

$$Niz = 4$$

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Proof by induction on $|X|$.

Base Case: $|X| = 1$. If the poset consists of only 1 element, then the $X = \{x\}$ and assign $f(x) = 1$ hence there is a ~~valid~~ ^{valid} topological sorting.

Induction Hypothesis: \Rightarrow Assume that for ~~posets~~ posets with $|X| = k$ has a valid topological sorting.

Induction Step: for a poset with $|X| = k+1$.

~~I make a small claim that~~
Claim: \Rightarrow ~~poset~~ ^{poset} has a maximal element. Any finite poset has a maximal element.
Proof: \Rightarrow ~~since~~ Let us assume not, then let's take a element ($|X| = k+1$)

$a_1 \in X$. Since a_1 is not maximal, $\exists a_2 \in X : a_1 \leq a_2$, $a_1 \neq a_2$.

Now continuously the same step k times we will have $a_1 \leq a_2 \leq a_3 \leq \dots \leq a_{k+1} \leq a_{k+2}$ (all are pairwise distinct)
but our set has only $k+1$ elements, hence this is a contradiction.

Hence ~~poset~~ poset with finite size must have a maximal element (as k is general).

Now let m be a maximal element of (X, \leq) be m ,
Let's take the set $(X - \{m\}, \leq)$ here $|X - \{m\}| = k$ and this is a poset so by IH, we have $f_k : X - \{m\} \rightarrow \{1, \dots, k\}$
Let's define

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} k+1 & \text{if } x = m \\ f_k(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

This is valid topological sorting, since f_k was a valid sorting and given $f(m) = k+1$ means that there will be no x s.t. $m \leq x$, hence the topological sort is valid.

Induction completes.

Any finite set has a valid topo-sort. Hence proved. \square