CS23336-Introduction to Python Programming

Started on Friday, 23 August 2024, 12:31 PM

State Finished

Completed on Monday, 26 August 2024, 8:58 PM

Time taken 3 days 8 hours **Marks** 10.00/10.00

Grade 100.00 out of 100.00

Question 1

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag guestion

Ouestion text

An e-commerce company plans to give their customers a special discount for Christmas. They are planning to offer a flat discount. The discount value is calculated as the sum of all the prime digits in the total bill amount.

Write an algorithm to find the discount value for the given total bill amount.

Input

The input consists of an integer order value, representing the total bill amount.

Output

Print an integer representing the discount value for the given total bill amount.

Example Input

578

Output

12

Explanation:

Since 5 and 7 are the prime digits, then sum of 5+7=12

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %) Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page? Falling back to raw text area.

```
def is_prime(n):
    if n<2:
        return False
    for i in range(2,
int(n**0.5)+1):
        if n%i==0:
        return False
    return True

def sum(num):
        sum_p=0
        for digit in
str(num):
        if
is_prime(int(digit)):

sum_p+=int(digit)
    return sum_p</pre>
```

Input Expected Got 578 12 12 5 456 5 7032 12 12 Passed all tests! Correct Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00. **Question 2** Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 Flag question **Question text** Let's print a chessboard! Write a program that takes input: Integer N(represents the rows and columns of a chessboard) and also the starting character of the chessboard **Output Format** Print the chessboard as per the given examples Sample Input / Output Input: W Output: WB BW Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %) Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page?

Feedback

Input Expected Got

Falling back to raw text area.

num=int(input())
char=input()

for i in range(num):
 for j in range(num):
 if(i+j)%2==0:

print(char,end="") else:

char=="W" else "W",end="") print()

print("B"if

2	WB	WB
W	BW	BW
3	BWB	BWB
В	WBW	WBW
_	BWB	BWB
Pass	ed all test	s!
Corr	ect	
Mark	s for this	submis

mission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 3

Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 ☑ Flag question

Question text

An automorphic number is a number whose square ends with the number itself.

For example, 5 is an automorphic number because 5*5 = 25. The last digit is 5 which same as

the given number.

If it is an automorphic number display "Automorphic" else display "Not Automorphic".

Input Format:

Take a Integer from Keyboard

Output Format:

Print Automorphic if given number is Automorphic number, otherwise Not Automorphic

Example input:

5

Output:

Automorphic

Example input:

25

Output:

Automorphic

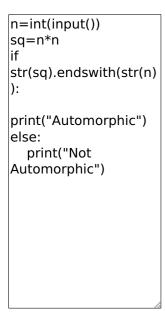
Example input:

Output:

Not Automorphic

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %) Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page?

Falling back to raw text area.



Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
5	Automorphic	Automorphic
625	Automorphic	Automorphic
7	Not Automorphic	Not Automorphic

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 4

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Write a program to find the count of the number of prime numbers in a specified range.

The starting and ending number of the range will be provided as input to the program.

Assumption: 2 <=starting number of the range<= ending number of the range<=7919

Example1: If the starting and ending number or the range is given as 2 and 20, the program must return 8, because there are 8 prime numbers in the specified range from 2 to 20. namely (2. 3. 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19)

Example 2: If the starting and ending number of the range is given as 700 and 725, the program must return 3, because there are 3 prime numbers in the specified range from 700 to 725, namely (701, 709, 719)

For example:

Input Result

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page?

Falling back to raw text area.

```
start=int(input())
end=int(input())
count=0
for num in
range(start,end+1):
  if num>1:
    is_prime=True
    for i in
range(2,int(num**0.5)
+1):
       if num%i==0:
is_prime=False
          break
    if is_prime:
       count+=1
print(count)
```

Feedback

Input Expected Got

```
2 8 8
700 3 3
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 5

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Given an integer N, check whether N the given number can be made a perfect square after adding to it.

Input Format:

Single integer input.

Output Format:

Yes or No.

Example Input:

24

Output:

Yes

Example Input:

26

Output:

No

For example:

Input Result

```
24
       Yes
```

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %) Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page? Falling back to raw text area.

```
n=int(input())
m=1
while True:
  square=m*m
  if square >=n:
    x=square-n
    if x>0:
       print("Yes")
       break
  m+=1
  if m*m-n>m:
    print("No")
     break
```

Feedback

Input Expected Got

24 Yes Yes 26 Nο Nο

Passed all tests!

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 6

Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 Flag question

Question text

Write a program to find the count of non-repeated digits in a given number N. The number will be passed to the program as an input of type int.

Assumption: The input number will be a positive integer number >= 1 and <= 25000.

Some examples are as below.

If the given number is 292, the program should return 1 because there is only 1 non-repeated digit '9' in this number

If the given number is 1015, the program should return 2 because there are 2 non-repeated digits in this number, '0', and '5'.

If the given number is 108, the program should return 3 because there are 3 non-repeated digits in this number, '1', '0', and '8'.

If the given number is 22, the function should return 0 because there are NO non-repeated digits in this number.

For example:

Input Result

3

292 1 2

1015

108

```
22 0
```

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %) Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page? Falling back to raw text area.

```
n=int(input())
n_str=str(n)
digit_count={}

for digit in n_str:
    if digit in
digit_count:

digit_count[digit]+=
1
    else:

digit_count[digit]=1

non_repeat_count=0
for count in
digit_count.values():
    if count==1:
```

Feedback

Input Expected Got

292	1	1
1015	2	2
108	3	3
22	0	0

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 7

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Write a program to find the count of the number of prime numbers in a specified range.

The starting and ending number of the range will be provided as input to the program.

Assumption: 2 <=starting number of the range<= ending number of the range<=7919

Example1: If the starting and ending number or the range is given as 2 and 20, the program must return 8, because there are 8 prime numbers in the specified range from 2 to 20. namely (2. 3. 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19)

Example 2: If the starting and ending number of the range is given as 700 and 725, the program must return 3, because there are 3 prime numbers in the specified range from 700 to 725, namely (701, 709, 719)

For example:

Input Result

8

2 20

)

```
Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page?
Falling back to raw text area.
start=int(input())
end=int(input())
count=0
for num in
range(start,end+1):
  if num>1:
     is_prime=True
     for i in
range(2,int(num**0.
5)+1):
num%i==0:
is_prime=False
          break
     if is prime:
       count+=1
```

Feedback

700

725

3

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

Input Expected Got

```
2
20
8
8
700
725
3
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 8

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Write python program to print the following pattern based on input size.

Input:

3

Output:

1 23 456

For example:

Input Result

```
1
2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9 10
```

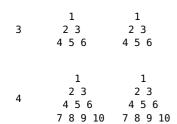
```
Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page?
Falling back to raw text area.

n=int(input())
num=1
for i in range(1,n+1):
    print(" "*(n-i),end="")
    for j in
range(1,i+1):
        print(num,end="
")
        num+=1
    print()
```

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

Feedback

Input Expected Got



Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 9

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

You are choreographing a circus show with various animals. For one act, you are given two kangaroos on a number line ready to jump in the positive direction.

- •The first kangaroo starts at position x1 and moves at a speed v1 meters per jump.
- •The second kangaroo starts at position x2 and moves at a speed of v2 meters per jump and x2 > x1
- •You have to figure out to get both kangaroos at the same position at the same time as part of the show before k jumps. If it is possible, return YES, otherwise return NO.

Input Format:

x1-position of kangaroo1 v1-Speed of kangaroo1 x2-position of kangaroo2 v2-Speed of kangaroo2 k-jumps

Output Format:

Both kangaroos are at the same position within k jumps, YES, otherwise NO.

For example:

Input Result

```
0
3
4 YES
2
6
```

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page?

Falling back to raw text area.

```
x1=int(input())
v1=int(input())
x2=int(input())
v2=int(input())
k=int(input())
if(x1<x2 and
v1 <= v2)or(x2 < x1
and v2 <= v1):
  print("NO")
else:
  meet=False
  for i in range(k):
     x1+=v1
     x2+=v2
     if x1 = = x2:
       meet=True
       break
```

Feedback

Input Expected Got

```
0 3 4 YES YES 2 6 0 3 2 NO NO 4 8
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 10

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Write a program that given an integer 'n', prints the number of integers that are less than or equal to 'n' and co-prime to 'n'

Two integers a and b are said to be relatively prime or co-prime if the only positive integer that evenly divides both of them is 1. That is, the only common positive factor of the two numbers is 1. This is equivalent to their greatest common divisor being 1.

Input Format:
One line containing the value of 'n', where 1<=n<=10,000
Output Format:
One line containing the number of integers that are co-prime to n and less than or equal to 'n'
Sample Test Cases
Test Case 1
Input
10
Output
4
Test Case 2
Input
23
Output
22
Test Case 3
Input
11
Output

```
Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page?
Falling back to raw text area.

def gcd(a,b):
    while b:
        a,b=b,a%b
    return a

n=int(input())
count=0
for i in range(1,n+1):
    if gcd(i,n)==1:
        count+=1

print(count)
```

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

Feedback

Input Expected Got

10	4	4
23	22	22
11	10	16

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Finish review

Skip Quiz navigation

Quiz navigation

Question 1 This page Question 2 This page Question 3 This page Question 4 This page Question 5 This page Question 6 This page Question 7 This page Question 8 This page Question 9 This page Question 10 This page

Show one page at a time Finish review