## Chapter 13 Properties of Triangle

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3)	The sum of the radii of inscribed and	circum-
	scribed circles for an n sided regular	polygon
	of side a, is	(2003)

- a)  $\frac{a}{4} \cot \left(\frac{\pi}{2n}\right)$  c)  $\frac{a}{2} \cot \left(\frac{\pi}{2n}\right)$ b)  $a \cot \left(\frac{\pi}{n}\right)$  d)  $a \cot \left(\frac{\pi}{2n}\right)$

4) In a triangle ABC, medians AD and BE are drawn. If 
$$AD = 4$$
,  $\angle DAB = \frac{\pi}{6}$  and  $\angle ABE = \frac{\pi}{3}$ , then the area of the  $\triangle ABC$  is (2003)

- b)  $\frac{8}{3}$  c)  $\frac{16}{3}$  d)  $\frac{32}{3\sqrt{3}}$

5) If in 
$$\triangle ABC$$
  $a\cos^2\left(\frac{C}{2}\right) + c\cos^2\left(\frac{A}{2}\right) = \frac{3b}{2}$ , then the sides  $a, b$  and  $c$  (2003)

- a) satisfy a + b = c
- c) are in G.P.
- b) are in A.P.
- d) are in H.P.
- 6) The sides of a triangle  $\sin \alpha, \cos \alpha$  and  $\sqrt{1 + \sin \alpha \cos \alpha}$  for some  $0 < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2}$ . Then the greatest angle of the triangle is (2004)
  - a) 150°
- b) 90°
- c) 120°
- d) 60°

## 7) A person standing on the bank of a river observes that the angle of elevation of the top of a tree on the opposite bank of the river is 60° and when he retires 40 meters away from the tree, the angle of elevation becomes 30°. The breadth of the river is (2004)

- a) 60*m*
- b) 30*m*
- c) 40m
- d) 20*m*

8) In a triangle *ABC*, let 
$$\angle C = \frac{\pi}{2}$$
. If *r* is the inradius and *R* is the circumradius of the triangle *ABC*, then  $2(R + r)$  equals (205)

- a) b+c
- b) a+b
- c) a+b+c d) c+a

9) If in a 
$$\triangle ABC$$
, let the altitudes from the vertices  $A, B, C$  on opposite sides are in H.P., then  $\sin A, \sin B, \sin C$  are in (2005)

c) A.P. - G.P.

d) *H.P.* 

10) A tower stand at the centre of a circular park. A and B are two points on the boundary of the park such that 
$$AB (= a)$$
 subtends an angle of  $60^{\circ}$  at the foot of the tower, and the angle of elevation of the top of the tower from A or B is  $30^{\circ}$ . The height of the tower is (2007)

- a)  $\frac{a}{\sqrt{3}}$  b)  $a\sqrt{3}$  c)  $\frac{2a}{\sqrt{3}}$  d)  $2a\sqrt{3}$

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11) AB is a vertical pole with B at the ground level and A at the top. A man finds that the angle of elevation the the point A from a certain point C on the ground is 60°. He moves away from the pole along the line BC to a point D such that CD = 7m. From D the angle of elevation of point A is 45°. Then the height of the pole (2008)

a) 
$$\frac{7\sqrt{3}}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}-1} m$$
 c)  $\frac{7\sqrt{3}}{2} \left(\sqrt{3}-1\right) m$  b)  $\frac{7\sqrt{3}}{2} \left(\sqrt{3}+1\right) m$  d)  $\frac{7\sqrt{3}}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+1} m$ 

c) 
$$\frac{7\sqrt{3}}{2} (\sqrt{3} - 1) m$$

b) 
$$\frac{7\sqrt{3}}{2} \left( \sqrt{3} + 1 \right) m$$

d) 
$$\frac{7\sqrt{3}}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+1} m$$

12) For a regular polygon, let r and R be the radii of the inscribed and the circumscribed circles. A false statement among the following is (2010)

- a) There is a regular polygon with  $\frac{r}{R} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ b) There is a regular polygon with  $\frac{r}{R} = \frac{2}{3}$

- c) There is a regular polygon with  $\frac{r}{R} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ d) There is a regular polygon with  $\frac{r}{R} = \frac{1}{2}$

13) A bird is sitting on the top of a vertical pole 20m high and its elevation from a point O on the ground is 45°. It flies off horizontally straight away from the point O. After one second, the elevation of the bird from O is reduced to 30°. Then the speed in (in m/s) of the bird is (JEE M 2014)

a) 
$$20\sqrt{2}$$

c) 
$$40(\sqrt{2}-1)$$

b) 
$$20(\sqrt{3}-1)$$

a) 
$$20\sqrt{2}$$
  
b)  $20(\sqrt{3}-1)$   
c)  $40(\sqrt{2}-1)$   
d)  $40(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2})$ 

14) If the angle of elevation of the top of a tower from three colinear points A, B and C on a line leading to foot of the tower, are 30°, 45° and 60° respectively, then the ratio, AB : BC, is:

(JEE M 2015)

a)  $1: \sqrt{3}$ 

b) 2:3

c)  $\sqrt{3} : 1$ d)  $\sqrt{3} : \sqrt{2}$ 

15) Let a vertical tower AB have its end A on the level ground. Let C be the mid-point of AB and P be a point on the ground such that AP = 2AB. If  $\angle BPC = \beta$ , then  $\tan \beta$  is equal to:

(JEE M 2017)

a)  $\frac{4}{9}$ 

b)  $\frac{6}{7}$  c)  $\frac{1}{4}$  d)  $\frac{2}{9}$ 

16) PQR is a triangular park with PQ = PR =200m. A T.V. tower stands at the mid-point of QR. If the angles of the elevation of the top of the tower at P,Q and R are respectively 45°, 30° and 30°, then the height of the tower (in m) is: (JEE M 2018)

a) 50

c)  $50\sqrt{2}$ 

b)  $100\sqrt{3}$ 

d) 100