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```
001 public class BinaryTree {
002
003
        Node root;
004
005
        public void addNode(int key, String name) {
006
007
            // Create a new Node and initialize it
800
009
            Node newNode = new Node(key, name);
010
011
           // If there is no root this becomes root
012
013
            if (root == null) {
014
015
                root = newNode;
016
017
            } else {
018
019
                // Set root as the Node we will start
020
                // with as we traverse the tree
021
022
                Node focusNode = root;
023
024
                // Future parent for our new Node
025
026
                Node parent;
027
028
                while (true) {
029
030
                    // root is the top parent so we start
031
                    // there
032
033
                    parent = focusNode;
034
035
                    // Check if the new node should go on
                    // the left side of the parent node
036
037
038
                    if (key < focusNode.key) {</pre>
039
040
                        // Switch focus to the left child
041
                        focusNode = focusNode.leftChild;
042
043
044
                        // If the left child has no children
```

```
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                                                 Binary Tree in Java
  091
                  System.out.println(focusNode);
  092
  093
                  // Traverse the right node
  094
  095
                  inOrderTraverseTree(focusNode.rightChild);
  096
  097
              }
  098
  099
         }
  100
  101
         public void preorderTraverseTree(Node focusNode) {
  102
  103
              if (focusNode != null) {
  104
  105
                  System.out.println(focusNode);
  106
  107
                  preorderTraverseTree(focusNode.leftChild);
                  preorderTraverseTree(focusNode.rightChild);
  108
  109
              }
  110
  111
         }
  112
  113
  114
         public void postOrderTraverseTree(Node focusNode) {
  115
  116
              if (focusNode != null) {
  117
  118
                  postOrderTraverseTree(focusNode.leftChild);
  119
                  postOrderTraverseTree(focusNode.rightChild);
  120
  121
                  System.out.println(focusNode);
  122
              }
  123
  124
         }
  125
  126
  127
         public Node findNode(int key) {
  128
  129
              // Start at the top of the tree
  130
  131
              Node focusNode = root;
  132
  133
              // While we haven't found the Node
              // keep looking
  134
  135
  136
              while (focusNode.key != key) {
```

```
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                                                 Binary Tree in Java
  182
  183
              // theTree.inOrderTraverseTree(theTree.root);
  184
  185
              // theTree.preorderTraverseTree(theTree.root);
  186
  187
              // theTree.postOrderTraverseTree(theTree.root);
  188
  189
              // Find the node with key 75
  190
  191
              System.out.println("\nNode with the key 75");
  192
  193
              System.out.println(theTree.findNode(75));
  194
  195 }
  196 }
  197
  198 class Node {
  199
  200
         int key;
  201
         String name;
  202
         Node leftChild;
  203
         Node rightChild;
  204
  205
  206
         Node(int key, String name) {
  207
  208
              this.key = key;
  209
              this.name = name;
  210
         }
  211
  212
  213
         public String toString() {
  214
  215
              return name + " has the key " + key;
  216
              /*
  217
               * return name + " has the key " + key + "\nLeft Child: " + leftChild +
  218
               * "\nRight Child: " + rightChild + "\n";
  219
  220
               */
 221
 222
         }
  223
 224 }
```