

Assignment 6

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CBSE Probability Grade 12

Exercise 13.2.5: A die marked 1,2,3 in red and 4,5,6 in green is tossed. Let A be the event, 'the number is even', and B be the event, 'the number is red'. Are A and B independent?

Solution: Let the random variable X denote the number that appears on rolling the die. The sample space is $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$. Hence, using pmf from Fig.1

Event A: The number is even The sample space for event A is $\{2, 4, 6\}$.

$$\Pr(X \in A) = \sum_{i=1}^{i=3} \Pr(X = 2 \times i) \quad (1)$$

$$= 3 \times \frac{1}{6} \quad (2)$$

$$= \frac{3}{6} \quad (3)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \quad (4)$$

Event B: The number is red The sample space for event B is $\{1, 2, 3\}$.

$$\Pr(X \in B) = \sum_{i=1}^{i=3} \Pr(X = i) \quad (5)$$

$$= 3 \times \frac{1}{6} \quad (6)$$

$$= \frac{3}{6} \quad (7)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \quad (8)$$

Two events A and B are independent if $\Pr(X \in AB) = \Pr(X \in A) \times \Pr(X \in B)$

$$AB = \{2\} \quad (9)$$

$$\Pr(X \in AB) = \frac{n(x \in AB)}{n(x \in S)} \quad (10)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \quad (11)$$

$$\Pr(X \in A) \times \Pr(X \in B) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\neq \Pr(X \in AB) = \frac{1}{6} \quad (12)$$

Hence, A and B are dependent events.

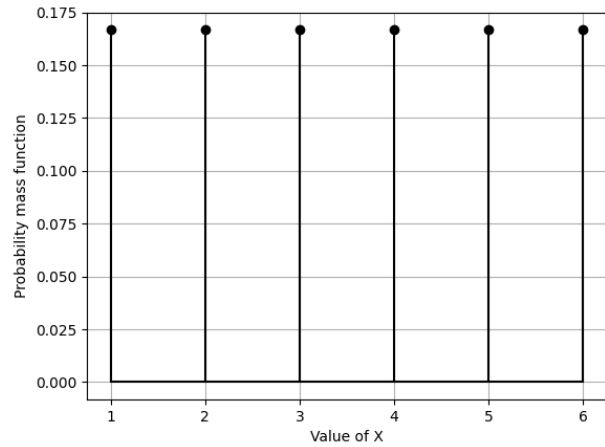


Fig. 1. Plot of the PMF of an unbiased die