

## Binary Search Tree Insertion

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

// Basic struct of Tree

struct node

{

    int val;

    struct node *left, *right;

};

// Function to create a new Node

struct node* newNode(int item)

{

    struct node* temp = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));

    temp->val = item;

    temp->left = temp->right = NULL;

    return temp;

}

// Function print the node in inorder format, when insertion is complete

void inorder(struct node* root)

{

    if (root != NULL)

    {

        inorder(root->left);

        printf("%d \n", root->val);

        inorder(root->right);

    }

}

// Here we are finding where to insert the new node so BST is followed

struct node* insert(struct node* node, int val)

{

    //Write your code here

}
```

```
int main()
{
    struct node* root = NULL;
    root = insert(root, 100);
    insert(root, 60);
    insert(root, 40);
    insert(root, 80);
    insert(root, 140);
    insert(root, 120);
    insert(root, 160);

    // Finally printing the tree using inorder
    inorder(root);

    return 0;
}
```