

# Assignment 6

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Download all python codes from

<https://github.com/Dhatri-nanda/AS6/blob/main/Assignment6/code.py>

and latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/Dhatri-nanda/AS6/blob/main/Assignment6/Assignment6.tex>

And also,

$$\Pr(x < X \leq y) = F(y) - F(x) \quad (2.0.7)$$

Given,

$$n = 0 \quad (2.0.8)$$

So from (2.0.7)

$$\Pr(X = 0) = F(0) \quad (2.0.9)$$

Therefore, the probability that no customer arrives at the ATM facility from 1:00pm to 1:18pm is

$$\Pr(X = 0)$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^0}{0!} \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$= e^{-3/2} \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$\sim 0.22 \quad (2.0.12)$$

## 1 PROBLEM

Suppose customers arrive at an ATM facility according to Poisson process with rate 5 customers per hour. The probability (rounded off to two decimal places) that no customer arrives at the ATM facility from 1:00pm to 1:18pm.

## 2 SOLUTION

Given, Poisson rate

$$\lambda = 5 \quad (2.0.1)$$

The time interval is given as 1:00 pm to 1:18 pm

Then, the length of the interval

$$\tau = \frac{18}{60} - \frac{0}{60} \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$= \frac{3}{10} \quad (2.0.3)$$

Thus, if  $X$  is the number of arrivals in that interval, we can write

$$X \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda\tau) = \text{Poisson}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) \quad (2.0.4)$$

We know that, if  $X(n)$  has a Poisson distribution whose parameter is  $k$  then

$$\Pr(X = n) = \left( \frac{k^n e^{-k}}{n!} \right) \quad (2.0.5)$$

CDF is:

$$F(X = n) = \sum_{x=0}^n \left( \frac{k^n e^{-k}}{n!} \right) \quad (2.0.6)$$

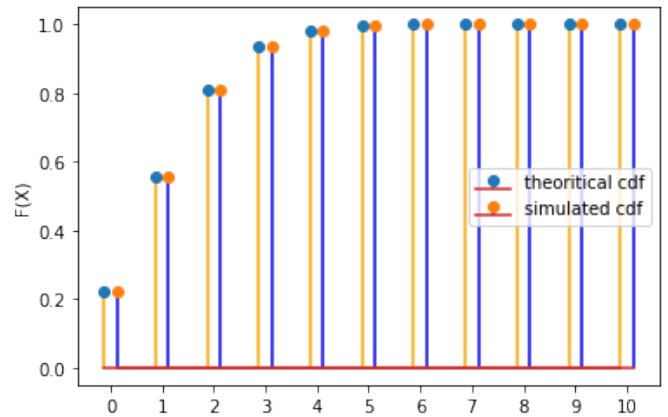


Fig. 0: Theoretical CDF Vs Simulated CDF

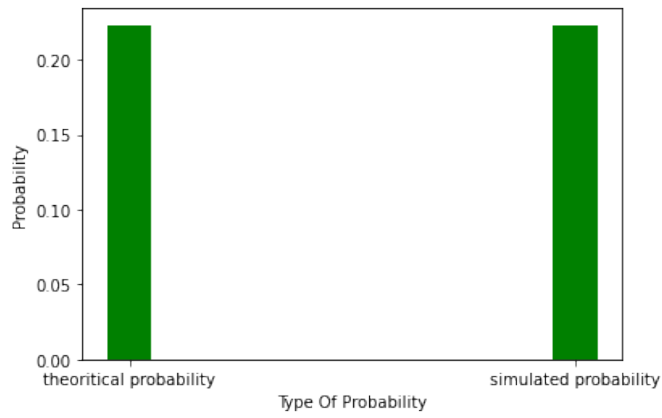


Fig. 0: Theoretical result Vs Simulated result