

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028  
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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 1\_MCQ

Attempt : 2  
Total Mark : 15  
Marks Obtained : 0

#### Section 1 : MCQ

1. Which of the following data types is used to store single characters?

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/1

2. What will be the output of the following code?

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
class TernaryOperatorExample {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = 5, b = 10;  
        int result = (a > b) ? a : b;  
    }  
}
```

```
        System.out.println(result);
    }
}
```

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/1

3. What is the output of the following code?

```
class TestClass {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int count = 8;
        count = count ^ 1;

        System.out.println(count);
    }
}
```

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/1

4. What is the output of the following program?

```
class Demo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String text = "Hello, World!";
        System.out.println(text);
    }
}
```

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/1

5. What will be the output of the following program?

```
class DataTypesMCQ {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = 10;  
        double b = 5;  
        System.out.println(a / b);  
    }  
}
```

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/1

6. What is the output of the following code?

```
class TestClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int x = 5;  
        int X = 10;  
  
        int sum = x + X;  
        int bitwiseResult = x | X;  
  
        System.out.println(sum);  
        System.out.println(bitwiseResult);  
    }  
}
```

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/1

7. What is the output of the following code?

```
class TestClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
int a = 5;
int b = 10;

int sum = a + b;
int bitwiseAnd = a & b;
int bitwiseOr = a | b;

System.out.println(sum);
System.out.println(bitwiseAnd);
System.out.println(bitwiseOr);
}
```

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/1

8. What is the output of the following code?

```
class TestClass {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int a = 10;
        int b = 3;
        System.out.println(a / b);
    }
}
```

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/1

9. What is the output of the following program?

```
class Arithmetic {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        char ch = 'A';
        System.out.println(ch);
    }
}
```

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/1

10. Which of the following data types is used to store floating-point numbers with greater precision?

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/1

11. Which of the following is not a primitive data type?

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/1

12. What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
class DivisionExample {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        double num1 = 10.5;  
        double num2 = 3;  
        int result = (int)(num1 / num2);  
        System.out.println(result);  
    }  
}
```

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/1

13. What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
import java.util.*;

class OperatorPrecedenceExample {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int a = 5, b = 3, c = 2;
        int result = a + b * c;

        System.out.println(result);
    }
}
```

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/1

14. What is the output of the following code?

```
import java.util.*;

class RelationalOperatorExample {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int x = 8, y = 4;
        boolean result = (x != y);

        System.out.println(result);
    }
}
```

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/1

15. What is the result of the following expression?

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
class ComplexExpressionExample {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = 5, b = 2, c = 3, d = 4;  
        int result = a + b * c / d - b;  
  
        System.out.println(result);  
    }  
}
```

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/1

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 1\_Q1

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. Problem Statement

Gloria is responsible for monitoring the performance of two machines in a factory. She needs to determine which of the two machines is operating closest to the optimal temperature of 100 degrees Celsius using the relational operator.

Assist Gloria in displaying the machine's temperature, which is closer to 100, and the difference from 100.

##### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the temperature of the first machine.

The second line consists of an integer M, representing the temperature of the second machine.



### **Output Format**

The output prints "The integer closer to 100 is X with a difference of Y" where X is the temperature of the closer machine and Y is the difference from 100.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 90

80

Output: The integer closer to 100 is 90 with a difference of 10

### **Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);

        int num1=sc.nextInt();

        int num2=sc.nextInt();
        int diff1=Math.abs(100-num1);
        int diff2=Math.abs(100-num2);
        if(diff1<diff2){
            System.out.println("The integer closer to 100 is "+num1+" with a
            difference of"+diff1);
        }else if(diff1>diff2){
            System.out.println("The integer closer to 100 is "+num2+" with a
            difference of"+diff2);
        }else{
            System.out.println("Both integers are equally closer to 100 with a
            difference of"+diff1);
        }
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 1\_Q2

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Dave got two students who want help with their doubt. Each hands out an integer and wants to find if one integer is positive while the other is not divisible by 3. Write a program to achieve this and conclude for them.

##### ***Input Format***

The first line of input represents the first integer.

The second line of input represents the second integer.

##### ***Output Format***

The output should display as "One of the integers is positive while the other is not divisible by 3." or "Neither of the integers meets the condition."

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

**Sample Test Case**

Input: 4

3

Output: One of the integers is positive while the other is not divisible by 3.

**Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int num1=sc.nextInt();
        int num2=sc.nextInt();
        boolean num1positive=num1>0;
        boolean num2positive=num2>0;
        boolean notdivby3num1=num1%3!=0;
        boolean notdivby3num2=num2%3!=0;
        boolean condition1=num1positive && notdivby3num2;
        boolean condition2=num2positive && notdivby3num1;
        if(condition1 || condition2){
            System.out.println("One of the integers is positive while the other is not
divisible by 3.");
        }else{
            System.out.println("Neither of the integers meets the condition.");
        }
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 10/10**

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 1\_Q3

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. Problem statement

Manoj, a developer at MoneyMatters Inc., is working on improving the company's financial system. He needs to create a program that takes an integer input, converts it into a double, and displays both the original integer and the converted double value.

##### ***Input Format***

The input consists of a single integer representing a monetary amount.

##### ***Output Format***

The first line of the output displays the "Original Integer: ", followed by an integer representation of the input value.

The second line displays the "Converted Double: ", followed by a double value representing the input as a decimal value.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

**Sample Test Case**

Input: 20

Output: Original Integer: 20

Converted Double: 20.0

**Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int num=sc.nextInt();
        Double converted= Double.valueOf(num);
        System.out.println("Original Integer: " +num);
        System.out.println("Converted Double: " +converted);
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks : 10/10**

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 1\_Q4

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. Problem Statement

Vishal and Arun are discussing the properties of numbers. Vishal gives Arun two integers. He asks Arun to check if the sum of these two numbers is a multiple of their product.

Can you assist Arun and determine whether the sum is a multiple of the product?

##### ***Input Format***

The input consists of two space-separated integers.

##### ***Output Format***

The output prints:

1. "Sum is Multiple of Product" if the sum of the two numbers is divisible by their product.
2. "Sum is Not Multiple of Product" otherwise.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

**Sample Test Case**

Input: 1 2

Output: Sum is Not Multiple of Product

**Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int num1=sc.nextInt();
        int num2=sc.nextInt();
        int a=num1+num2;
        int b=num1*num2;
        if(a==b){
            System.out.println("Sum is Multiple of Product");
        }else{
            System.out.println("Sum is Not multiple of Product");
        }
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 1\_Q5

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. Problem Statement:

Emily has a beautiful circular garden in her backyard. She's interested in calculating two important measurements for her garden: the circumference and the area. To do this, she needs a program that can take the radius of her circular garden as input and provide the calculated circumference and area as output. The formulas she should use are as follows:

To calculate the circumference (C) of a circle, you can use the formula:

$$C = 2 * \pi * r$$

$$A = \pi * r^2$$

Where:



C represents the circumference.

A represents the area.

$\pi$  (pi) is approximately 3.14159.

r is the radius of the circle.

Emily is not a programmer, and she needs your help to create a program that will make these calculations for her garden.

### ***Input Format***

The first line of input contains a single double-point number radius, representing the radius of the circle.

### ***Output Format***

The output should consist of two lines:

The first line should print the circumference of the circle rounded to 2 decimal places, followed by the unit "meters".

The second line should print the area of the circle rounded to 2 decimal places, followed by the unit "square meters".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 3.0

Output: Circumference: 18.85 meters

Area: 28.27 square meters

### ***Answer***

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        double num=sc.nextDouble();
        double cir=2*3.14159*num;
        double a=3.14159*num*num;
```

```
System.out.printf("Circumference: %.2f meters%n",cir);  
System.out.printf("Area: %.2f square meters%n",a);  
sc.close();  
  
}  
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 1\_Q6

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. Problem Statement

Joey is learning about bitwise operations and is working on a project that involves extracting specific bits from integers. He needs to write a program that takes an integer and the number of bits N as input and outputs the value of the lowest N bits of the integer.

Help Joey in his project to understand and visualize how bitwise operations work in practical scenarios.

##### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of an integer X, representing the given integer.

The second line consists of an integer N, representing the number of bits to extract.

### **Output Format**

The output displays "Result: " followed by an integer representing the value of the lowest N bits of the given integer.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 85

2

Output: Result: 1

### **Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int X=sc.nextInt();
        int N=sc.nextInt();
        int mask=(1<<N)-1;
        int result=X&mask;
        System.out.println("Result: " +result);
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 10/10**

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 1\_Q7

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. Problem Statement:

Miles is working on a program that involves analyzing two integers. He wants to check if either one of the integers is both:

Less than or equal to zero, and Odd. Can you help him create a program that identifies whether either of the integers meets these conditions?

##### ***Input Format***

The input consists of two integers on separate lines, denoted as 'input1' and 'input2'.

##### ***Output Format***

A single line with a boolean result (either 'true' or 'false') indicating whether either 'input1' or 'input2' is both less than or equal to zero and odd.

Refer to the sample output for format specifications

**Sample Test Case**

Input: -45

10

Output: true

**Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int a=sc.nextInt();
        int b=sc.nextInt();
        boolean condition1=(a<=0) && (a%2!=0);
        boolean condition2=(b<=0) && (b%2!=0);
        System.out.println(condition1 || condition2);
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 1\_Q8

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. Problem Statement

In the Kingdom of Finance, the royal treasury is managed by the treasurer, Sir Cedric. Sir Cedric tracks the daily expenses of the kingdom using an expense report that lists three major categories: food, clothing, and utilities. However, the King wants to know if the average daily expense is greater than at least two of these categories to ensure the kingdom is spending wisely.

Your task is to help Sir Cedric determine if the average daily expense is greater than two of the categories. Specifically, you need to calculate the average of the three expenses and check if it is greater than any two categories.

Note: Use the ternary operator

### ***Input Format***

Three integers a, b, and c represent the daily expenses for food, clothing, and utilities. Each integer is provided on a single line.

### ***Output Format***

The average of the three expenses, rounded to two decimal places.

A message indicating whether the average is greater than at least two of the expense categories.

1. If the average is greater than the two smallest monthly expenses, print "Average is greater than both X and Y," where X and Y are the two smallest expenses.
2. Otherwise, display "Average is not greater than two smallest expenses".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 4

6

10

Output: 6.67

Average is greater than both 4 and 6

### ***Answer***

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int a=sc.nextInt();
        int b=sc.nextInt();
        int c=sc.nextInt();
        double avg=(a+b+c)/3.0;
        System.out.printf("%.2f\n",avg);
        if(avg>a && avg>b){
            System.out.printf("Average is greater than both %d and %d ",a,b);
        } else if(avg>a && avg>c){
            System.out.printf("Average is greater than both %d and %d ",a,c);
        }
    }
}
```



```
} else if(avg>b && avg>c){  
    System.out.printf("Average is greater than both %d and %d ",b,c);  
} else{  
    System.out.printf("Average is not greater than two smallest expenses");  
}  
}  
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 1\_Q9

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. Problem Statement

Phill is a quality control manager at a manufacturing plant. He needs to verify if a sensor reading at a midpoint station (S2) falls exactly halfway between the readings of the previous station (S1) and the next station (S3). Help him by developing a program that checks if the second sensor reading is the average (midpoint) of the first and third sensor readings.

Use the relational operator to solve the program.

##### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of an integer S1, representing the sensor reading of the first station.

The second line consists of an integer S2, representing the sensor reading of the midpoint station.

The third line consists of an integer S3, representing the sensor reading of the next station.

### **Output Format**

The first line of output displays a boolean value representing whether the sensor reading at the midpoint station is halfway between the readings of the first and the next stations.

The second line displays one of the following:

1. If the result is true, print "The second integer is halfway between the first and third integers."
2. Otherwise, print "The second integer is not halfway between the first and third integers."

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 1

7

10

Output: false

The second integer is not halfway between the first and third integers.

### **Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int a=sc.nextInt();
        int b=sc.nextInt();
        int c=sc.nextInt();
        boolean mid=(b*2) == (a+c);
        System.out.println(mid);
        if(mid){
            System.out.println("The second integer is halfway between the first and
third integers.");
        }else{
```

```
        System.out.println("The second integer is not halfway between the first  
and third integers.");  
    }  
}  
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 1\_Q10

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. Problem Statement

Aishu is supervising a construction project that needs to be completed with the help of three workers: A, B, and C.

She knows how many days each of them would take to complete the entire project individually:

A can complete it in x days, B in y days, C in z days.

Initially, all three workers (A, B, and C) work together for d1 days.

After that, C leaves, and only A and B continue for another d2 days.

Then B also leaves, and A works alone to finish the remaining work.

Your task is to help aishu to implement this functionality using the class WorkDistribution and Method calculateWork(int x, int y, int z, int d1, int d2)

Calculate the total work completed in the first  $d_1$  days by A, B, and C. Calculate the work completed in the next  $d_2$  days by A and B. Determine the remaining work after these  $d_1 + d_2$  days.

### ***Input Format***

The first line of input contains five space-separated integers:  $x$   $y$   $z$   $d_1$   $d_2$

where:

$x$  represents the Days A takes to complete the work alone

$y$  represents the Days B takes to complete the work alone

$z$  represents the Days C takes to complete the work alone

$d_1$  represents the Days A, B, and C work together

$d_2$  represents the Days A and B work together (after C leaves)

### ***Output Format***

The first line of output prints "Work done in first  $d_1$  days (A+B+C): " followed by a double value rounded to 2 decimal places.

The second line of output prints "Work done in next  $d_2$  days (A+B): " followed by a double value rounded to 2 decimal places.

The third line prints "Remaining work: " followed by a double value rounded to 2 decimal places.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 10 20 30 2 2

Output: Work done in first  $d_1$  days (A+B+C): 0.37

Work done in next  $d_2$  days (A+B): 0.30

Remaining work: 0.33

### ***Answer***

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int x=sc.nextInt() , y=sc.nextInt() , z=sc.nextInt() , d1=sc.nextInt() ,
        d2=sc.nextInt();
        double rateA=1.0/x , rateB=1.0/y , rateC=1.0/z;
        double work1=d1*(rateA+rateB+rateC);
        double work2=d2*(rateA+rateB);
        double rem=1.0-(work1+work2);
        System.out.printf("Work done in first d1 days (A+B+C): %.2f\n",work1);
        System.out.printf("Work done in next d2 days (A+B): %.2f\n",work2);
        System.out.printf("Remaining work: %.2f\n",rem);
    }
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Scan to verify results



## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 1\_PAH

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 40  
Marks Obtained : 40

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Maria, a software developer, is working on a program to determine if two given integers which can be either positive or negative integers have the same parity (both even or both odd). She needs your help in writing this program.

Write a program that takes two integers as input and checks if both integers are either even or odd.

##### ***Input Format***

The input consists of two lines:

The first line consists of an integer (input1) which can be either positive or negative.



The second line consists of an integer (input2) which can be either positive or negative.

### **Output Format**

The output is displayed in the following format:

If both integers have the same parity (i.e., both even or both odd), print:

"Both integers are either even or odd"

Otherwise, print:

"The integers have different parities"

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 2

-4

Output: Both integers are either even or odd

### **Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int a=sc.nextInt();
        int b=sc.nextInt();
        boolean aEven=a%2==0;
        boolean bEven=b%2==0;
        if(aEven== bEven){
            System.out.println("Both integers are either even or odd");
        }else{
```

```
        System.out.println("The integers have different parities");  
    }  
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

## 2. PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Maria, a software developer, is working on a project to create a simple program to determine which of two integers is closest to zero. The integers can be either positive or negative. The program needs to take two integer inputs and calculate which one is closer to zero. If both integers are equidistant from zero, the program should return 0.

### ***Input Format***

The input contains two lines:

The first line of the input contains an integer, which can be either a positive or a negative integer.

The second line of the input contains an integer, which can be either a positive or a negative integer.

### ***Output Format***

The output displays the integer that is closest to zero in the following format:

"The integer closest to zero is: [closest\_integer]"

Here, [closest\_integer] should be replaced with the integer that is closer to zero based on its absolute value.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 5

8

Output: The integer closest to zero is: 5

### **Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int a=sc.nextInt();
        int b=sc.nextInt();
        int abs1=Math.abs(a);
        int abs2=Math.abs(b);
        if(abs1<abs2){
            System.out.println("The integer closest to zero is: " +a);
        }else if(abs1>abs2){
            System.out.println("The integer closest to zero is: " +b);
        }else{
            System.out.println("The integer closest to zero is: 0");
        }
    }
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks : 10/10**

## **3. Problem Statement**

In the Kingdom of Delivery Logistics, there is a giant truck used for transporting packages across the kingdom. The truck has a maximum capacity represented by an integer, and each package also has a specific weight. The truck's efficiency and safety depend on whether the weight of the package is below a certain threshold.

The kingdom's delivery service has a rule: if the weight of a package is less than one-third of the truck's total capacity, the package is eligible for quick processing and dispatch. However, if the weight is too heavy, the package

will require special handling.

As a logistics manager, you need to check whether the weight of the package is less than one-third of the truck's total capacity.

Write a program using a ternary operator that helps determine whether the package weight meets the requirement for quick processing or if it needs special handling.

### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of an integer  $p$ , representing the weight of the package.

The second line consists of an integer  $w$ , representing the total weight capacity of the truck.

### ***Output Format***

The first line of output prints "One-third of Truck: X," where X is one-third of the truck's total weight capacity as a double value with two decimal places.

The second line of output displays one of the following:

1. If  $p$  is less than one-third of the truck's total weight capacity, print "Package weight is less than one-third of the truck's capacity".
2. Otherwise, print "Package weight is not less than one-third of the truck's capacity".

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 13  
60

Output: One-third of Truck: 20.00  
Package weight is less than one-third of truck's capacity

### ***Answer***

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```

public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int p=sc.nextInt();
        int w=sc.nextInt();
        double onethird=w/3.0;
        System.out.printf("One-third of Truck: %.2f\n",onethird);
        boolean variable=p<onethird;
        if(variable){
            System.out.println("Package weight is less than one-third of truck's
capacity");
        }else{
            System.out.println("Package weight is not less than one-third of truck's
capacity");
        }
    }
}

```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

#### 4. Problem Statement

Mickey and Miney are walking through a magical forest. The forest is full of enchanted stones, each with a unique number. There is a legend that says the magic power of the stones can be revealed by using a special operation. To determine the magic power of a given stone, you need to perform a bitwise AND operation with the number 15.

Each stone's number is represented by an integer, and Mickey needs to find the magic power of each stone by applying this operation.

Your task is to help Mickey compute the result of the bitwise AND operation of the given stone number with 15, and print the result.

##### **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer.

##### **Output Format**

The output should display a single integer, which is the result of the bitwise AND

operation between input and 15.

Refer to the sample output for format specifications.

**Sample Test Case**

Input: 25

Output: 9

**Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int a=sc.nextInt();
        int res=a&15;
        System.out.println(res);
    }
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks : 10/10**

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 1\_CY

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 40  
Marks Obtained : 40

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. Problem Statement

Mandy is a software engineer working on a program to analyze two integers based on specific conditions using a logical operator. She needs to determine if both integers are odd or if at least one of them is divisible by 7.

Depending on the result, she wants to print different messages.

If the condition is met, the program should identify and print the first number that is divisible by 7 or indicate that both numbers are odd. If the condition is not met, the program should print a message indicating the condition was not met, along with the input numbers.

##### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of an integer representing the first input number.

The second line consists of an integer representing the second input number.

### **Output Format**

The output displays "Condition met: " followed by an integer representing the first number divisible by 7, or prints "Both numbers are odd" if the two inputs are odd.

If the condition is not met, it displays "Conditions not met: " followed by the two input integers, separated by a space.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 7

14

Output: Condition met: 7

### **Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int a=sc.nextInt();
        int b=sc.nextInt();
        boolean bothodd=(a%2!=0 && b%2!=0);
        boolean divby7=(a%7==0 || b%7==0);
        if(bothodd || divby7){
            System.out.print("Condition met: ");
            if(divby7){
                if(a%7==0){
                    System.out.println(a);
                }else{
                    System.out.println(b);
                }
            }else{
                System.out.println("Both numbers are odd");
            }
        }else{
            System.out.println("Conditions not met: " + a + " " + b);
        }
    }
}
```



```
        System.out.println("Conditions not met: " +a + " " +b);  
    }  
}  
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

## 2. Problem Statement:

Tom is tasked with writing a program that determines whether a given integer is the square of another integer. A perfect square is a number that can be expressed as the square of an integer. The program should take an integer as input and determine if it is a perfect square or not.

The task is to implement the logic to check if the provided integer is the square of an integer and return the result.

### ***Input Format***

The first line of the input contains an integer, "input", where |input| represents the absolute value of the integer.

### ***Output Format***

The output should display a boolean value, "result," which should be set to true if the input is a perfect square (the square of an integer), and false if it is not.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 16

Output: Is the integer a perfect square? true

### ***Answer***

```
import java.util.Scanner;  
public class Main{  
    public static void main(String[] args){  
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
int input=sc.nextInt();
boolean result;
if(input<0){
    result=false;
}else{
    int sqrt=(int)Math.sqrt(input);
    result=(sqrt*sqrt==input);
}
System.out.println("Is the integer a perfect square? " + result);
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

### 3. Problem Statement

In the faraway land of Arithmetica, there exists an ancient calculator that can only perform bitwise operations. The calculator is locked with a secret code that only works when the number is modified using a special operation called right shifting.

The ruler of Arithmetica, King Thales, needs your help to unlock the calculator. The lock on the calculator is encoded with a number, and the calculator will only open if you apply a right shift by 2 on the number. Your task is to help King Thales determine the magic number that will unlock the ancient calculator.

#### ***Input Format***

The first line of input represents an integer.

#### ***Output Format***

The output should display the right-shifted value by 2 bits.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

#### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 16

Output: 4

**Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int input=sc.nextInt();
        int shifted=(input >> 2);
        System.out.println(shifted);
    }
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks : 10/10**

**4. Problem Statement:**

Gilbert is tasked with writing a program that checks whether a given integer is an odd number. An odd number is one that cannot be exactly divided by 2. The program should take an integer as input and determine if it is an odd number or not. The task is to implement the logic to check if the provided integer is odd and return the result.

**Input Format**

The first line of the input contains an integer, "input".

**Output Format**

The output should display a boolean value, "result," which should be set to true if the input integer is an odd number and false if it is even.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

**Sample Test Case**

Input: 0

Output: Is the integer odd? false

**Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int input=sc.nextInt();
        boolean result;
        if(input%2!=0){
            result=true;
        }else{
            result=false;
        }
        System.out.println("Is the integer odd? " +result);
    }
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10