```
import os
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import random
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import keras.backend as K
from keras.models import Model, Sequential
from keras.layers import Input, Dense, Flatten, Dropout, BatchNormalization
from \ keras.layers \ import \ Conv2D, \ Separable Conv2D, \ MaxPool2D, \ Leaky ReLU, \ Activation
from keras.optimizers import Adam
from \ keras.preprocessing.image \ import \ ImageDataGenerator
from \ keras. callbacks \ import \ Model Checkpoint, \ Reduce LROn Plateau, \ Early Stopping
import tensorflow as tf
seed = 232
np.random.seed(seed)
tf.random.set_seed(seed)
                                                              + Code
                                                                          + Text
path = './chest_xray/'
fig, ax = plt.subplots(2, 3, figsize=(15, 10))
ax = ax.ravel()
plt.tight_layout()
for i, _set in enumerate(['train', 'val', 'test']):
    set_path = path + _set
    ax[i].imshow(plt.imread(set_path+'/NORMAL/'+os.listdir(set_path+'/NORMAL')[0]), cmap='gray')
    ax[i].set_title('Set: {}, Condition: Normal'.format(_set))
    ax[i+3].imshow(plt.imread(set_path+'/PNEUMONIA/'+os.listdir(set_path+'/PNEUMONIA')[0]), cmap='gray')
    ax[i+3].set_title('Set: {}, Condition: Pneumonia'.format(_set))
               Set: train, Condition: Norma
```

```
def process_data(img_dims, batch_size):
    # Data generation objects
    train_datagen = image_gen = ImageDataGenerator(
                                 rescale = 1./255,
                                  shear_range = 0.2,
                                  zoom_range = 0.2,
                                  horizontal_flip = True,
   test_val_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
                                    rescale=1./255
    # This is fed to the network in the specified batch sizes and image dimensions
    train_gen = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(
                   directory= path + 'train',
                   target size=(img dims, img dims),
                   batch_size=batch_size,
                    class_mode='binary',
                   shuffle=True)
    test_gen = test_val_datagen.flow_from_directory(
                   directory= path + 'test',
                    target_size=(img_dims, img_dims),
                    batch size=batch size,
                   class_mode='binary',
                   shuffle=True)
    val_gen = test_val_datagen.flow_from_directory(
                   directory= path + 'val',
                    target_size=(img_dims, img_dims),
                   batch_size=batch_size,
                   class_mode='binary',
                   shuffle=True)
    test_data = []
    test_labels = []
    for cond in ['/NORMAL/', '/PNEUMONIA/']:
        for img in (os.listdir(path + 'test' + cond)):
            img = plt.imread(path + 'test' + cond + img)
            img = cv2.resize(img, (img_dims, img_dims))
            img = np.dstack([img, img, img])
            img = img.astype('float32') / 255
            if cond=='/NORMAL/':
               label = 0
            elif cond=='/PNEUMONIA/':
               label = 1
            test_data.append(img)
            test_labels.append(label)
    test_data = np.array(test_data)
    test_labels = np.array(test_labels)
    return train_gen, test_gen, test_data, test_labels
img_dims = 150
epochs = 10
batch size = 32
train_gen, test_gen, test_data, test_labels = process_data(img_dims, batch_size)
     Found 5216 images belonging to 2 classes.
     Found 624 images belonging to 2 classes.
     Found 16 images belonging to 2 classes.
```

```
## CNN Architecture
inputs = Input(shape=(img_dims, img_dims, 3))
# First conv block
x = Conv2D(filters=16, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same')(inputs)
x = Conv2D(filters=16, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
x = MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2))(x)
# Second conv block
x = SeparableConv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
x = SeparableConv2D(filters=32, kernel\_size=(3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
x = BatchNormalization()(x)
x = MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2))(x)
# Third conv block
x = SeparableConv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
x = SeparableConv2D(filters=64, kernel size=(3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
x = BatchNormalization()(x)
x = MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2))(x)
# Fourth conv block
x = SeparableConv2D(filters=128, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
x = SeparableConv2D(filters=128, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
x = BatchNormalization()(x)
x = MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 2))(x)
x = Dropout(rate=0.2)(x)
# Fifth conv block
x = SeparableConv2D(filters=256, kernel\_size=(3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
x = SeparableConv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
x = BatchNormalization()(x)
x = MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2))(x)
x = Dropout(rate=0.2)(x)
# FC layer
x = Flatten()(x)
x = Dense(units=512, activation='relu')(x)
x = Dropout(rate=0.7)(x)
x = Dense(units=128, activation='relu')(x)
x = Dropout(rate=0.5)(x)
x = Dense(units=64, activation='relu')(x)
x = Dropout(rate=0.3)(x)
# Output laver
output = Dense(units=1, activation='sigmoid')(x)
# Creating model and compiling
model = Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=output)
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
# Callbacks
checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint(filepath='best_weights.hdf5', save_best_only=True, save_weights_only=True)
lr_reduce = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='val_loss', factor=0.3, patience=2, verbose=2, mode='max')
early_stop = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', min_delta=0.1, patience=1, mode='min')
hist = model.fit(
       train_gen, steps_per_epoch=train_gen.samples // batch_size,
       epochs=epochs, validation data=test gen,
       validation_steps=test_gen.samples // batch_size, callbacks=[checkpoint, lr_reduce])
   Epoch 1/10
   Epoch 2/10
   Epoch 3/10
             163/163 [===
   Epoch 4/10
   163/163 [=====
               Epoch 5/10
   163/163 [==
               ===========] - 112s 689ms/step - loss: 0.1529 - accuracy: 0.9463 - val_loss: 0.3881 - val_accuracy: 0.80
   Epoch 6/10
   Epoch 00006: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 0.0003000000142492354.
   Epoch 7/10
   Epoch 8/10
   Epoch 00008: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 9.000000427477062e-05.
   Epoch 9/10
   Epoch 10/10
```

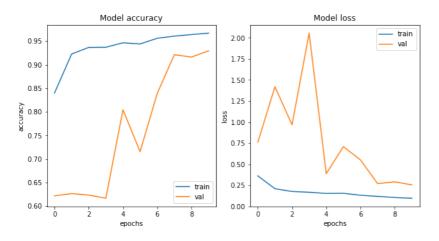
```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(10, 5))
ax = ax.ravel()

for i, met in enumerate(['accuracy', 'loss']):
    ax[i].plot(hist.history[met])
    ax[i].plot(hist.history['val_' + met])

    ax[i].set_title('Model {}'.format(met))

    ax[i].set_xlabel('epochs')
    ax[i].set_ylabel(met)

    ax[i].legend(['train', 'val'])
```



from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix

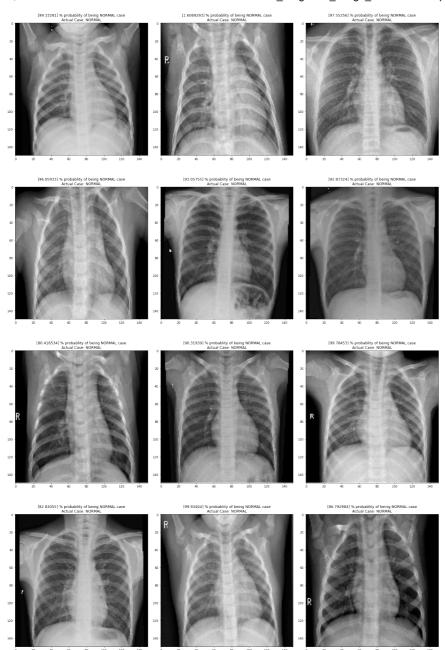
```
preds = model.predict(test_data)
acc = accuracy_score(test_labels, np.round(preds))*100
cm = confusion_matrix(test_labels, np.round(preds))
tn, fp, fn, tp = cm.ravel()
print('CONFUSION MATRIX -----')
print(cm)
print('\nTEST METRICS ----')
precision = tp/(tp+fp)*100
recall = tp/(tp+fn)*100
print('Accuracy: {}%'.format(acc))
print('Precision: {}%'.format(precision))
print('Recall: {}%'.format(recall))
print('F1-score: {}'.format(2*precision*recall/(precision+recall)))
print('\nTRAIN METRIC ----')
print('Train acc: {}'.format(np.round((hist.history['accuracy'][-1])*100, 2)))
    CONFUSION MATRIX -----
    [[200 34]
     [ 9 381]]
    TEST METRICS -----
    Accuracy: 93.10897435897436%
    Precision: 91.80722891566265%
    Recall: 97.6923076923077%
    F1-score: 94.6583850931677
    TRAIN METRIC -----
    Train acc: 96.68
```

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```

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(4, 3, figsize=(20, 30))
ax = ax.ravel()
plt.tight_layout()

for i in range(12):
    ax[i].imshow(test_data[i], cmap='gray')

    if test_labels[i] == 0:
        ax[i].set_title('{} % probablity of being NORMAL case'.format((1 - preds[i])*100) + '\n' + 'Actual Case: NORMAL')
    else:
        ax[i].set_title('{} % probablity of being PNEUMONIA case'.format(preds[i]*100) + '\n' + 'Actual Case: PNEUMONIA')
```



```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(4, 3, figsize=(20, 30))
ax = ax.ravel()
plt.tight_layout()
for i in range(12):
    for j in range(234, 246):
        ax[i].imshow(test_data[j])
        if test_labels[j] == 0:
            ax[i].set\_title('\{\}\ \%\ probablity\ of\ being\ NORMAL\ case'.format((1\ -\ preds[j])*100)\ +\ '\n'\ +\ 'Actual\ Case:\ NORMAL')
             ax[i].set\_title('\{\}\ \%\ probablity\ of\ being\ PNEUMONIA\ case'.format(preds[j]*100)\ +\ '\n'\ +\ 'Actual\ Case:\ PNEUMONIA')
```