







```
# Examine the distribution of unique cataegories in categorical columns

categorical_cols = df[[]"BRId", "GenderId", "IAId", "Amount of Credit Cards", "Nationality", "Occupation",

"Fee Structure", "Loyalty Classification", "Properties Owned", "Risk Weighting", "Income Band"[]].columns
        for col in categorical_cols:
  print(f"Value Counts for '{col}':")
  display(df[col].value_counts())

→ Value Counts for 'BRId':
                    count
          BRId
                      1352
                       660
                       495
            4
                       493
        dtype: int64
        Value Counts for 'GenderId':
         GenderId
                             1512
                             1488
        dtype: int64
        Value Counts for 'IAId':
```

		count
Amount o	f Credit (	Cards
	1	1922
	2	765
	3	313
National	count	
	an 1309	
Asian	754	
America	an 507	
Australi	an 254	
Africa	n 176	i
dtype: int6 Value Cou		Occupation':

	count		
Occupation			
Structural Analysis Engineer	28		
Associate Professor	28		
Recruiter	25		
Human Resources Manager	24		
Account Coordinator	24		
Office Assistant IV	8		
Automation Specialist I	7		
Computer Systems Analyst I	6		
Developer III	5		
Senior Sales Associate	4		
195 rows × 1 columns			
dtype: int64 Value Counts for 'Fee Structure':			

```
| Count | Properties Owned | 2 | 777 | 1 | 776 | 3 | 742 | 0 | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 705 | | 7
```

```
for i, predictor in enumerate(df[["BRId", "GenderId", "IAId", "Amount of Credit Cards", "Nationality",

"Occupation", "Fee Structure", "Loyalty Classification", "Properties Owned", "Risk Weighting", "Income Band"]].columns):

plt.figure(i)

sns.countplot(data=df, x=predictor)
```















