Assignment 3

Velma Dhatri Reddy AI21BTECH11030

CBSE Probability Grade 10

Exercise 15.1 Q13: A die is thrown once. Find the probability of getting

- (i) a prime number
- (ii) a number lying between 2 and 6
- (iii) an odd number

Solution: Let the random variable X denote the number that appears on rolling the die. The sample space is $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$. The CDF can be obtained from the PMF as follows:

$$F_X(k) = \sum_{i=1}^{i=k} \Pr(X=i) = k \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{k}{6}$$
 (1)

Hence, using Fig.1

(i) The probability of getting a prime number

=
$$\Pr(X = 2) + \Pr(X = 3) + \Pr(X = 5)$$
 (2)
= $3 \times \frac{1}{6}$ (3)

$$=\frac{3}{6}\tag{4}$$

$$=0.5\tag{5}$$

(ii) The probability of getting a number lying between 2 and 6 is

$$\Pr(2 < X \le 5) = F_X(5) - F_X(2)$$
 (6)
= $\frac{5}{6} - \frac{2}{6}$ (7)
= $\frac{3}{6}$ (8)

$$=0.5$$
 (9)

$$= \sum_{i=0}^{i=2} \Pr(X = 2 \times i + 1)$$
 (10)

$$=3\times\frac{1}{6}\tag{11}$$

$$=\frac{3}{6}\tag{12}$$

$$=0.5 \tag{13}$$

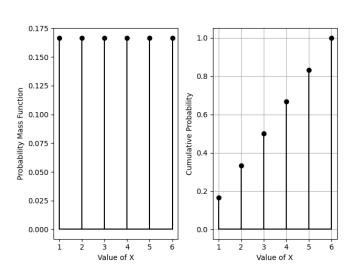


Fig. 1. Plot of the PMF (left) and CDF (right) of an unbiased die