





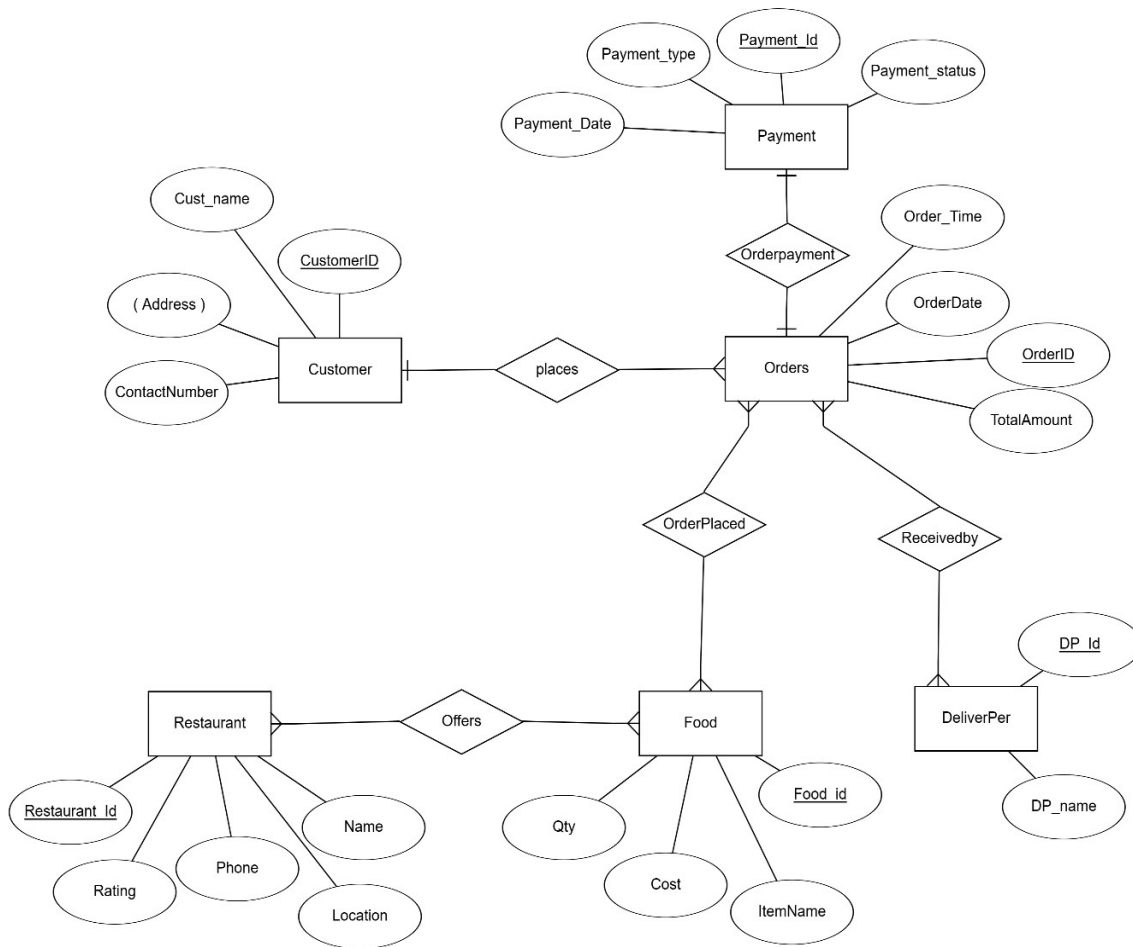
The National Institute of Engineering
Department of CS&E / IS&E/ AI&ML

Course: Database Management Systems		Course Code: BCS403
Max Marks: 25	TEST - 1	Time: 1hr (3:45-4:45pm)
Date: 27-03-2025		Semester: 4

Scheme and Solution

Q.No.	Questions	Marks
1	<p>Define the following:</p> <p>i. Data model A data model is a collection of concepts that can be used to describe the structure of a database. By structure of a database - the data types, relationships and constraints that apply to the data. Most data models also include a set of basic operations for specifying retrievals and updates on the database.</p> <p>ii. Conceptual schema conceptual schema, which describes the structure of the whole database for a community of users. The conceptual schema hides the details of physical storage structures and concentrates on describing entities, data types, relationships, user operations, and constraints.</p> <p>iii. Logical data independence Logical data independence is the capacity to change the conceptual schema without having to change external schemas or application programs</p>	2m X 3 = 06
2	<p>Design an ER diagram for an Online food delivery system where customers, restaurants, and delivery personnel are involved. Each customer can place multiple orders, each order is prepared by a restaurant, and a delivery person is assigned to fulfill the order. Mention the entities (Assume minimum 4 entities), relationships, attributes, and key attributes and cardinality ratios in the ER diagram.</p> <p>Any valid Entities considered [2M] Related attributes, Key attribute[1M] Relationship[2M] Cardinality[1M] Representation used in the sample as follows (can be mentioned as 1(one) M(many))</p> <p>  One </p> <p>  Many </p>	07

Sample ER diagram for Online food delivery



3

Apply your understanding of database constraints to identify and explain which types of constraints might be violated by an Insert operation. Provide a suitable example to illustrate your explanation

INSERT may violate mainly 4 constraints:

- Domain constraint: [1M]
 - if one of the attribute values provided for the new tuple is not of the specified attribute domain
- Key constraint: [1M]
 - if the value of a key attribute in the new tuple already exists in another tuple in the relation
- Referential integrity: [1M]
 - if a foreign key value in the new tuple references a primary key value that does not exist in the referenced relation
- Entity integrity: [1M]
 - if the primary key value is null in the new tuple

Examples [2M]

4	<p>Consider the following relational schema:</p> <p>Faculty (FacID, Name, Dept_Name, Salary, Experience)</p> <p>Section (Course_code, Section_No, Sem, Year, Room_No, FacID)</p> <p>Answer the following queries using relational algebra:</p> <p><i>* The answers to the queries may be split into multiple relations for better clarity and logical representation</i></p> <p>i) List the details of faculty who works in Information Science Department. $\sigma_{\text{Dept_Name}='InformationScience'}(\text{Faculty})$ [1M]</p> <p>ii) Find the names of the faculty who earn more than 30,000 salary in Computer Science department. $\pi_{\text{Name}}(\sigma_{\text{Dept_Name}='ComputerScience' \wedge \text{Salary} > 30000}(\text{Faculty}))$ [1M]</p> <p>iii) Retrieve the list of all courses taught in the Even 2020 and Odd 2021 semesters. $\pi_{\text{Course_code}}(\sigma_{((\text{Sem \% } 2 = 0) \wedge \text{Year} = 2020) \vee ((\text{Sem \% } 2 = 1) \wedge \text{Year} = 2021)}(\text{Section}))$ [1M] <i>*if semester is assumed as odd/even</i> $\pi_{\text{Course_code}}(\sigma_{((\text{Sem} = \text{'even'}) \wedge \text{Year} = 2020) \vee ((\text{Sem} = \text{'odd'}) \wedge \text{Year} = 2021)}(\text{Section}))$ [1M]</p> <p>iv) List the Courses offered in even semester 2020 but not in odd semester 2022. $\pi_{\text{Course_code}}(\sigma_{\text{Sem \% } 2 = 0 \wedge \text{Year} = 2020}(\text{Section})) - \pi_{\text{Course_code}}(\sigma_{\text{Sem \% } 2 = 1 \wedge \text{Year} = 2022}(\text{Section}))$ [1M] <i>*semester may be considered as odd/even</i></p> <p>v) Find the faculty who is having more than 15 years of teaching experience in Mechanical Department. $\sigma_{\text{Dept_Name} = \text{'Mechanical'} \wedge \text{Experience} > 15}(\text{Faculty})$ [1M]</p> <p>vi) Retrieve the department names of faculty members who have more than 10 years of experience and are teaching a course in semester 6. $\pi_{\text{Dept_Name}}(\sigma_{\text{Experience} > 10 \wedge \text{Sem} = 6}(\text{Faculty} \bowtie \text{Section}))$ [1M] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • above is used the natural join • Even theta join or equi join can be considered </p>	06
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