

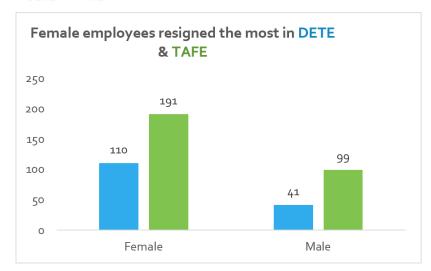
Australian Government

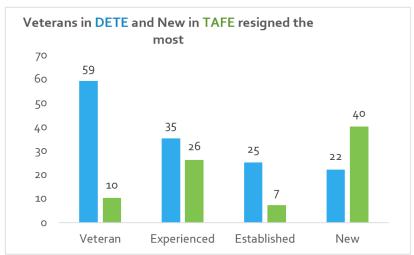
Department of Education



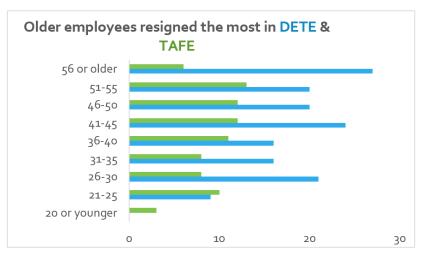
DETE & TAFE comparison of count of employees resigned due to Job Dissatisfaction

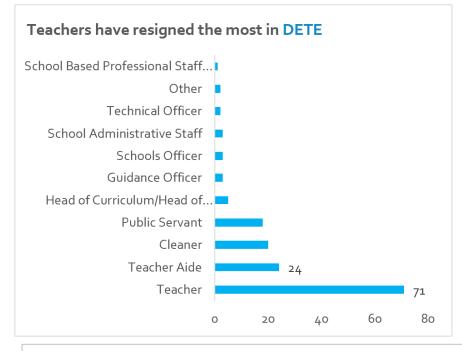
■ DETE ■ TAFE







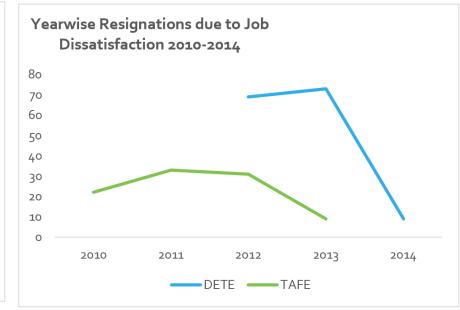




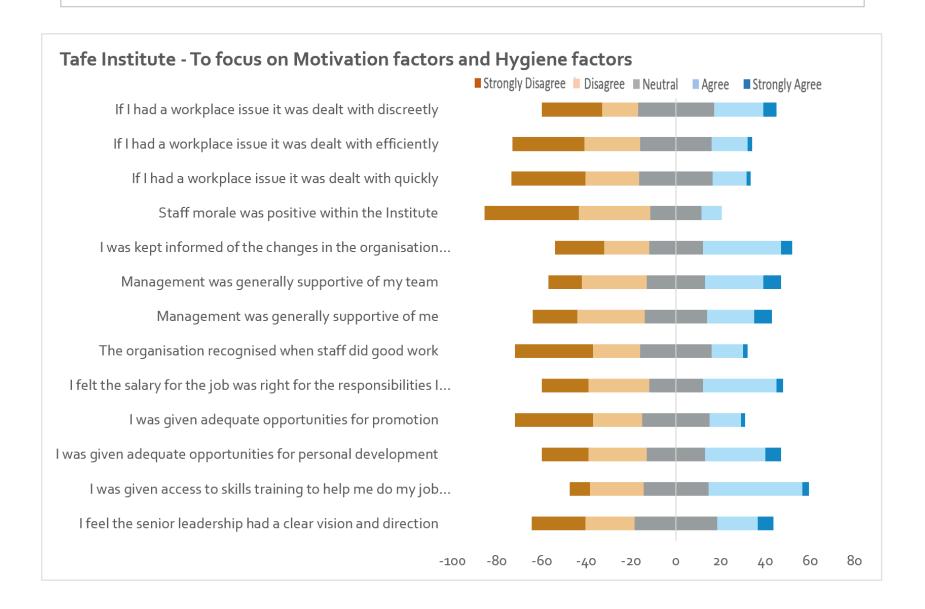


More Employees resigned in DETE due to Job Dissatisfaction than in TAFE

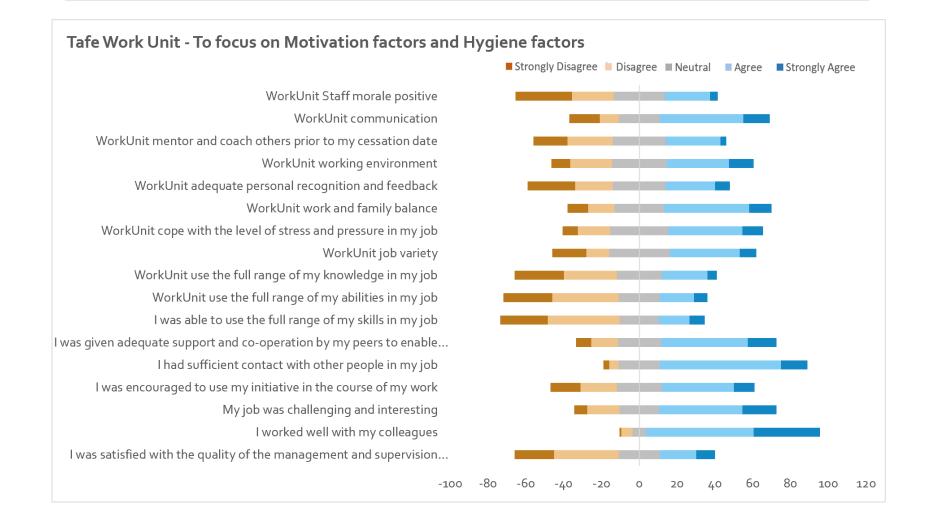




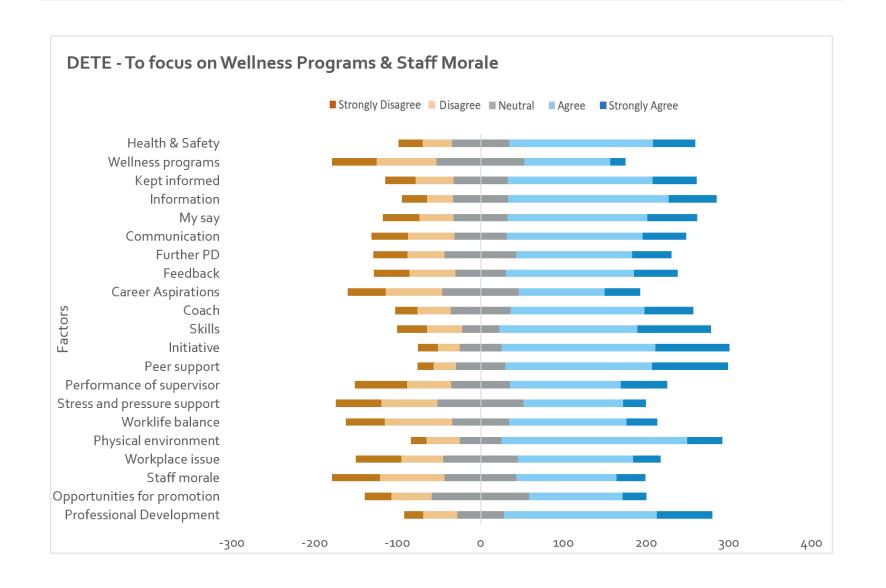
DETE & TAFE comparison of Exit Survey Responses of resigned employees due to Job Dissatisfaction



DETE & TAFE comparison of Exit Survey Responses of resigned employees due to Job Dissatisfaction



DETE & TAFE comparison of Exit Survey Responses of resigned employees due to Job Dissatisfaction



DETE Survey Observations:

Tenure & Role

- Veterans (11–20 yrs) resigned most due to job dissatisfaction.
- Employees in current role <4 yrs also showed high resignations.
- Teachers (\sim 45%) & Teacher Aides (\sim 15%) = \sim 60% of resignations.

Age & Gender

- 42% aged >40; 14% aged 26–30.
- Mostly female resignations (job dissatisfaction, maternity/family); males mainly due to job dissatisfaction.

Key Dissatisfaction Factors

- Wellness programs
- Staff morale
- Stress & pressure support

Other Reasons

- Relocation (new & experienced employees)
- Maternity/family reasons (veterans)

TEFE Survey Observations:

Tenure & Experience

- New employees (<3 yrs) resigned most (~50%) due to job dissatisfaction.
- Experienced employees accounted for ~30% of resignations.

Age

- Majority of resignations occurred among employees aged 40+, with an increasing trend as age rises.
- Role
- Teachers, Lead Vocational Teachers, and Administrative Officers comprise ~88% of resignations due to job dissatisfaction.

Gender

- More females resigned than males, especially under 35 years (~70% female).
- Among females: 80% of Admin/Technical Officers and ~90% of Professional Officers resigned.
- Among males: ~75% Executives and ~60% Operational Officers resigned.

Reasons & Feedback

- "Other" was cited as a key reason besides job dissatisfaction.
- Job dissatisfaction factors: staff morale, growth & development, solving workplace issues, recognition, remuneration, senior leadership.
- Work unit concerns: quality of management, recognition, staff morale, utilization of skills.

Resignation Analysis & Recommendations:

DETE:

- Job dissatisfaction is a major driver of resignations, especially among veterans (11–20 yrs), female employees, and teachers.
- While employees generally view the company positively, dissatisfaction was noted in:

Wellness programs, Staff morale, Stress support

Other contributing factors include relocation and maternity/family reasons.

Recommendation: Address wellness and work-life balance to improve retention.

TAFE:

- Employees with shorter tenure resigned most.
- Resignees reported dissatisfaction with multiple factors at both the institute and work unit levels.

Herzberg's Two-Factor Theory Insight:

- Motivation factors (intrinsic): Increase job satisfaction and performance.
- Hygiene factors (extrinsic): Prevent dissatisfaction but do not ensure satisfaction.
- Survey responses indicate a lack of both motivation and hygiene factors among TAFE employees.

Recommendation: Focus on improving both motivation and hygiene factors, especially for teachers and lead vocational teachers, to enhance satisfaction and retention.

Motivating Factors Hygiene Factors Achievement Relationship with peers Company policies Recognition Physical workspace The work itself Working conditions Job advancement opportunities Salary **Growth opportunities** Status Security Supervision