## 1

## Assignment 2

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**Question 10:** Bag A contains 4 white balls and 3 black balls, while Bag B contains 3 white balls and 5 black balls. Two balls are drawn from Bag A and placed in Bag B. Then, what is the probability of drawing a white ball from Bag B?

Solution: See Tables (I) and (II) for the input prob-

Event	Description
$X_1 = 1$	First ball drawn from bag A is white
$X_2 = 1$	Second ball drawn from bag A is white
$X_3 = 1$	Ball drawn from bag B is white

TABLE I

Probability	Value
$\Pr\left(X_1=1\right)$	$\frac{4}{7}$
$\Pr\left(X_1 = 0\right)$	$\frac{3}{7}$
$\Pr\left(X_2 = 1   X_1 = 1\right)$	$\frac{3}{6}$
$\Pr\left(X_2 = 1   X_1 = 0\right)$	$\frac{\frac{4}{6}}{3}$
$\Pr\left(X_2 = 0   X_1 = 1\right)$	$\frac{3}{6}$
$\Pr\left(X_2 = 0   X_1 = 0\right)$	$\frac{2}{6}$
$\Pr(X_3 = 1   X_1 = 1, X_2 = 1)$	$\frac{5}{10}$
$Pr(X_3 = 1   X_1 = 0, X_2 = 1)$	$\frac{4}{10}$
$\Pr\left(X_3 = 1   X_1 = 0, X_2 = 0\right)$	$\frac{3}{10}$
$\Pr\left(X_4 = 1\right)$	?

TABLE II

abilities. The desired probability is then obtained from Table (II) as

$$\Pr(X_3 = 1) = \sum_{i=0}^{1} \sum_{j=0}^{1} \Pr(X_3 = 1 | X_1 = i, X_2 = j)$$

$$\times \Pr(X_2 = j | X_1 = i)$$

$$\times \Pr(X_1 = i) \quad (1)$$

$$= \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{2}{6} \times \frac{3}{7} + \frac{4}{10} \times \frac{4}{6} \times \frac{3}{7} + \frac{4}{10} \times \frac{3}{6} \times \frac{4}{7} + \frac{5}{10} \times \frac{3}{6} \times \frac{4}{7}$$
 (2)

$$= \frac{3}{70} + \frac{8}{70} \times 2 + \frac{10}{70}$$

$$= \frac{29}{70}$$
(3)

Hence, the probability of drawing a white ball from bag B is  $\frac{29}{70}$ .