CLINICAL DECISION MAKING AND PATTERN RECOGNITION IN HEALTH CARE

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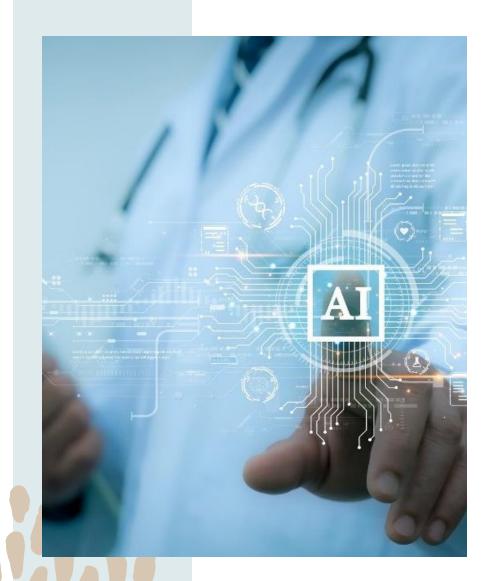


Introduction

- Advanced Technologies in Healthcare:
 Enhancing clinical decision-making
 and pattern recognition.
- Computational Techniques: Improve patient outcomes and streamline operations.

Key Al Technologies Impacting Healthcare

- Chain Reasoning: Systematic problem-solving, vital for clinical decisions.
- Classification & Prediction: Categorize medical data, predict patient outcomes, improve payment accuracy, and detect fraud.
- Clustering & Inference: Identify patient trends, optimize resource allocation, and enhance operational procedures.
- Time-Series Anomaly Detection: Monitor patient health metrics over time, identify anomalies indicating health declines or potential fraud.



Opportunities and Threats

Opportunities:

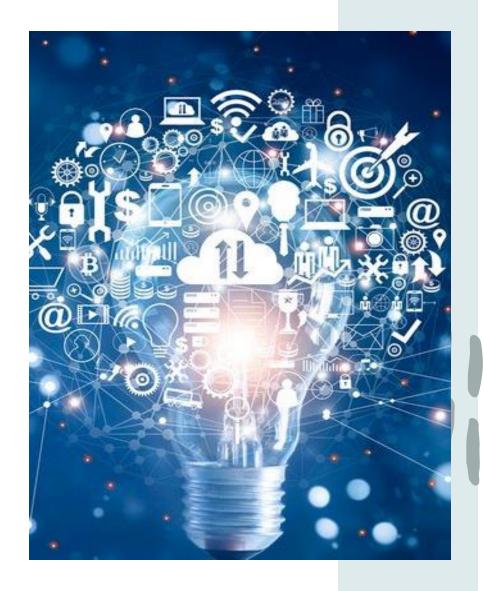
- Improved diagnostic accuracy.
- Optimized processes and personalized therapies.
- Reduced diagnostic errors and automated tasks.

Threats:

- Privacy and security concerns.
- Potential biases in Al.
- Risk of overreliance on AI compromising human judgment.

Strategic Recommendations for Cotivit

- Partnerships: Collaborate with AI developers to enhance decision support tools.
- Predictive Analytics: Improve payment accuracy, fraud detection, and consumer trend forecasting.
- **Proactive Solutions:** Offer efficient, profitable solutions to healthcare payers and retail clients.



Proof of Concept: Al Driven Fraud Detection

Data Generation:

• Synthetic data was created with variables like claim amount, provider ID, patient ID, gender, age, and service type.

Model Training:

 A Random Forest Classifier was trained to detect fraudulent claims

Model Evaluation:

• The model achieved an accuracy of 79% on test data.

Interactive Prediction:

• Users can input claim details to receive predictions on fraud likelihood.

```
[ ] # interactive prediction
    def interactive_prediction():
        claim_amount = float(input("Enter claim amount: "))
        provider id = int(input("Enter provider ID: "))
        patient_id = int(input("Enter patient ID: "))
        gender = int(input("Enter gender (Male 0 / Female 1): "))
        patient_age = int(input("Enter patient age: "))
        service_type = int(input("Enter service type (emergency 0, surgery 1, regular_checkup 2, vaccine 3): "))
        result = get_prediction(claim_amount, provider_id, patient_id, gender, patient_age, service_type)
        print(f"Prediction: {result['is fraudulent']}")
        print(f"Fraud Probability: {result['fraud probability']:.2f}")
    interactive_prediction()
    Enter claim amount: 35000
    Enter provider ID: 25
    Enter patient ID: 22
    Enter gender (Male 0 / Female 1): 1
    Enter patient age: 36
    Enter service type (emergency 0, surgery 1, regular_checkup 2, vaccine 3): 3
    Prediction: 0
    Fraud Probability: 0.24
```

THANK

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