

Dheeraj Agarwal

16UCS059

Assignment 9 – Blackboard Mosaic

CODE :

//DHEERAJ AGARWAL

//16UCS059

**//compilation command: g++ -std=c++11 -g mosac.cpp -o mosac.out -lopencv_core -
opencv_imgproc -lopencv_highgui -lopencv_imgcodecs -lopencv_calib3d**

//execution command: ./mosac.out

#include <stdio.h>

#include <iostream>

#include "opencv2/highgui/highgui.hpp"

#include "opencv2/imgproc/imgproc.hpp"

#include "opencv2/imgcodecs/imgcodecs.hpp"

#include "opencv2/core/core.hpp"

#include "opencv2/features2d/features2d.hpp"

#include "opencv2/calib3d/calib3d.hpp"

#include "opencv2/opencv.hpp"

```
using namespace cv;
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
//for finding the offset required for each image and also the max and min offset value to decide  
the dimension of stitched image
```

```
void findDim(Mat img,int &gmaxrow,int &gmaxcol,int &gminrow,int &gmincol,Mat  
homography){
```

```
    for(int a=0;a<5;a++){
```

```
        double H[3][3];
```

```
        //taking the values of homography in a matrix from a Mat object
```

```
        for(int we=0,k=0;we<3;we++){
```

```
            for(int j=0;j<3&& k<8;j++){
```

```
                H[we][j]= homography.at<double>(k++);
```

```
            H[2][2]=1;
```

```
            int maxrow=INT_MIN,maxcol=INT_MIN,minrow=INT_MAX,mincol=INT_MAX;
```

```
            //finding value of each pixel to get max and min offset value and select the global  
value
```

```
            for(int we=0;we<img.rows;we++){
```

```
                for(int j=0;j<img.cols;j++){
```

```
                    double k= H[2][0]*we + H[2][1]*j + H[2][2];
```

```
                    int inew= (H[0][0]*we + H[0][1]*j + H[0][2])/k;
```

```
                    int jnew= (H[1][0]*we + H[1][1]*j + H[1][2])/k;
```

```

        gmaxrow= max(gmaxrow,inew);

        gmaxcol= max(gmaxcol,jnew);

        gminrow= min(gminrow,inew);

        gmincol= min(gmincol,jnew);

    }

}

}

}

```

//function to remove projective distortion and plotting the points in res accordingly

```

void removeProjection(Mat img,Mat homography,int maxrow,int maxcol,int minrow,int mincol,Mat &res){

```

```

    double H[3][3];

```

```

    //taking the values of homography in a matrix from a Mat object

```

```

    for(int we=0,k=0;we<3;we++)

```

```

        for(int j=0;j<3&& k<8;j++)

```

```

            H[we][j]= homography.at<double>(k++);

```

```

    H[2][2]=1;

```

```

    //finding value of each pixel after removing distortion and plotting it in res

```

```

    for(int we=0;we<img.rows;we++){

```

```

        for(int j=0;j<img.cols;j++){

```

```

            double k= H[2][0]*we + H[2][1]*j + H[2][2];

```

```

            int inew= (H[0][0]*we + H[0][1]*j + H[0][2])/k;

```

```

            int jnew= (H[1][0]*we + H[1][1]*j + H[1][2])/k;

```

```

        //using reverse mapping

        res.at<Vec3b>(inew-minrow,jnew-mincol) = img.at<Vec3b>(we,j);

    }

}

}

int main( int argc, const char** argv ){

    //corresponding points in reference and given images

    vector<Point2d> Ref0 = { Point2d(542.91,87.901), Point2d(547.41,375.99),
Point2d(942.03,32.385), Point2d(1035.1,194.43), Point2d(1095.1,718.09),
Point2d(868.51,725.59), Point2d( 496.4,680.58), Point2d( 500.9,1048.2), Point2d(545.91,1372.3),
Point2d(733.47,701.59), Point2d(976.54,1196.7), Point2d(1044.1,1073.7),
Point2d(1120.6,893.64), Point2d(802.49,33.885), Point2d(886.52,592.05), Point2d( 834,260.45),
Point2d(520.41,1681.4), Point2d( 514.4,1953 ), Point2d(734.97,1948.5), Point2d(1154.3,1684.3),
Point2d(854.25,1666.3), Point2d(1007.3,1702.3), Point2d(794.99,1445.8),
Point2d(667.45,1109.7), Point2d(808.49,974.67)};

    vector<Point2d> Img0 = { Point2d(899.79,1003.8), Point2d(929.25,1303.3),
Point2d(1503.8,964.25), Point2d(1619.3,1153.3), Point2d(1635.8,1651.3),
Point2d(1349.3,1637.8), Point2d(882.01,1577.8), Point2d(901.52,1856.9), Point2d(969.04,
2082), Point2d(1174.6,1615.4), Point2d(1454.3,2006.8), Point2d(1544.3,1931.8),
Point2d(1655.3,1802.8), Point2d(1285.6,955.16), Point2d(1377.8,1528.3),
Point2d(1325.3,1210.3), Point2d(953.25,2267.8), Point2d(956.25,2411.8),
Point2d(1173.8,2429.8), Point2d(1616.3,2321.8), Point2d(1296.8,2284.3),
Point2d(1455.8,2323.3), Point2d(1234.6,2149.5), Point2d(1098.1, 1917),
Point2d(1266.1,1834.4)};

    vector<Point2d> Ref1 = { Point2d(553.42,372.99), Point2d(701.96,284.46),
Point2d(886.52,589.05), Point2d( 499.4,685.08), Point2d(632.94,718.09),
Point2d(793.49,724.09), Point2d(972.04,725.59), Point2d(1104.1,973.17),
Point2d(1047.1,1073.7), Point2d(862.51,958.16), Point2d(691.79,999.72),
Point2d(592.43,971.67), Point2d( 499.4,1001.7), Point2d(527.91,1163.7),
Point2d(622.44,1265.8), Point2d(773.98,1207.2), Point2d(885.02,1243.2),

```

**Point2d(1288.6,1685.9), Point2d(994.55,1720.4), Point2d(739.47,1681.4),
Point2d(524.91,1826.9), Point2d(526.41,2095.5), Point2d(731.97, 2106), Point2d(1173.1,1861.4),
Point2d(957.04,2056.5)} ;**

**vector<Point2d> Img1 = { Point2d(1347.8,112.25), Point2d(1649.3,125.75),
Point2d(1604.3,734.75), Point2d(1014.1,503.53), Point2d(1155.1,671.58),
Point2d(1353.2,820.12), Point2d(1583.3,980.75), Point2d(1536.8,1424.8),
Point2d(1373.3,1489.2), Point2d(1242.1,1175.7), Point2d(1002.1,1064.7),
Point2d(898.52,952.16), Point2d(763.48,904.15), Point2d(682.45,1120.2),
Point2d(721.47,1313.8), Point2d(949.54,1369.3), Point2d(1029.1,1522.3),
Point2d(1163.3,2336.8), Point2d(815.25,2113.3), Point2d(553.42,1841.9),
Point2d(242.82,1804.4), Point2d(101.78,2056.5), Point2d(296.84,2242.5),
Point2d(906.02,2398.6), Point2d(542.91,2383.6)};**

**vector<Point2d> Ref2 = { Point2d(529.41,2092.5), Point2d(518.91,1945.5),
Point2d(524.91,1831.4), Point2d(515.9,1685.9), Point2d(739.47, 2031), Point2d(737.97,1738.4),
Point2d(866.25,1856.8), Point2d(996.75,1726.3), Point2d(905.25,2344.3),
Point2d(1070.3,2101.3), Point2d(1137.8,1808.8), Point2d(550.42,1376.8),
Point2d(616.44,1162.2), Point2d(524.91,899.65), Point2d(686.96,1067.7),
Point2d(770.98,974.67), Point2d(872.25,1036.3), Point2d(1002.8,1075.3),
Point2d(1089.8,1207.3), Point2d(1137.1,1618.4), Point2d(1210.6,1261.3),
Point2d(1252.6,1163.7), Point2d(888.02,1387.3), Point2d(856.51,1661.9),
Point2d(999.05,2209.5)};**

**vector<Point2d> Img2 = { Point2d(764.25,1478.8), Point2d(722.25,1273.3),
Point2d(699.75,1103.8), Point2d(675.75,910.25), Point2d(1071.8,1312.3),
Point2d(995.25,907.25), Point2d(1209.8,1024.2), Point2d(1374.2,806.62),
Point2d(1418.3,1742.8), Point2d(1614.8,1313.8), Point2d(1622.3,874.25),
Point2d(655.45,538.04), Point2d(707.96,273.96), Point2d(544.41,32.385),
Point2d(785.99,144.92), Point2d(873.01,26.383), Point2d(1017.1,51.89), Point2d(1198.6,57.892),
Point2d(1336.7,161.42), Point2d(1536.8,629.75), Point2d(1529.3,182.75), Point2d(1568.3,65.75),
Point2d(1118.3,449.75), Point2d(1143.8,787.25), Point2d(1539.8,1496.8)};**

**vector<Point2d> Ref3 = { Point2d(1310.3,2359.3), Point2d(1274.3,2186.8),
Point2d(1262.3,1904.8), Point2d(1293.1,1678.4), Point2d(1113.1,1678.4),
Point2d(1104.8,2129.8), Point2d(995.25,2207.8), Point2d(983.25,2444.8),
Point2d(867.75,1852.3), Point2d(996.75,1718.8), Point2d(888.75,2336.8),
Point2d(737.97,1685.9), Point2d(736.47, 2103), Point2d(520.41,1832.9), Point2d(635.94, 2055),
Point2d(1252.6,1166.7), Point2d(1087.6,1204.2), Point2d(1000.6,1078.2),
Point2d(883.52,1244.7), Point2d(772.48,1384.3), Point2d(548.91,1376.8),**

**Point2d(619.44,1154.7), Point2d(775.48,1127.7), Point2d(954.75,2021.8),
Point2d(1092.8,1951.3));**

**vector<Point2d> Img3 = { Point2d(1243.6,1750.4), Point2d(1183.6,1475.8),
Point2d(1167.1,1046.7), Point2d(1212.8,739.25), Point2d(948.75,734.75),
Point2d(909.75,1375.3), Point2d(737.25,1484.8), Point2d(680.25,1873.3),
Point2d(557.92,950.66), Point2d(769.48,782.61), Point2d(540.75,1687.3),
Point2d(391.37,721.09), Point2d(329.85,1307.8), Point2d(55.266,908.65), Point2d(
179.8,1231.2), Point2d(1168.6,95.404), Point2d(928.53,143.42), Point2d(820.5,0.8751),
Point2d(644.94,197.43), Point2d(487.4,347.48), Point2d(169.3,335.48), Point2d(295.34,90.902),
Point2d(511.4,54.891), Point2d(684.75,1204.3), Point2d(905.25,1112.8));**

**vector<Point2d> Ref4 = { Point2d(547.41,80.399), Point2d(379.36,89.402), Point2d(611.93,
404.5), Point2d(692.96,113.41), Point2d(831,126.91), Point2d(981.04,212.44),
Point2d(1128.8,221.75), Point2d(1098.1,716.59), Point2d(897.02, 992.67),
Point2d(878.25,725.75), Point2d(755.25,764.75), Point2d(774.75,1124.8),
Point2d(618.75,823.25), Point2d(531.75,838.25), Point2d(614.25,1127.8),
Point2d(516.75,1105.3), Point2d(1091.3,1198.3), Point2d(1104.8,971.75),
Point2d(1253.3,1160.8), Point2d(945.03,26.383), Point2d(1096.6,32.385),
Point2d(1364.3,196.25), Point2d(1382.3,745.25), Point2d(876.01,559.04),
Point2d(766.48,329.47));**

**vector<Point2d> Img4 = { Point2d(232.32,1127.7), Point2d(31.259,1198.2),
Point2d(391.37,1498.3), Point2d(418.38,1121.7), Point2d(601.43,1096.2),
Point2d(806.99,1148.7), Point2d(992.25,1112.8), Point2d(1111.6,1738.4), Point2d(948.03,
2172), Point2d(836.25,1823.8), Point2d(683.25,1915.3), Point2d(818.25,2396.8),
Point2d(522.75,2033.8), Point2d(402.75,2086.3), Point2d(602.25,2453.8),
Point2d(470.25,2462.8), Point2d(1272.1,2407.6), Point2d(1216.6,2080.5),
Point2d(1492.7,2284.6), Point2d(713.96,950.66), Point2d(892.52,902.65),
Point2d(1277.3,1007.8), Point2d(1497.8,1685.8), Point2d(779.98,1618.4),
Point2d(575.92,1348.3));**

**//vector for storing the homography matrix for each image relative to corresponding
image**

vector<Mat> homography;

homography.push_back(findHomography(Img0,Ref0));

homography.push_back(findHomography(Img1,Ref1));

```
homography.push_back(findHomography(Img2,Ref2));
```

```
homography.push_back(findHomography(Img3,Ref3));
```

```
homography.push_back(findHomography(Img4,Ref4));
```

```
//reading the reference image
```

```
Mat ref = imread("ref.jpg",CV_LOAD_IMAGE_UNCHANGED);
```

```
assert(&ref);
```

```
//for storing all the given images
```

```
Mat img[5];
```

```
//will be used to find the dimension of result image
```

```
int gmaxrow=INT_MIN,gmaxcol=INT_MIN,gminrow=INT_MAX,gmincol=INT_MAX;
```

```
//reading all given images
```

```
for(int we=0;we<5;we++){
```

```
    string name="m"+to_string(we)+".jpg";
```

```
    img[we]= imread(name,CV_LOAD_IMAGE_UNCHANGED);
```

```
    assert(&img[we]);
```

```
}
```

```
//creating a window named Image
```

```
namedWindow("Image", CV_WINDOW_NORMAL);
```

```
resizeWindow("Image",1200,1200);
```

```
//calling findDim function for each image
```

```
for(int a=0;a<5;a++)  
    findDim(img[a],gmaxrow,gmaxcol,gminrow,gmincol,homography[a]);  
  
//wether global max values are less than reference image row and cols if not then update  
it  
  
gmaxrow = max(gmaxrow,ref.rows);  
gmaxcol = max(gmaxcol,ref.cols);  
  
//object res is created using global max and min values  
Mat res(gmaxrow-gminrow+1, gmaxcol-gmincol+1, CV_8UC3, Scalar(0,0,0));  
  
//loop for all the given images  
for(int a=0;a<5;a++){  
    string name="mnew"+to_string(a)+".jpg";  
    //calling removeProjection function  
    removeProjection(img[a],homography[a],gmaxrow,gmaxcol,gminrow,gmincol,res);  
    imwrite(name,res);  
    imshow("Image", res);  
    waitKey(0);  
}  
  
//plotting the points of reference image as it was for better image  
for(int we=0;we<ref.rows;we++)  
    for(int j=0;j<ref.cols;j++)  
        res.at<Vec3b>(we-gminrow,j-gmincol) = ref.at<Vec3b>(we,j);  
  
imshow("Image",res);
```



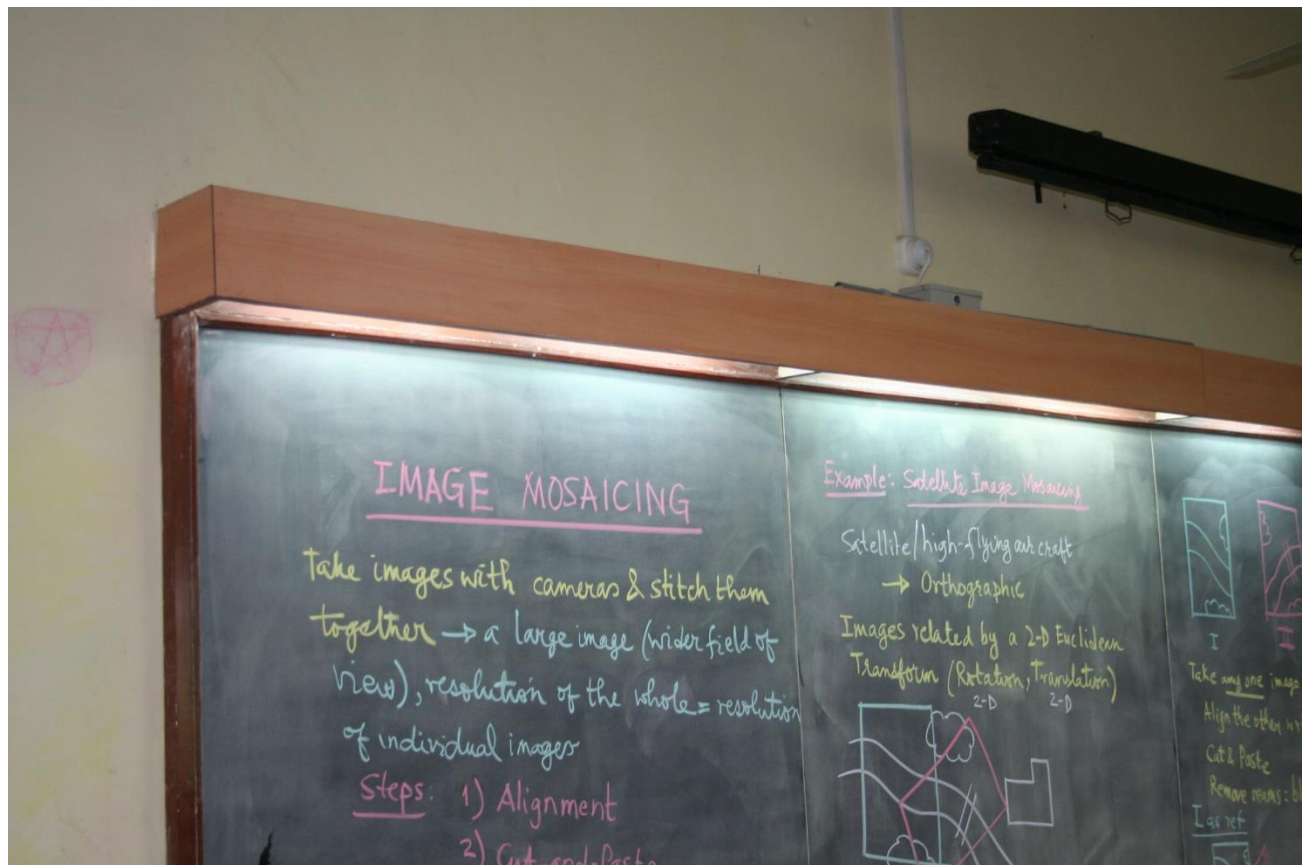
```
waitKey(0);
```

```
imwrite("result.jpg",res);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

Input images



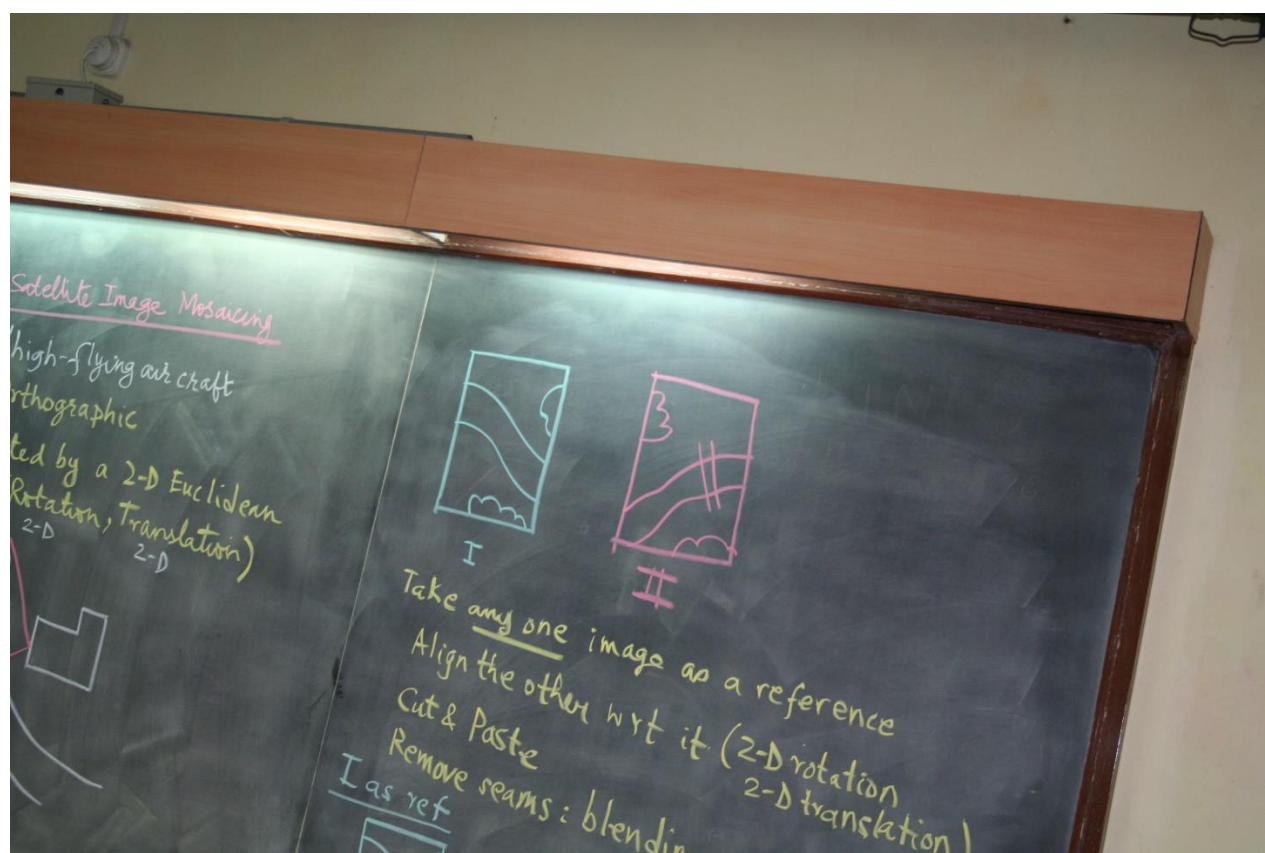
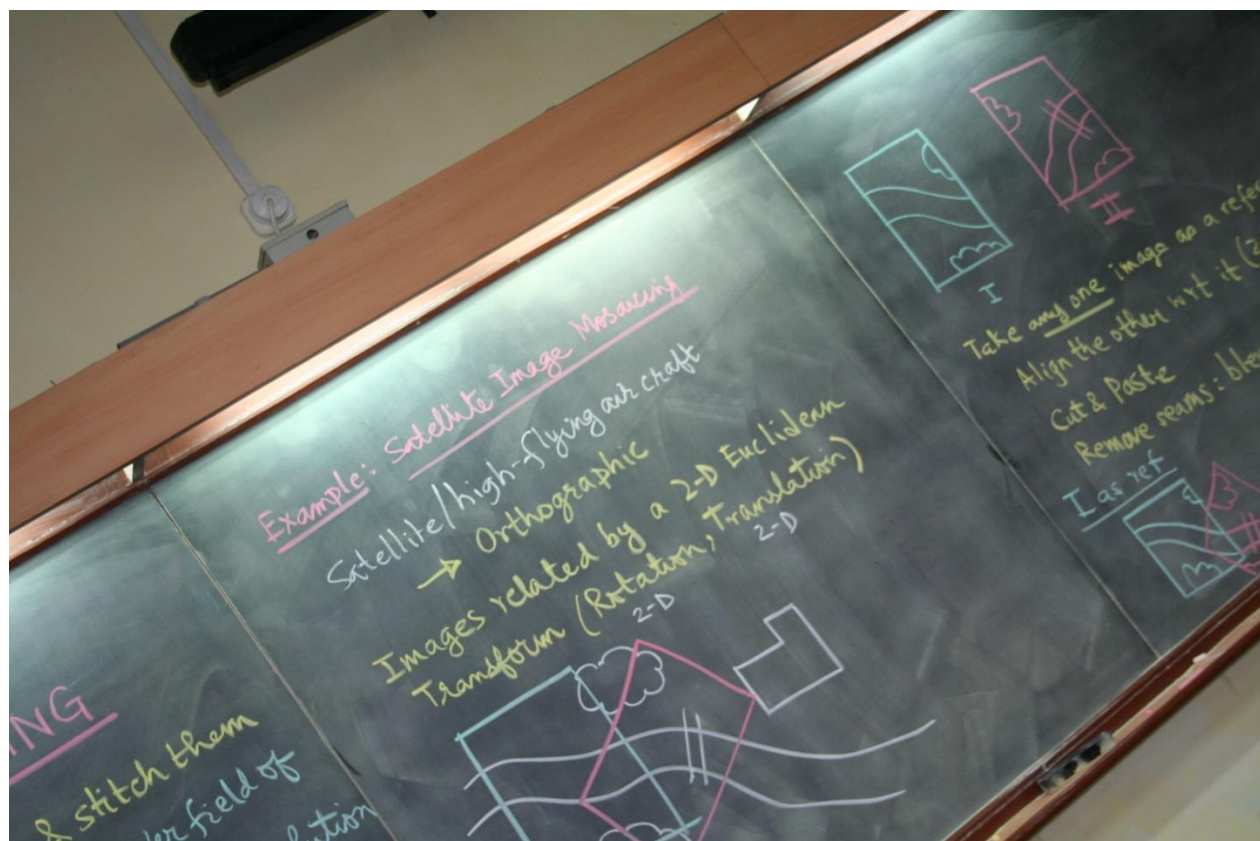


Image Mosaicing

ing out craft

phic

a 2-D Euclidean
ion, Translation)
2-D



I



II

Take any one image as a reference

Align the other wrt it (2-D rotation
2-D translation)

Cut & Paste

Remove seams: blending

I as ref



II as ref



IMAGE MOSAICING

Take images with cameras & stitch them
together \rightarrow a large image (wider field of
view), resolution of the whole = resolution
of individual images

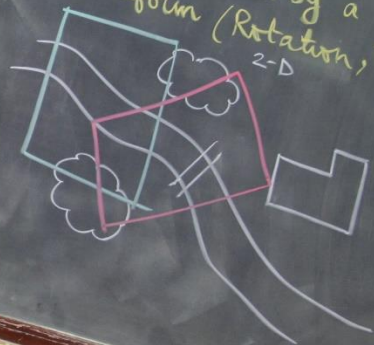
Steps:

- 1) Alignment
- 2) Cut-and-Paste
- 3) Remove seams

Example: Satellite Image

Satellite/high-flying
 \rightarrow Orthographic

Images related by a 2-D
Transform (Rotation, Translation)



Reference Image

MOSAICING

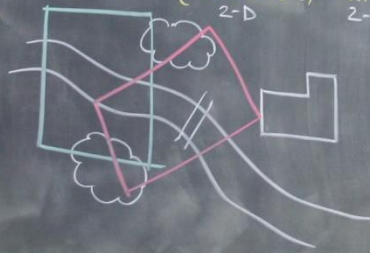
with cameras & stitch them
a large image (wider field of
vision of the whole = resolution
& images)

Alignment
Cut-and-Paste
Remove seams

Example: Satellite Image Mosaicing

Satellite/high-flying aircraft
→ Orthographic

Images related by a 2-D Euclidean
Transform (Rotation, Translation)



Take any one image as a reference
Align the other wrt it (2-D rotation
2-D translation)

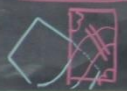
Cut & Paste

Remove seams: blending

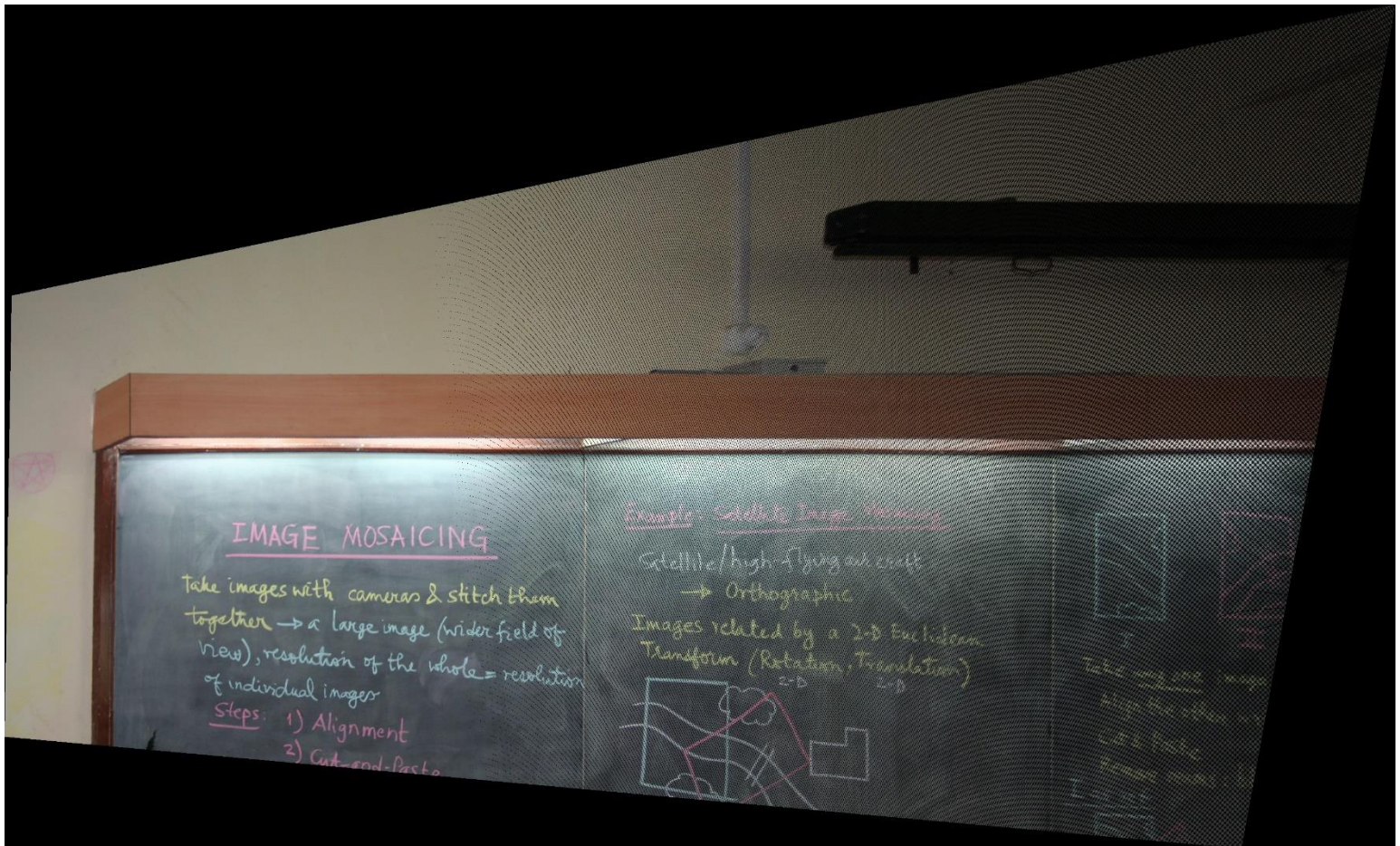
I as ref



II as ref



Images after removing Projective Distortion



ING

& stitch them

for field of

vision

Example: Satellite Image Mosaicing

Satellite/high-flying aircraft

→ Orthographic

Images related by a 2-D Euclidean
Transform (Rotation, Translation)



I



II

Take any one image as a refer

Align the other wrt it (2-D)

Cut & Paste

Remove seams: blend

I as ref



Satellite Image Mosaicing

high-flying aircraft

orthographic

ted by a 2-D Euclidean
(Rotation, Translation)

2-D

2-D



I



II

Take any one image as a reference

Align the other wrt it (2-D rotation
2-D translation)

Cut & Paste

Remove seams: blending

I as ref



Image Mosaicing

ing our craft
phic

a 2-D Euclidean
tion, translation)
2-D



I



II

Take any one image as a reference

Align the other wrt it (2-D rotation
2-D translation)

Cut & Paste

Remove seams: blending

I as ref



II as ref

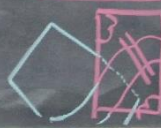


IMAGE MOSAICING

Take images with cameras & stitch them together → a large image (wider field of view), resolution of the whole = resolution of individual images

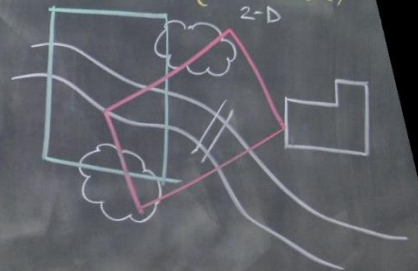
- Steps:
- 1) Alignment
 - 2) Cut-and-Paste
 - 3) Remove seams

Example: Satellite Image

Satellite/high-flying

→ Orthographic

Images related by a 2-D Transform (Rotation, T, S)



Output Images

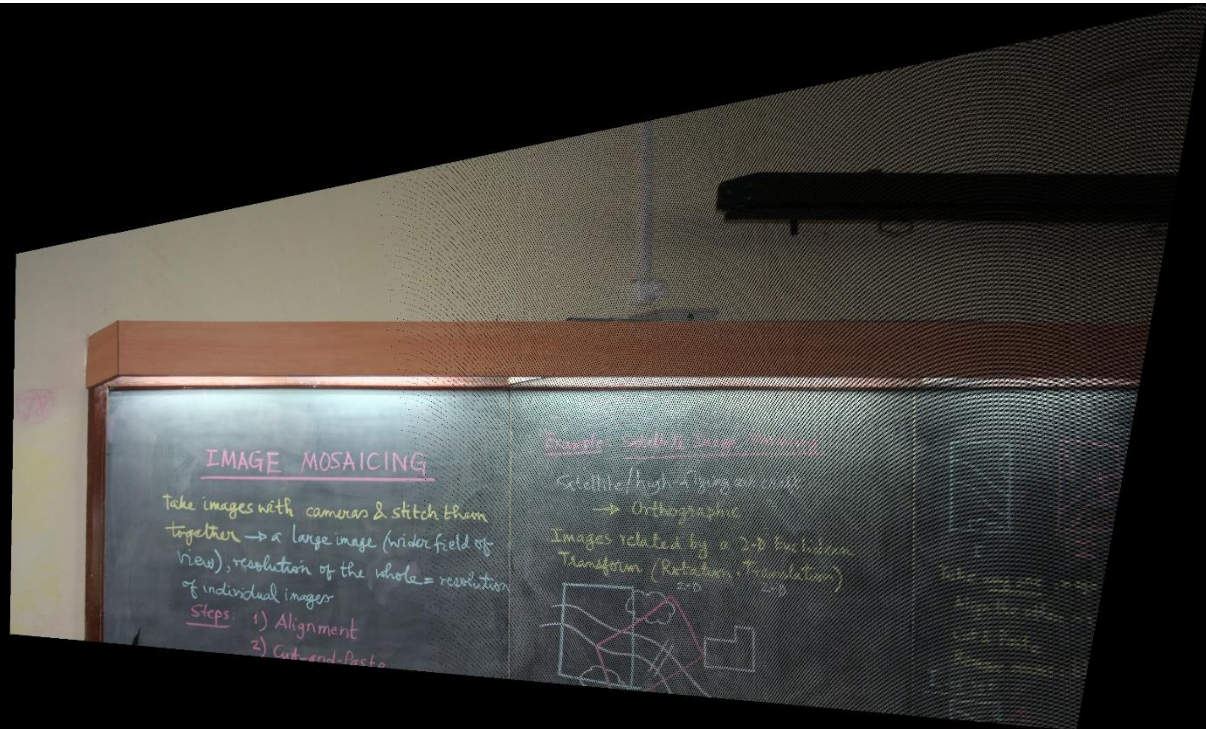


IMAGE MOSAICING

Take images with cameras & stitch them together \rightarrow a large image (wider field of view), resolution of the whole = resolution of individual images

- Steps:
- 1) Alignment
 - 2) Cut and Paste

Example: Satellite Image Mosaicing

Gridlike/high flying aircraft

\rightarrow Orthographic

Images related by a 2-D Euclidean Transform (Rotation, Translation)



IMAGE MOSAICING

Take images with cameras & stitch them together \rightarrow a large image (wider field of view), resolution of the whole = resolution of individual images

- Steps:
- 1) Alignment
 - 2) Cut-and-Paste

Example: Satellite Image Mosaicing

Satellite/high-flying aircraft
 \rightarrow Orthographic

Images related by a 2-D Euclidean Transform (Rotation, Translation)
2-D 2-D



Take any one image as a reference

Align the other w.r.t it (2-D rotation, 2-D translation)

Cut & Paste

Remove seams: blending

I as ref



IMAGE MOSAICING

Take images with cameras & stitch them together \rightarrow a large image (wider field of view), resolution of the whole = resolution of individual images

- Steps:
- 1) Alignment
 - 2) Cut-and-paste

Example: Satellite Image Mosaicing

Satellite/high-flying aircraft
 \rightarrow Orthographic

Images related by a 2-D Euclidean Transform (Rotation, Translation)
2-D 2-D



Take any one image as a reference

Align the other wrt it (2-D rotation, 2-D translation)

Cut & Paste

Remove seams: blending

I as ref



II as ref



IMAGE MOSAICING

Take images with cameras & stitch them together \rightarrow a large image (wider field of view), resolution of the whole = resolution of individual images

- Steps:
- 1) Alignment
 - 2) Cut-and-paste
 - 3) Remove seams

Example: Satellite Image Mosaicing

Satellite/high-flying aircraft
 \rightarrow Orthographic

Images related by a 2-D Euclidean Transform (Rotation, Translation)
2-D 2-D



Take any one image as a reference
Align the other wrt it (2-D rotation, 2-D translation)
Cut & Paste
Remove seams: blending

I as ref



II as ref



IMAGE MOSAICING

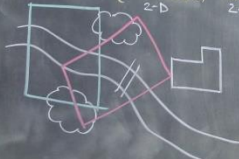
Take images with cameras & stitch them together \rightarrow a large image (wider field of view), resolution of the whole = resolution of individual images

- Steps:
- 1) Alignment
 - 2) Cut-and-paste
 - 3) Remove seams

Example: Satellite Image Mosaicing

Satellite/high-flying aircraft
 \rightarrow Orthographic

Images related by a 2-D Euclidean Transform (Rotation, Translation)
2-D 2-D



Take any one image as a reference
Align the other w.r.t it (2-D rotation, 2-D translation)
Cut & Paste

Remove seams: blending

I as ref



Observations:

- To remove projective distortion, we first need a reference image and corresponding points of other images to that image.
- Then we calculated the homography and find undistorted image using it.
- We also needed to find the dimension of the image that is to be produced after stitching these undistorted images to each other. For that we find the global max and min value rows and columns of each image after removing distortion and make a black image with these dimension for result.
- Then We mapped the images accordingly using reverse mapping and no point will be out as we have already accounted for the offset. As we plot the image points from which we have removed distortion according to the reference image, the points overlap each other accordingly and a clear image with all the parts of the blackboard is obtained with almost perfect alignment.
- We have used 25 reference points in place of 4 to get more accurate homography matrix.
- We used Mat objects for storing images and `vector<Point2d>` to store the points.