CS23336-Introduction to Python Programming

Started on Wednesday, 11 September 2024, 1:43 PM

State Finished

Completed on Wednesday, 11 September 2024, 2:35 PM

Time taken 52 mins 40 secs **Marks** 10.00/10.00

Grade 100.00 out of 100.00

Question 1

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Assume that the given string has enough memory.

Don't use any extra space(IN-PLACE)

Sample Input 1

a2b4c6

Sample Output 1

aabbbbcccccc

```
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)
```

```
1 - def ds(a):
        result=[]
        i=0
 4 -
        while i<len(a):</pre>
 5
            char=a[i]
 6
            count="
 8 =
            while i<len(a) and a[i].isdigit():</pre>
                count+=a[i]
                i+=1
11
           ct=int(count)
            result.append(char*ct)
12
13
        return ''.join(result)
14 a=input()
15 x=ds(a)
16 print(x)
```

Feedback

Input Expected Got

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 2

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

A pangram is a sentence where every letter of the English alphabet appears at least once.

Given a string sentence containing only lowercase English letters, return true if sentence is a pangram, or false otherwise.

Example 1:

Input:

the quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog

Output:

true

Explanation: sentence contains at least one of every letter of the English alphabet.

Example 2:

Input:

arvijayakumar

Output: false

Constraints:

1 <= sentence.length <= 1000

sentence consists of lowercase English letters.

For example:

Test Result

print(checkPangram('thequickbrownfoxjumpsoverthelazydog')) true

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 def checkPangram(s):
2     l="abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz"
3     for i in l:
4          if i not in s.lower():
5               return "false"
6     return "true"
```

Test

Expected Got

Passed all tests!

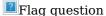
Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00



Question text

Consider the below words as key words and check the given input is key word or not.

keywords: {break, case, continue, default, defer, else, for, func, goto, if, map, range, return, struct, type, var}

Input format:

Take string as an input from stdin.

Output format:

Print the word is key word or not.

Example Input:

break

Output:

break is a keyword

Example Input:

IF

Output:

IF is not a keyword

For example:

Input Result

break break is a keyword

IF IF is not a keyword

```
1  a=input()
2  x=['break','case','continue','default','defer','else','for','func','goto','if','map','range','return','struct','type','var']
3 - if a in x:
4     print(f"{a} is a keyword")
5 = else:
6     print(f"{a} is not a keyword")
```

Input Expected Got

break break is a keyword break is a keyword

IF IF is not a keyword IF is not a keyword

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 4

Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Given a **non-empty** string s and an abbreviation abbr, return whether the string matches with the given abbreviation.

A string such as "word" contains only the following valid abbreviations:

["word", "lord", "w1rd", "wo1d", "wor1", "2rd", "w2d", "w02", "lo1d", "lor1", "w1r1", "lo2", "2r1", "3d", "w3", "4"]

Notice that only the above abbreviations are valid abbreviations of the string "word". Any other string is not a valid abbreviation of "word".

Note:

Assume s contains only lowercase letters and abbr contains only lowercase letters and digits.

Example 1:

Input

internationalization

i12iz4n

Output

true

Explanation

Given $\mathbf{s} =$ "internationalization", $\mathbf{abbr} =$ "i12iz4n":

Return true.

Example 2:

Input

apple

a2e

Output

false

Explanation

Given $\mathbf{s} = \text{"apple"}$, $\mathbf{abbr} = \text{"a2e"}$:

Return false.

```
1 = def vwa(s,abbr):
2
        i,j=0,0
 3 ∞
        while i<len(s) and j<len(abbr):</pre>
4 =
            if abbr[j].isdigit():
 5 -
                if abbr[j]=='0':
 6
                    return False
 7
                num=0
 8 =
                while j<len(abbr) and abbr[j].isdigit():</pre>
 9
                    num=num*10+int(abbr[j])
10
                    j+=1
11
                i+=num
12 -
            else:
                if i>=len(s) or abbr[j]!=s[i]:
13 -
14
                return False
15
                i+=1
                j+=1
16
17
        return i==len(s) and j==len(abbr)
18 s=input()
19 abbr=input()
20 x=vwa(s,abbr)
21 print('true' if x else 'false')
```

Expected Got Input

internationalization true true i12iz4n

apple false false a2e

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 5

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Write a Python program to get one string and reverses a string. The input string is given as an array of characters <code>char[]</code>.

You may assume all the characters consist of printable ascii characters.

Example 1:

Input: hello Output: olleh

Example 2:

Input: Hannah Output: hannaH

| Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %) | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | a=input() | | | |
| | b=a[::-1] | | | |
| 3 | <pre>print(b)</pre> | | | |
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Feedback

Input Expected Got

hello olleh olleh

Hannah hannaH hannaH Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 6

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

The program must accept N series of keystrokes as string values as the input. The character $^$ represents undo action to clear the last entered keystroke. The program must print the string typed after applying the undo operations as the output. If there are no characters in the string then print -1 as the output.

Boundary Condition(s):

```
1 \le N \le 100

1 \le Length of each string <= 100
```

Input Format:

The first line contains the integer N. The next N lines contain a string on each line.

Output Format:

The first N lines contain the string after applying the undo operations.

Example Input/Output 1:

Input:

3
Hey ^ goooo^^glee^
lucke^y ^charr^ms
ora^^nge^^^^

Output:

Hey google luckycharms

-1

```
1 - def pk(N,ks):
        results=[]
3 ☜
        for keystroke in ks:
4
            stack=[]
5 =
            for char in keystroke:
6 =
                if char=='^':
7 -
                    if stack:
8
                        stack.pop()
9 🖘
10
                    stack.append(char)
            result=''.join(stack) if stack else '-1'
11
12
            results.append(result)
```

```
return results
N=int(input())

ks=[input().strip() for j in range(N)]
results=pk(N,ks)
for result in results:
    print(result)
```

Input Expected Got

3
Hey ^ goooo^^glee^ luckycharms luckycharms
ora^^nge^^^^ -1 -1

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 7

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Given a string S which is of the format USERNAME@DOMAIN.EXTENSION, the program must print the EXTENSION, DOMAIN, USERNAME in the reverse order.

Input Format:

The first line contains S.

Output Format:

The first line contains EXTENSION. The second line contains DOMAIN. The third line contains USERNAME.

Boundary Condition:

1 <= Length of S <= 100

Example Input/Output 1:

Input:

abcd@gmail.com

Output:

com gmail abcd

For example:

Input Result

Feedback

| Input | Expected | Got |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| abcd@gmail.com | com gmail abcd | com gmail abcd |
| arvijayakumar@rajalakshmi.edu.in | edu.in rajalakshmi arvijayakumar | edu.in rajalakshmi arvijayakumar |

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 8

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Given a string, determine if it is a palindrome, considering only alphanumeric characters and ignoring cases.

Note: For the purpose of this problem, we define empty string as valid palindrome.

Example 1:

```
Input:
A man, a plan, a canal: Panama
Output:
1
```

Example 2:

```
Input:
race a car

Output:
0
```

Constraints:

• s consists only of printable ASCII characters.

Input Expected Got

```
A man, a plan, a canal: Panama 1 1 1 race a car 0 0
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 9

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Find if a String 2 is substring of String 1. If it is, return the index of the first occurrence. else return -1.

Sample Input 1

thistest123string

123

Sample Output 1

О

Input Expected Got

```
thistest123string 8
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 10

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Given a string s containing just the characters $'(', ')', '\{', '\}', '[' \text{ and } ']', \text{ determine if the input string is valid.}$

An input string is valid if:

Open brackets must be closed by the same type of brackets.

Open brackets must be closed in the correct order.

Constraints:

 $1 \le \text{s.length} \le 10^4$

s consists of parentheses only '()[]{}'.

For example:

Test Result print(ValidParenthesis("()")) true print(ValidParenthesis("()[]{}")) false

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 <del>def</del> ValidParenthesis(s):
        stack=[]
 3
        mp={')':'(',']':'[','}':'{'}
 4 -
        for char in s:
 5 🌞
            if char in mp.values():
 6
                stack.append(char)
 7 ∞
            elif char in mp:
 8 =
                if not stack or stack[-1]!=mp[char]:
 9
                    return "false"
10
                stack.pop()
11
        return "true" if not stack else 'false'
```

| Test | Expected | Got |
|--|----------|-------|
| <pre>print(ValidParenthesis("()"))</pre> | true | true |
| <pre>print(ValidParenthesis("()[]{}"))</pre> | true | true |
| <pre>print(ValidParenthesis("(]"))</pre> | false | false |

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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