

### Check if a Tree is Binary Search Tree

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node* left;
    struct node* right;
};

static struct node *prev = NULL;

/*Function to check whether the tree is BST or not*/
int is_bst(struct node* root)
{
    //Write your code here
}

struct node* newNode(int data)
{
    struct node* node = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    node->data = data;
    node->left = NULL;
    node->right = NULL;
    return(node);
}

int main()
{
    /*
```

The input tree is as shown below

```

    40
   /\
  20 60
```

```

    /\   \
10   30  80

    \
    90

```

```

*/
struct node *root = newNode(40);
root->left = newNode(20);
root->right = newNode(60);
root->left->left = newNode(10);
root->left->right = newNode(30);
root->right->right = newNode(80);
root->right->right->right = newNode(90);
if (is_bst(root))
    printf("TREE 1 Is BST");
else
    printf("TREE 1 Not a BST");
prev = NULL;
/*

```

The input tree is as shown below

```

    50
    /\
   20 30
  /\
 70  80

 /\   \
10  40 60

```

```

*/

```

```
struct node *root1 = newNode(50);
root1->left = newNode(20);
root1->right = newNode(30);
root1->left->left = newNode(70);
root1->left->right = newNode(80);
root1->left->left->right = newNode(40);
root1->left->left->left = newNode(90);
if (is_bst(root1))
    printf("TREE 2 Is BST");
else
    printf("TREE 2 Not a BST");
return 0;
}
```