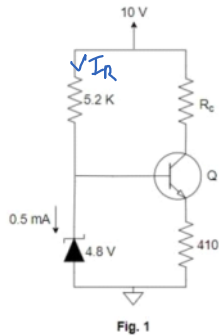


Q1. In the given circuit in Fig. 1, for the transistor Q, base to emitter drop ($V_{BE(ON)}$) is 0.7 V , $V_{ce(sat)} = 0.2\text{ V}$ and zener breakdown voltage is given to be 4.8 V .

- a.) Calculate the value for the dc current gain β for Q? Take $R_c = 330\text{ Ohm}$. [10 Marks]
b.) What is the range of R_c for which Q1 will remain in active region. [15 Marks]



Given:

$$01) a) R_c = 330(\text{ohm})$$

$$V_{ce \text{ breakdown}} = 4.8\text{ V}$$

$$I_E = I_B + I_C \quad [I_C = \beta I_B]$$

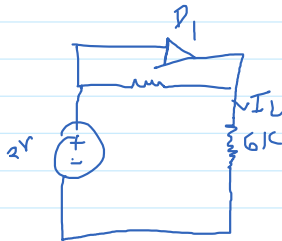
$$I_B = \frac{10 - 4.8}{5.2\text{ K}} = 1\text{ mA} \quad (1)$$

Assumption

$$I_C = \frac{10 - V_{ce \text{ sat}}}{R_c} = 28.1\text{ mA}$$

$$\text{Now we know } \beta = \frac{I_C}{I_B} = \frac{28.1}{(1\text{ mA} - 0.5\text{ mA})} = \boxed{56.2} = \beta$$

02) a)



$$\text{When diode is ON} \\ V = 2 - 0.7 = 1.3\text{ V}$$

solving using applying nodal

$$\frac{V}{6} + \left(\frac{2 - V}{2}\right) - I_{D1} = 0$$

$$\boxed{I_D = -\frac{0.8}{6}}$$

Now D_1 is Reverse bias

03) a) b) We can make NPN-BJT by connecting two PN junctions. We will share +ve terminal as base and rest 2 terminal as emitter and collector