	from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV gridSearchCV from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV from sklearn.model_s
[17]:	min 29.000000 0.000000 0.000000 94.000000 126.000000 0.000000 71.000000 0.000000
	df.isnull().sum() age 0 sex 0 cp 0 trtbps 0 chol 0 fbs 0 restecg 0 thalachh 0 exng 0 oldpeak 0
[18]:	slp 0 caa 0 thall 0 output 0 dtype: int64 df.dtypes age int64 sex int64 cp int64
	trtbps int64 chol int64 fbs int64 restecg int64 thalachh int64 exng int64 cldpeak float64 slp int64 caa int64 thall int64 cutput int64
[19]:	<pre>dtype: object #removing duplicate rows print('Duplicate Rows count :',df.duplicated().sum()) duplicate Rows count : 1 df = df.drop_duplicates(keep="first") print('Duplicate Rows count :',df.duplicated().sum())</pre>
[27]:	<pre>puplicate Rows count : 0 #correlation Heatmap plt.figure(figsize=(12,6)) sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True) </pre> <pre></pre> <pre><axessubplot:></axessubplot:></pre> <pre> age - 1</pre>
	Sex - 0.095
	exng - 0.093
	df.head() ***Market** **Market** ***Market** ***Market** ***Market** ***Market** **Market** ***Market** ***Market** ***Market** ***Market** **Market** ***Market** **Market** **Market**
[29]: [[29]: _	3 56 1 1 1 120 236 0 1 178 0 0.8 2 0 2 1 4 57 0 0 120 354 0 1 163 1 0.6 2 0 2 1 df.describe() yellow a sex
	mean 54.42053 0.682119 0.963576 131.602649 246.500000 0.149007 0.526490 149.569536 0.327815 1.043046 1.397351 0.718543 2.314570 0.543046 std 9.04797 0.466426 1.032044 17.563394 51.753489 0.356686 0.526027 22.903527 0.470196 1.161452 0.616274 1.006748 0.613026 0.498970 min 29.00000 0.000000 94.000000 126.000000 0.000000 0.000000 71.000000 0.000000
[60]:	max 77.0000 1.00000 3.00000 200.00000 564.00000 1.00000 202.00000 1.00000 6.20000 2.00000 4.00000 3.00000 1.00000 # Scaling data def scaler(method, data, columns_scaler): if method == 'standartScaler': Standart = StandardScaler()
	<pre>df_standart = data.copy() df_standart[columns_scaler]=Standart.fit_transform(df_standart[columns_scaler]) return df_standart elif method == 'minMaxScaler': MinMax= MinMaxScaler()</pre>
	<pre>df_minmax = data.copy() df_minmax[columns_scaler]=MinMax.fit_transform(df_minmax[columns_scaler]) return df_minmax elif method =='npLog': df_nplog = data.copy()</pre>
	<pre>df_nplog[columns_scaler]=np.log(df_nplog[columns_scaler]) return df_nplog elif method == 'default': return data</pre>
[61]:	method = 'minMaxScaler' data = df columns_scaler = ['age', 'trtbps', 'chol', 'thalachh'] df_scaler = scaler(method, data, columns_scaler) df_scaler.head() age sex cp trtbps chol fbs restecg thalachh exng oldpeak slp caa thall output
	0 0.708333
	<pre>if method == 'labelEncoder': df_lbl = dataframe.copy() for col in columns_label: label = LabelEncoder() label.fit(list(dataframe[col].values)) df_lbl[col] = label.transform(df_lbl[col].values)</pre> return df_lbl
	<pre>elif method == 'oneHotEncoder': df_oh = dataframe.copy() df_oh= pd.get_dummies(data = df_oh, prefix = 'OHE', prefix_sep='_',</pre>
-	return df_oh elif method == 'default': return dataframe Training and prediction Without Hyperparameter Tuning
	<pre>X = df_scaler.drop('output', axis=1) y = df_scaler['output'] X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.3,random_state=16) print('Train : ', X_train.shape, y_train.shape) print('Test : ', X_test.shape, y_test.shape) Train : (211, 13) (211,) Test : (91, 13) (91,) RandomForestClassifier=RandomForestClassifier(random_state = 42)</pre>
	RandomForestClassifier.fit(X_train, y_train) train_pred = RandomForestClassifier.predict(X_train) test_pred = RandomForestClassifier.predict(X_test) print('Train Accuracy Score :', accuracy_score(y_train,train_pred)) print('Test Accuracy Score :', accuracy_score(y_test, test_pred)) Train Accuracy Score : 1.0
F	<pre>Test Accuracy Score : 0.8131868131868132 Iyperparameter Tuning def classifier_gridsearch(param_grid_data, model_params, func_input): last=[] model_params=model_params for params in param_grid_data: result = {}</pre>
	<pre>result['encoder'] = params['encoder'] result['scaler'] = params['scaler'] result['random_state'] = params['random_state'] result['test_size'] = params['test_size'] data = encoder(method = params['encoder'], dataframe = func_input['data'], columns_label = func_input['columns_label'], columns_onehot = func_indata = scaler(params['scaler'], data,func_input['columns_scaler']) X = data.drop(func_input['output'],axis=1) y = data[func_input['output']].values.reshape(-1,)</pre>
	<pre>X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=params['test_size'],random_state=params['random_state']) for model_name, mp in model_params.items(): res={} res=result clf = GridSearchCV(mp['model'], mp['params'], cv=5, return_train_score=False) clf.fit(X_train, y_train) pred = clf.predict(X_test) test_score = accuracy_score(y_test, pred) res['model']=model_name</pre>
[57]:	<pre>res['best_score']=clf.best_score res['test_score']=test_score res['best_params']=clf.best_params_ last.append(res) result = pd.DataFrame(last, columns=['encoder', 'scaler', 'random_state', 'test_size', 'model', 'best_score', 'test_score', 'best_params']) return result from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier</pre>
	<pre>param_grid_data = { 'encoder' : ['default'], 'scaler' : ['standartScaler', 'minMaxScaler', 'npLog', 'default'], 'random_state' : [16], 'test_size' : [0.3] } param_grid_data = [dict(zip(param_grid_data.keys(), v)) for v in itertools.product(*param_grid_data.values())] func_input = {</pre>
	<pre>'columns_label': [], 'columns_onehot' : [], 'columns_scaler' : ['age', 'trtbps', 'chol', 'thalachh'], 'output' : ['output'], 'data' : df, } RFC_params = { 'RFC': { 'model': RandomForestClassifier(), 'model': RandomForestClassifier(), 'paramel : ['oritorian' : ['oritorian' : lostropy/]</pre>
[62]: [[59]:	'params': {'criterion': ['gini', 'entropy'], # 'gini', 'entropy'
[59]: _	encoder scaler random_state test_size model best_score test_score best_params 0 default standartScaler 16 0.3 RFC 0.833887 0.824176 {criterion': 'entropy', 'max_depth': 20, 'max 1 default npLog 16 0.3 RFC 0.833887 0.824176 {criterion': 'entropy', 'max_depth': 20, 'max 3 default default 16 0.3 RFC 0.833887 0.824176 {criterion': 'entropy', 'max_depth': 20, 'max
	Best Hyperparameter and Data Selection for the Model def best_params(model_name, result): best_index =np.argmax(result['test_score']) best_params = result['best_params'][best_index] best_encoder = result['encoder'][best_index] best_scaler = result['scaler'][best_index]
	<pre>best_scaler = result[scaler </pre>
	<pre>'test_size' : best_test_size } return best_params best_params = best_params('RFC Classifier', RFC_result) Model Name: RFC Classifier Best Params: {'criterion': 'entropy', 'max_depth': 20, 'max_features': 'auto', 'n_estimators': 200, 'random_state': 42} Best Encoder: default</pre>
	<pre>Sest Scaler: standartScaler Best Random State: 16 Best Test Size: 0.3 def best_data(best_params_rfc, func_input): data = encoder(best_params['encoder'], func_input['data'], func_input['columns_label'], func_input['columns_onehot']) data = scaler(best_params['scaler'], data, func_input['columns_scaler']) X = data.drop(func_input['output'],axis=1) y = data[func_input['output']].values.reshape(-1,)</pre>
	X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=best_params['test_size'],random_state=best_params['random_state']) return X, y, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test Training and Predition with The Best Parameter RFC=RandomForestClassifier(criterion = best_params['params']['criterion'], max_depth = best_params['params']['max_depth'], max_features = best_params['params']['pa
	<pre>X, y, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = best_data(best_params, func_input) RFC.fit(X_train, y_train) train_pred = RFC.predict(X_train) test_pred = RFC.predict(X_test) print(accuracy_score(y_train, train_pred))</pre>
(print(accuracy_score(y_test, test_pred)) 1.0 2.82417582417 Comparision of Actual and Predictd Values def plot_confusion_matrix(cm, classes=None, title='Confusion matrix'):
73]:	<pre>if classes is not None:</pre>
	<pre>cm = confusion_matrix(y_train, y_pred) cm_norm = cm/cm.sum(axis=1)[:, np.newaxis] plt.figure() plot_confusion_matrix(cm_norm, classes=RFC.classes_, title='Training confusion') Training confusion 1 0 -0.8</pre>
[74]:	Predicted label y_pred = RFC.predict(X_test) cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred) cm_norm = cm/cm.sum(axis=1)[:, np.newaxis] plt.figure() plot_confusion_matrix(cm_norm, classes=RFC.classes_, title='Testing confusion') Testing confusion Testing confusion
	-0.73 0.27 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4
[]:[0.071 0.93 OPREDICTED 10.93 OPREDICTED 1