000	569.000000	569.000000	569.000000	569.000000	569.000000	569.000000	569.000000	569.000000	569.000000	...
mean	14.127292	19.289649	91.969033	654.889104	0.096360	0.104341	0.088799	0.048919	0.181162	0.062798	...
std	3.524049	4.301036	24.298981	351.914129	0.014064	0.052813	0.079720	0.038803	0.027414	0.007060	...
min	6.981000	9.710000	43.790000	143.500000	0.052630	0.019380	0.000000	0.000000	0.106000	0.049960	...
25%	11.700000	16.170000	75.170000	420.300000	0.086370	0.064920	0.029560	0.020310	0.161900	0.057700	...
50%	13.370000	18.840000	86.240000	551.100000	0.095870	0.092630	0.061540	0.033500	0.179200	0.061540	...
75%	15.780000	21.800000	104.100000	782.700000	0.105300	0.130400	0.130700	0.074000	0.195700	0.066120	...
max	28.110000	39.280000	188.500000	2501.000000	0.163400	0.345400	0.426800	0.201200	0.304000	0.097440	...

8 rows × 31 columns

```
# checking the distribution of Target Varibale
data_frame['label'].value_counts()
```

	count
label	
1	357
0	212

dtype: int64

1 --> Benign

0 --> Malignant

```
data_frame.groupby('label').mean()
```

	mean radius	mean texture	mean perimeter	mean area	mean smoothness	mean compactness	mean concavity	mean concave points	mean symmetry	mean fractal dimension	...	worst radius
label												
0	17.462830	21.604906	115.365377	978.376415	0.102898	0.145188	0.160775	0.087990	0.192909	0.062680	...	21.134811
1	12.146524	17.914762	78.075406	462.790196	0.092478	0.080085	0.046058	0.025717	0.174186	0.062867	...	13.379801

2 rows × 30 columns

Separating the features and target

```
X = data_frame.drop(columns='label', axis=1)
Y = data_frame['label']
```

```
print(X)
```

565	0.10340	0.14400	0.09791	0.1752
566	0.10230	0.09251	0.05302	0.1590
567	0.27700	0.35140	0.15200	0.2397
568	0.04362	0.00000	0.00000	0.1587
	mean fractal dimension	...	worst radius	worst texture \
0	0.07871	...	25.380	17.33
1	0.05667	...	24.990	23.41
2	0.05999	...	23.570	25.53
3	0.09744	...	14.910	26.50
4	0.05883	...	22.540	16.67
..
564	0.05623	...	25.450	26.40
565	0.05533	...	23.690	38.25
566	0.05648	...	18.980	34.12
567	0.07016	...	25.740	39.42
568	0.05884	...	9.456	30.37
	worst perimeter	worst area	worst smoothness	worst compactness \
0	184.60	2019.0	0.16220	0.66560
1	158.80	1956.0	0.12380	0.18660
2	152.50	1709.0	0.14440	0.42450
3	98.87	567.7	0.20980	0.86630
4	152.20	1575.0	0.13740	0.20500

```

0      0.11890
1      0.08902
2      0.08758
3      0.17300
4      0.07678
..      ...
564     0.07115
565     0.06637
566     0.07820
567     0.12400
568     0.07039

```

```
[569 rows x 30 columns]
```

```
print(Y)
```

```

0      0
1      0
2      0
3      0
4      0
..      ..
564     0
565     0
566     0
567     0
568     1
Name: label, Length: 569, dtype: int64

```

Splitting the data into training data & Testing data

```
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, random_state=2)
```

```
print(X.shape, X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
```

```
(569, 30) (455, 30) (114, 30)
```

Standardize the data

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

```
scaler = StandardScaler()
```

```
X_train_std = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
```

```
X_test_std = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

```

# importing tensorflow and Keras
import tensorflow as tf
tf.random.set_seed(3)
from tensorflow import keras

```

setting up the layers of Neural Network

```

model = keras.Sequential([
    keras.layers.Flatten(input_shape=(30,)),
    keras.layers.Dense(20, activation='relu'),
    keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='sigmoid')
])

```

```

/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/keras/src/layers/reshaping/flatten.py:37: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_c
super().__init__(**kwargs)

```

compiling the Neural Network

```

model.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])

```

training the Neural Network

```
history = model.fit(X_train_std, Y_train, validation_split=0.1, epochs=10)
```

```

Epoch 1/10
13/13 — 3s 92ms/step - accuracy: 0.6854 - loss: 0.5907 - val_accuracy: 0.8913 - val_loss: 0.4292
Epoch 2/10
13/13 — 0s 6ms/step - accuracy: 0.8555 - loss: 0.4023 - val_accuracy: 0.9348 - val_loss: 0.3120
Epoch 3/10

```

```

13/13 ————— 0s 6ms/step - accuracy: 0.9162 - loss: 0.3016 - val_accuracy: 0.9348 - val_loss: 0.2466
Epoch 4/10
13/13 ————— 0s 6ms/step - accuracy: 0.9410 - loss: 0.2435 - val_accuracy: 0.9348 - val_loss: 0.2047
Epoch 5/10
13/13 ————— 0s 7ms/step - accuracy: 0.9494 - loss: 0.2053 - val_accuracy: 0.9565 - val_loss: 0.1760
Epoch 6/10
13/13 ————— 0s 6ms/step - accuracy: 0.9509 - loss: 0.1777 - val_accuracy: 0.9565 - val_loss: 0.1555
Epoch 7/10
13/13 ————— 0s 6ms/step - accuracy: 0.9598 - loss: 0.1567 - val_accuracy: 0.9565 - val_loss: 0.1397
Epoch 8/10
13/13 ————— 0s 6ms/step - accuracy: 0.9664 - loss: 0.1402 - val_accuracy: 0.9565 - val_loss: 0.1275
Epoch 9/10
13/13 ————— 0s 6ms/step - accuracy: 0.9787 - loss: 0.1269 - val_accuracy: 0.9565 - val_loss: 0.1179
Epoch 10/10
13/13 ————— 0s 6ms/step - accuracy: 0.9799 - loss: 0.1160 - val_accuracy: 0.9565 - val_loss: 0.1104

```

Visualizing accuracy and loss

```

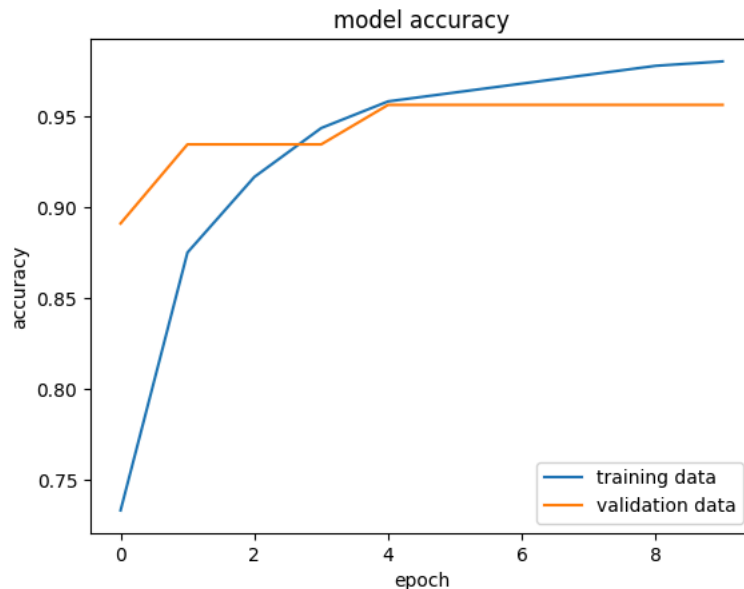
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])

plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')

plt.legend(['training data', 'validation data'], loc = 'lower right')

```

↗ <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x79c57bdae10>



```

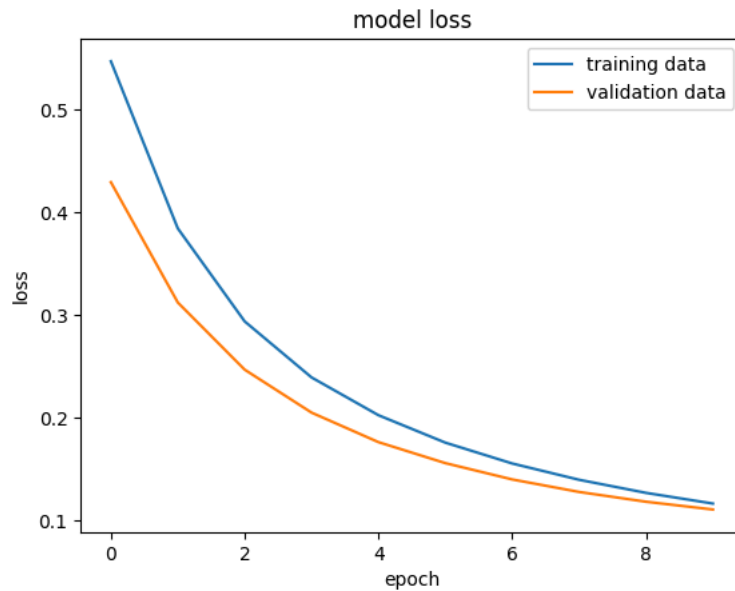
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])

plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')

plt.legend(['training data', 'validation data'], loc = 'upper right')


```

 <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x79c57bd16710>




Accuracy of the model on test data

```
loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(X_test_std, Y_test)
print(accuracy)
```

 4/4 ————— 0s 94ms/step - accuracy: 0.9651 - loss: 0.1069
0.9649122953414917


```
print(X_test_std.shape)
print(X_test_std[0])
```

 (114, 30)
[-0.04462793 -1.41612656 -0.05903514 -0.16234067 2.0202457 -0.11323672
0.18500609 0.47102419 0.63336386 0.26335737 0.53209124 2.62763999
0.62351167 0.11405261 1.01246781 0.41126289 0.63848593 2.88971815
-0.41675911 0.74270853 -0.32983699 -1.67435595 -0.36854552 -0.38767294
0.32655007 -0.74858917 -0.54689089 -0.18278004 -1.23064515 -0.6268286]


```
Y_pred = model.predict(X_test_std)
```

 4/4 ————— 0s 40ms/step

```
print(Y_pred.shape)
print(Y_pred[0])
```

 (114, 2)
[0.4896841 0.9292942]

```
print(X_test_std)
```

 [[-0.04462793 -1.41612656 -0.05903514 ... -0.18278004 -1.23064515
-0.6268286]
[0.24583601 -0.06219797 0.21802678 ... 0.54129749 0.11047691
0.0483572]
[-1.26115925 -0.29051645 -1.26499659 ... -1.35138617 0.269338
-0.28231213]
...
[0.72709489 0.45836817 0.75277276 ... 1.46701686 1.19909344
0.65319961]
[0.25437907 1.33054477 0.15659489 ... -1.29043534 -2.22561725
-1.59557344]
[0.84100232 -0.06676434 0.8929529 ... 2.15137705 0.35629355
0.37459546]]

```
print(Y_pred)
```



```
[9.58952308e-01 7.15354200e-02]
[8.43964756e-01 9.54346120e-01]
[9.77803469e-01 4.40334156e-03]
[9.10227776e-01 1.21170156e-01]
[1.74297720e-01 5.49629927e-01]
[8.37107122e-01 8.78640532e-01]
[7.68183649e-01 1.95523232e-01]
[9.84420776e-01 1.00305500e-02]
[1.67858273e-01 8.17001462e-01]
[6.49039745e-01 1.63872615e-01]
[1.36969797e-02 8.28537226e-01]
[5.98057985e-01 1.51040152e-01]
[7.00484589e-02 8.05805683e-01]
[3.99227440e-02 6.73314631e-01]
[4.47756648e-01 6.85958683e-01]
[4.93220061e-01 3.00570101e-01]
[9.32083488e-01 2.00960711e-02]
[8.17510307e-01 6.88179731e-02]
[6.50133431e-01 2.82511003e-02]
[3.53340119e-01 8.81022215e-01]
[1.16706394e-01 7.64771700e-01]
[6.73648298e-01 5.15590549e-01]
[5.92761576e-01 9.93173778e-01]
[1.07719868e-01 8.56152952e-01]
[2.85010040e-01 6.86984181e-01]
[9.97849107e-01 2.18055421e-03]
[1.14024587e-01 7.98489571e-01]
[1.26894057e-01 4.78090793e-01]
[2.67476737e-01 9.80593204e-01]
[9.90631044e-01 5.36604449e-02]
[5.90171814e-01 1.86554804e-01]
[1.06074184e-01 7.13545382e-01]
[9.04580951e-01 2.11445596e-02]
[8.32978666e-01 3.29208411e-02]
[1.52823925e-01 4.92380500e-01]
[2.48545054e-02 9.09400821e-01]
[1.19159985e-02 8.81372392e-01]
[6.93197668e-01 1.65580690e-01]
[9.98948276e-01 7.55111570e-04]
[9.69142318e-01 2.45781196e-03]
[1.08432710e-01 5.93069017e-01]
[5.02252802e-02 9.03824151e-01]
[8.86870176e-03 9.85297859e-01]
[8.86030272e-02 9.05318499e-01]
[5.41608632e-02 9.95704234e-01]
[3.22860926e-01 7.14575410e-01]
[9.60577726e-01 1.57558974e-02]
[9.36341941e-01 6.77333912e-03]
[6.56910717e-01 4.83646363e-01]
[6.92940235e-01 7.82594830e-02]]
```

model.predict() gives the prediction probability of each class for that data point

```
# argmax function
```

```
my_list = [0.25, 0.56]
```

```
index_of_max_value = np.argmax(my_list)
print(my_list)
print(index_of_max_value)
```

```
→ [0.25, 0.56]
1
```

```
# converting the prediction probability to class labels
```

```
Y_pred_labels = [np.argmax(i) for i in Y_pred]
print(Y_pred_labels)
```

```
→ [np.int64(1), np.int64(1), np.int64(1), np.int64(0), np.int64(1), np.int64(0), np.int64(1), np.int64(1), np.int64(1), np.int64(1), r
```

Building the predictive system

```
input_data = (11.76,21.6,74.72,427.9,0.08637,0.04966,0.01657,0.01115,0.1495,0.05888,0.4062,1.21,2.635,28.47,0.005857,0.009758,0.01168,0
```

```
# change the input_data to a numpy array
input_data_as_numpy_array = np.asarray(input_data)
```

```
# reshape the numpy array as we are predicting for one data point
input_data_reshaped = input_data_as_numpy_array.reshape(1,-1)
```

```
# standardizing the input data
input_data_std = scaler.transform(input_data_reshaped)
```



```
prediction = model.predict(input_data_std)
print(prediction)
```

```
prediction_label = [np.argmax(prediction)]
print(prediction_label)
```

```
if(prediction_label[0] == 0):
    print('The tumor is Malignant')
```

```
else:
    print('The tumor is Benign')
```

 1/1  0s 129ms/step