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Project 2 - Team 4

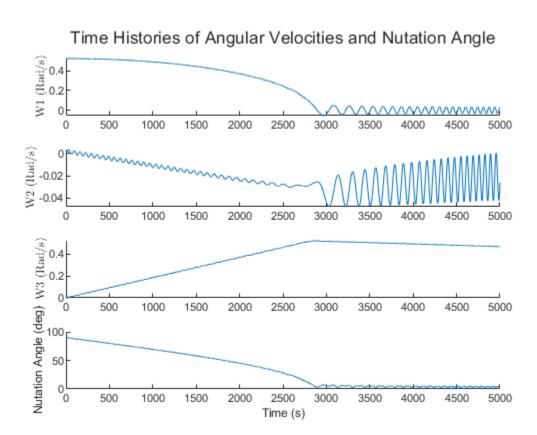
clear; clc; close all;

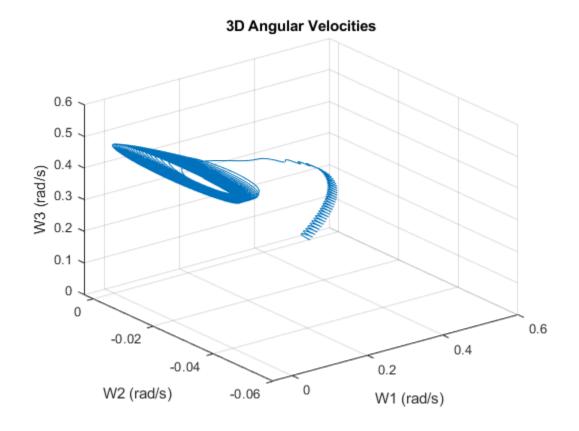
Question 3.1

```
Iw = 0.1; %kq*m^2
initial = [5;0;0;0;0;0]./60.*2.*pi; % initial tumbling angular velocity
(rad/s)
opts = odeset('MaxStep',2.0); % Sets max time step for ode45
ts = 5000; % wheel spin-up time (sec)
hw = 55; % nominal angular momentum (kg*m^2/s)
Iww = [0,0,0;0,0,0;0,0,Iw]; % inertia matrix for wheels (kg*m^2)
J = [500, 0, 0; 0, 400, -7; 0, -7, 440]; % inertia matrix for full satellite system
(kg*m^2)
% Calculate the satellite behavior during the wheel spin up
[t,y] = ode45(@(t,w) angular rates(t,w,J,hw,Iw,ts),[0,5000],initial,opts);
% Save data in a vector
y2 = y;
% Calculate the nutation angle at each time step
nutation angle = nutation(J, Iww, y, [0,0,1]);
% Plot angular velocities of the satellite and the nutation angle
figure(1);
tcl = tiledlayout(4,1);
title(tcl,'Time Histories of Angular Velocities and Nutation Angle')
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t,y(:,1));
ylabel('W1 (Rad/s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t,y(:,2));
ylabel('W2 (Rad/s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t,y(:,3));
```

```
ylabel('W3 (Rad/s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t, nutation angle);
ylabel('Nutation Angle (deg)')
xlabel('Time (s)')
% Plot 3D angular velocities
figure(2)
plot3(y(:,1),y(:,2),y(:,3));
title('3D Angular Velocities')
xlabel('W1 (rad/s)'); ylabel('W2 (rad/s)'); zlabel('W3 (rad/s)')
grid on;
% Check initial and final angular momentum to ensure conservation
wi = [5;0;0]./60.*2.*pi;
wf = [y(end, 1); y(end, 2); y(end, 3)];
wwf = [y(end, 4); y(end, 5); y(end, 6)];
H i = norm(J*wi);
H f = norm(J*wf+ Iww*wwf);
if abs(H i-H f) < 1e-3
    disp('3.1 passes angular momentum conservation check')
else
    disp('3.1 fails angular momentum conservation check')
end
```

3.1 passes angular momentum conservation check





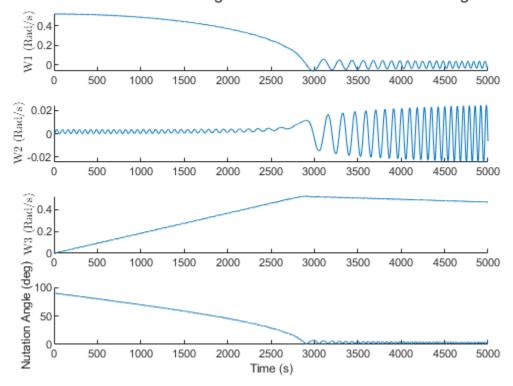
Question 3.2

```
Iw = 0.1; %kg*m^2
initial = [5;0;0;0;0;0]./60.*2.*pi; % initial tumbling angular velocity
(rad/s)
opts = odeset('MaxStep',2.0); % Sets max time step for ode45
ts = 5000; % wheel spin-up time (sec)
hw = 55; % nominal angular momentum (kg*m^2/s)
Iww = [0,0,0;0,0,0;0,0,Iw]; % inertia matrix for wheels (kg*m^2)
J = [500,0,0;0,400,0;0,0,440]; % inertia matrix for full satellite system
(kg*m^2)
% Calculate the satellite behavior during the wheel spin up
[t,y] = ode45(@(t,w) angular_rates(t,w,J,hw,Iw,ts),[0,5000],initial,opts);
% Calculate the nutation angle at each time step
nutation angle = nutation(J, Iww, y, [0,0,1]);
% Plot angular velocities of the satellite and the nutation angle
figure(3);
tcl = tiledlayout(4,1);
title(tcl,'Time Histories of Angular Velocities and Nutation Angle')
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t,y(:,1));
```

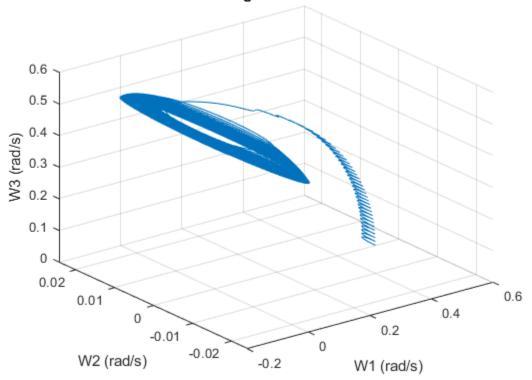
```
ylabel('W1 (Rad/s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t, y(:, 2));
ylabel('W2 (Rad/s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t,y(:,3));
ylabel('W3 (Rad/s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t, nutation angle);
ylabel('Nutation Angle (deg)')
xlabel('Time (s)')
% Plot 3D angular velocities
figure(4)
plot3(y(:,1),y(:,2),y(:,3));
title('3D Angular Velocities')
xlabel('W1 (rad/s)'); ylabel('W2 (rad/s)'); zlabel('W3 (rad/s)')
grid on;
% Check initial and final angular momentum to ensure conservation
wi = [5;0;0]./60.*2.*pi;
wf = [y(end, 1); y(end, 2); y(end, 3)];
wwf = [y(end, 4); y(end, 5); y(end, 6)];
H i = norm(J*wi);
H f = norm(J*wf+ Iww*wwf);
if abs(H i-H f) < 1e-3
    disp('3.2 passes angular momentum conservation check')
else
    disp('3.2 fails angular momentum conservation check')
end
```

3.2 passes angular momentum conservation check

Time Histories of Angular Velocities and Nutation Angle







Question 4

```
% Initialize values for calculation
Bv1 = [-0.3; -0.1; 0.9]; % star tracker observation vector
Bv2 = [0.8; -0.5; 0.2]; % sun sensor observation vector
Nv1 = [0;0;1]; % star tracker reference vector
Nv2 = [1;0;0]; % sun sensor reference vector
% Calculate attitude DCM using TRIAD
C BN triad = TRIAD(Bv1, Bv2, Nv1, Nv2);
disp('DCM from TRIAD: ')
disp(C_BN_triad)
% Normalize vectors for QUEST use
Bv1 = Bv1./norm(Bv1);
Bv2 = Bv2./norm(Bv2);
Nv1 = Nv1./norm(Nv1);
Nv2 = Nv2./norm(Nv2);
Bv = [Bv1, Bv2];
Nv = [Nv1, Nv2];
w = [2,1]; % weight array, with star tracker twice as accurate
% Calculate attitude DCM using QUEST
C BN quest = QUEST(Bv,Nv,w);
disp('DCM from QUEST: ')
disp(C BN quest)
% Calculate the principle rotation angle between the two DCMs
angle_diff = PR(C_BN_quest*C_BN_triad');
disp('Principle rotation angle between DCMs: ')
disp(round(angle_diff,4))
DCM from TRIAD:
    0.8262 0.4674 -0.3145
   -0.5196
           0.8479
                       -0.1048
    0.2177
              0.2500
                        0.9435
DCM from OUEST:
    0.8273
            0.4674
                       -0.3115
   -0.5193
            0.8479
                       -0.1067
    0.2142
            0.2500
                       0.9442
Principle rotation angle between DCMs:
    0.2076
```

Question 5

```
Iw = 0.1; %kg*m^2
% Calculate current attitude in MRPs
```

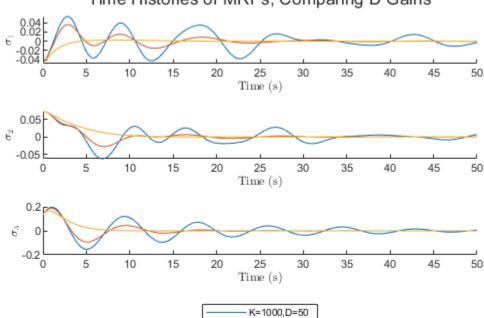
```
mrp = DCM2MRPs(C BN quest);
% Set initial conditions for integration
initial = [mrp; y2(end,:)'];
opts = odeset('MaxStep',2); % Sets max time step for ode45
J = [500, 0, 0; 0, 400, -7; 0, -7, 440]; % inertia matrix for full satellite system
(kq*m^2)
states = cell(1,3);
times = cell(1,3);
K = [1000, 1000, 1000, 50, 700, 1000];
d = [50, 150, 700, 50, 50, 50];
% Integrate the system utilizing different gains
for i = 1:6
    D = diag([d(i),d(i),d(i)]);
    mrp = [0;0;0];
    [t,s] = ode45(@(t,w) full dyn(w,J,Iw,D,K(i),mrp),[0,50],initial,opts);
    times{i} = t;
    states{i} = s;
end
% Plot the comparison of D gains (MRP history)
figure (5);
tcl = tiledlayout(4,1);
title(tcl,'Time Histories of MRPs, Comparing D Gains')
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(times{1}, states{1}(:,1));
plot(times{2}, states{2}(:,1));
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,1));
ylabel('$\sigma 1$',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(times{1}, states{1}(:,2));
plot(times{2}, states{2}(:,2));
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,2));
ylabel('$\sigma 2$',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(times{1}, states{1}(:,3));
plot(times{2}, states{2}(:,3));
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,3));
ylabel('$\sigma 3$',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
Lgnd = legend('K=1000, D=50', 'K=1000, D=150', 'K=1000, D=700');
Lgnd.Layout.Tile = 4;
% Plot the comparison of K gains (MRP history)
figure (50);
tcl = tiledlayout(4,1);
title(tcl,'Time Histories of MRPs, Comparing K Gains')
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
```

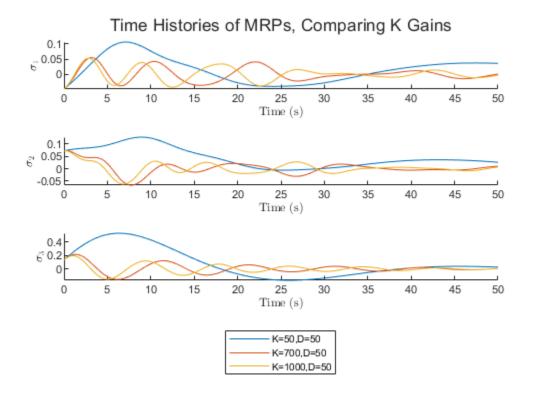
```
plot(times{4}, states{4}(:,1));
plot(times{5}, states{5}(:,1));
plot(times{6}, states{6}(:,1));
ylabel('$\sigma 1$',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(times{4}, states{4}(:,2));
plot(times{5}, states{5}(:,2));
plot(times{6}, states{6}(:,2));
ylabel('$\sigma 2$',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(times{4}, states{4}(:,3));
plot(times{5}, states{5}(:,3));
plot(times{6}, states{6}(:,3));
ylabel('$\sigma 3$',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
Lgnd = legend('K=50, D=50', 'K=700, D=50', 'K=1000, D=50');
Lgnd.Layout.Tile = 4;
% Plot the angular velocity history for the chosen gains
figure (6);
tcl = tiledlayout(3,1);
title(tcl, 'Time Histories of Angular Velocities')
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,4));
ylabel('W1 (Rad/s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,5));
ylabel('W2 (Rad/s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,6));
ylabel('W3 (Rad/s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
% Plot the angular velocity of the RWs for the chosen gains
figure (16);
tcl = tiledlayout(3,1);
title(tcl,'Time Histories of Reaction Wheel Speed')
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,7).*60./2./pi);
ylabel('$W w1$ (RPM)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,8).*60./2./pi);
```

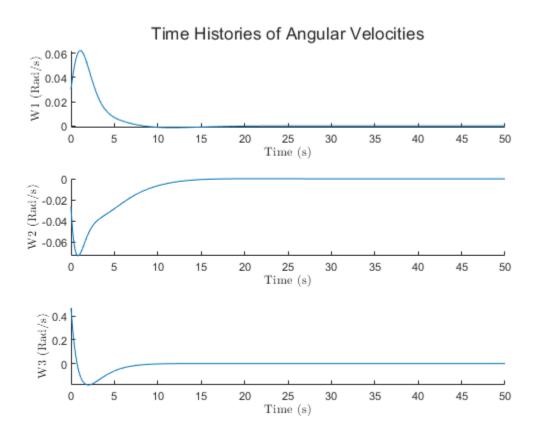
```
ylabel('$W w2$ (RPM)', "Interpreter", "latex", "FontWeight", "Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,9).*60./2./pi);
ylabel('$W w3$ (RPM)', "Interpreter", "latex", "FontWeight", "Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
% Calculate the norm errors for the both the attitude and angular
% velocities, and the torque at each step
goal = [0;0;0];
s e = [];
w = [];
u = []; K = 1000; D = diag([700,700,700]);
J = [500, 0, 0; 0, 400, -7; 0, -7, 440];
for i = 1:length(states{3}(:,1))
    sig = states{3}(i,1:3)';
    sig e = ((1-norm(sig)^2)*goal - (1-norm(goal)^2)*sig +
cross(2*goal, sig))...
            /(1+norm(sig)^2+norm(goal)^2 - 2*dot(sig,goal));
    s e(i) = norm(sig e);
    w e(i) = norm(states{3}(i, 4:6));
    w = states{3}(i, 4:6)';
    u(i,:) = (-K*sig e + D*w + skew(w)*J*w)';
end
% Plot the angular velocity history for the chosen gains
figure (15);
tcl = tiledlayout(2,1);
title(tcl, 'Time Histories of Orientation Errors')
nexttile(tcl)
semilogy(times{3},s e); hold on;
yline (10^-5);
ylabel('MRP Error Norm')
xlabel('Time (s)')
nexttile(tcl)
semilogy(times{3}, w_e); hold on;
yline (10^-5);
ylabel('Angular Velocity Error Norm')
xlabel('Time (s)')
% Plot the angular velocity of the RWs for the chosen gains
figure (17);
tcl = tiledlayout(3,1);
title(tcl, 'Time Histories of Reaction Wheel Torque')
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(times{3},u(:,1));
ylabel('U1 (Nm)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)', "Interpreter", "latex", "FontWeight", "Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(times{3},u(:,2));
ylabel('U2 (Nm)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
```

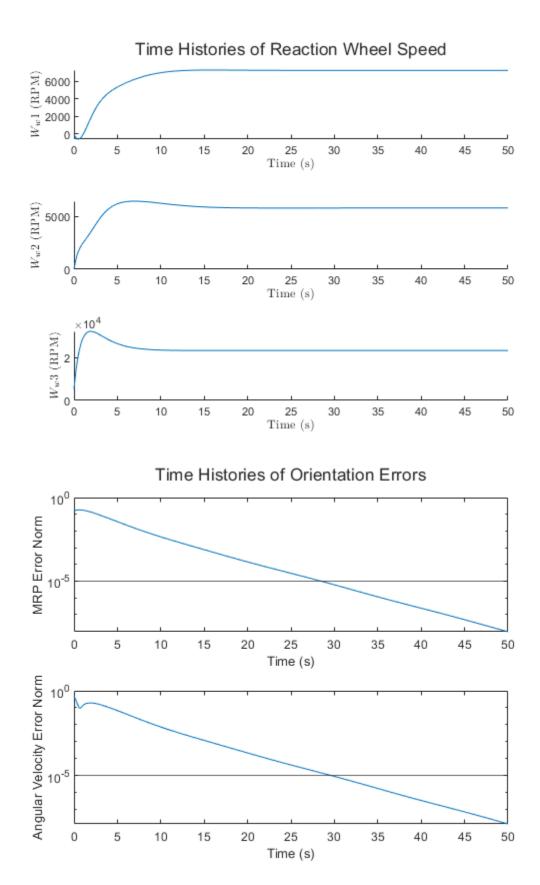
```
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(times{3},u(:,3));
ylabel('U3 (Nm)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
```

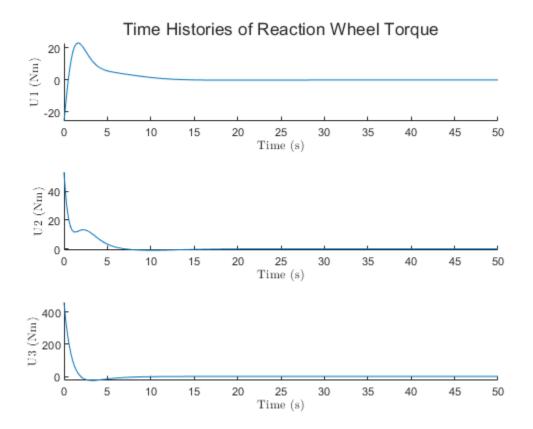
Time Histories of MRPs, Comparing D Gains











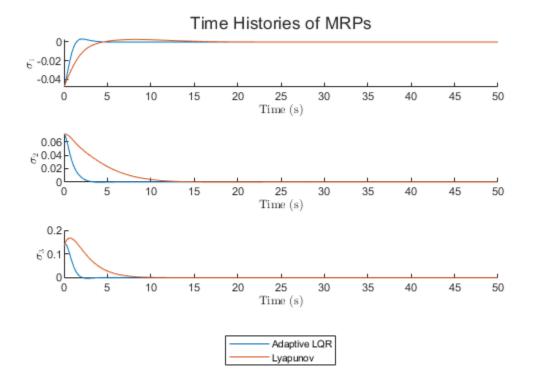
Question 5.3

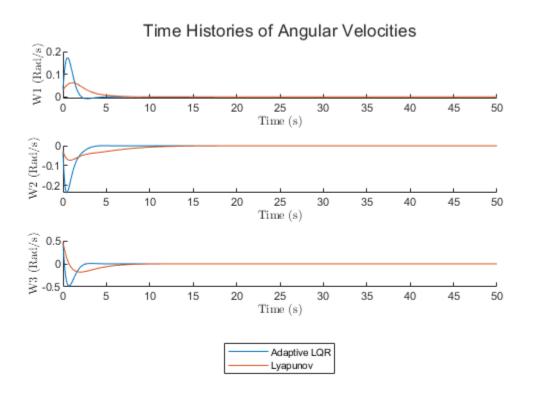
```
Iw = 0.1; %kg*m^2
mrp = DCM2MRPs(C BN quest);
initial = [mrp; y2(end,:)'];
opts = odeset('MaxStep',2);
J = [500, 0, 0; 0, 400, -7; 0, -7, 440];
mrp = [0;0;0];
[t,s] = ode45(@(t,w) lin dyn(w,J,Iw,mrp),[0,50],initial,opts);
figure(7);
tcl = tiledlayout(4,1);
title(tcl,'Time Histories of MRPs')
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t, s(:, 1));
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,1));
ylabel('$\sigma _1$',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t, s(:, 2));
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,2));
ylabel('$\sigma _2$',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s), "Interpreter", "latex", "FontWeight", "Bold")
```

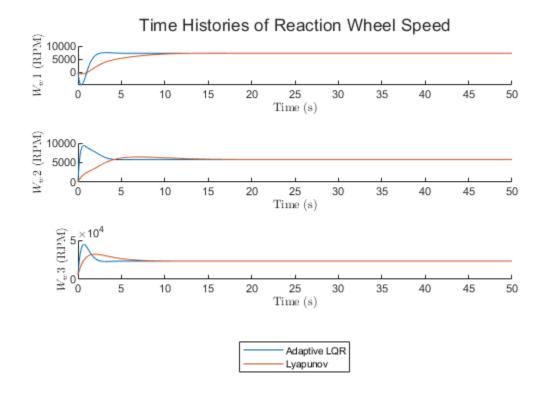
```
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t, s(:, 3));
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,3));
ylabel('$\sigma 3$',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
Lgnd = legend('Adaptive LQR', 'Lyapunov');
Lgnd.Layout.Tile = 4;
figure(8);
tcl = tiledlayout(4,1);
title(tcl, 'Time Histories of Angular Velocities')
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t, s(:, 4));
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,4));
ylabel('W1 (Rad/s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t, s(:, 5));
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,5));
ylabel('W2 (Rad/s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t,s(:,6));
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,6));
ylabel('W3 (Rad/s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
Lgnd = legend('Adaptive LQR', 'Lyapunov');
Lgnd.Layout.Tile = 4;
% Plot the angular velocity of the RWs for the chosen gains
figure (20);
tcl = tiledlayout(4,1);
title(tcl, 'Time Histories of Reaction Wheel Speed')
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t,s(:,7).*60./2./pi);
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,7).*60./2./pi);
ylabel('$W w1$ (RPM)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t,s(:,8).*60./2./pi);
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,8).*60./2./pi);
ylabel('$W w2$ (RPM)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t, s(:, 9).*60./2./pi);
plot(times{3}, states{3}(:,9).*60./2./pi);
```

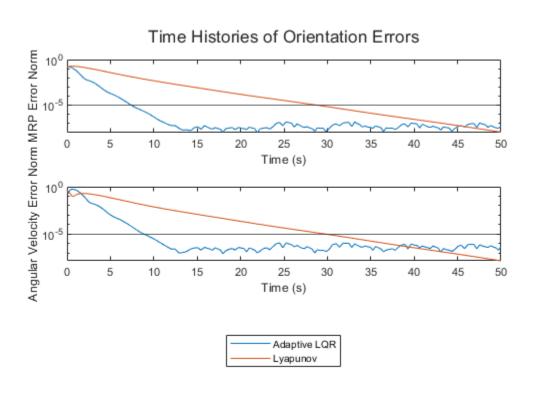
```
ylabel('$W w3$ (RPM)', "Interpreter", "latex", "FontWeight", "Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
Lgnd = legend('Adaptive LQR', 'Lyapunov');
Lgnd.Layout.Tile = 4;
% Calculate the norm errors for the both the attitude and angular
% velocities, and the torque at each step
qoal = [0;0;0];
s e2 = [];
w = 2 = [];
u2 = []; K = 1000; D = diag([700,700,700]);
J = [500, 0, 0; 0, 400, -7; 0, -7, 440];
for i = 1:length(s(:,1))
    sig = s(i, 1:3)';
    sig = ((1-norm(sig)^2)*goal - (1-norm(goal)^2)*sig +
cross(2*goal, sig))...
             /(1+norm(sig)^2+norm(goal)^2 - 2*dot(sig,goal));
    s e2(i) = norm(sig e);
    w = 2(i) = norm(s(i, 4:6));
    w = s(i, 4:6)';
    [\sim, \text{temp u}] = \lim_{n \to \infty} \text{dyn}([\text{sig}; w; \text{s}(i, 7:9)'], J, Iw, [0; 0; 0]);
    u2(i,:) = temp u';
end
% Plot the angular velocity history for the chosen gains
figure (21);
tcl = tiledlayout(3,1);
title(tcl,'Time Histories of Orientation Errors')
nexttile(tcl)
semilogy(t,s e2); hold on;
semilogy(times{3},s e);
yline (10^-5);
ylabel('MRP Error Norm')
xlabel('Time (s)')
nexttile(tcl)
semilogy(t,w e2); hold on;
semilogy(times{3}, w e);
yline (10^-5);
ylabel('Angular Velocity Error Norm')
xlabel('Time (s)')
Lgnd = legend('Adaptive LQR', 'Lyapunov');
Lgnd.Layout.Tile = 3;
% Plot the angular velocity of the RWs for the chosen gains
figure(22);
tcl = tiledlayout(4,1);
title(tcl, 'Time Histories of Reaction Wheel Torque')
nexttile(tcl)
plot(t,u2(:,1)); hold on;
plot(times{3},u(:,1));
ylabel('U1 (Nm)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)', "Interpreter", "latex", "FontWeight", "Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
```

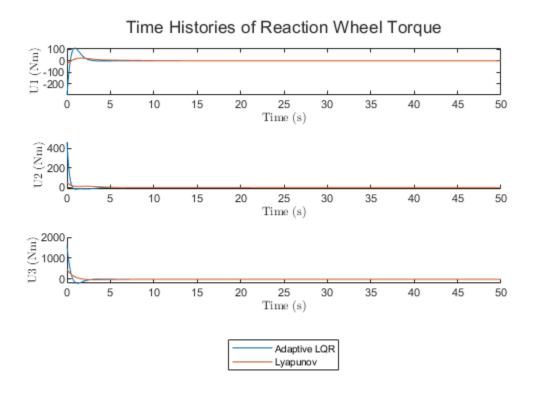
```
plot(t,u2(:,2)); hold on;
plot(times{3},u(:,2));
ylabel('U2 (Nm)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t,u2(:,3)); hold on;
plot(times{3},u(:,3));
ylabel('U3 (Nm)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
Lgnd = legend('Adaptive LQR', 'Lyapunov');
Lgnd.Layout.Tile = 4;
% Plot the angular velocity of the RWs for the chosen gains
figure (23);
tcl = tiledlayout(4,1);
title(tcl, 'Time Histories of Reaction Wheel Torque')
nexttile(tcl)
plot(t,u2(:,1)); hold on;
plot(times{3},u(:,1));
ylabel('U1 (Nm)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlim([0,5])
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t,u2(:,2)); hold on;
plot(times{3},u(:,2));
ylabel('U2 (Nm)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlim([0,5])
nexttile(tcl)
hold on;
plot(t,u2(:,3)); hold on;
plot(times{3},u(:,3));
ylabel('U3 (Nm)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlabel('Time (s)',"Interpreter","latex","FontWeight","Bold")
xlim([0,5])
Lgnd = legend('Adaptive LQR', 'Lyapunov');
Lgnd.Layout.Tile = 4;
```

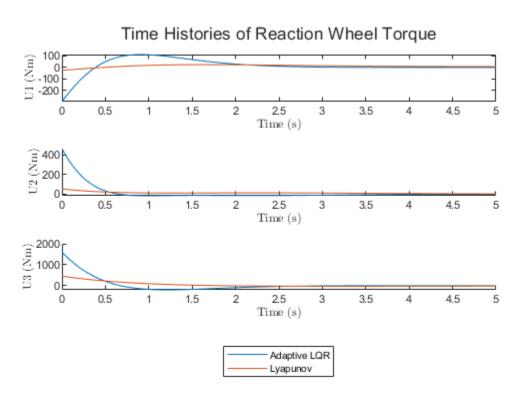












Functions

```
% Full dynamics including Lyapunov control law
function [prime] = full dyn(x, J, Iw, D, K, goal)
    sig = x(1:3);
    sig2 = sig'*sig;
    % Calculate and switch to shadow MRP if necessary
    if sig2 > 1
        sig = -sig./sig2;
    end
    sig = ((1-norm(sig)^2)*goal - (1-norm(goal)^2)*sig +
cross(2*goal, sig))...
            /(1+norm(sig)^2+norm(goal)^2 - 2*dot(sig,goal));
    w = x(4:6);
    ww = x(7:9);
    % Inertia matrix for RWs
    Iww = [Iw, 0, 0; 0, Iw, 0; 0, 0, Iw];
    % Torque calculation using predefined gains
    u = -K*sig e + D*w + skew(w)*J*w;
    % Angular acceleration of RWs
    ww dot = inv(Iww)*(skew(ww)*Iww*ww+u);
    % Angular acceleration of the spacecraft
    wdot = J \setminus (-skew(w) *J*w-skew(w) *Iww*ww-Iww*ww dot);
    % Attitude acceleration of the spacecraft
    sig dot = 0.25*((1-sig2)*eye(3) + 2*skew(sig) + 2*sig*sig')*w;
    % Propogate solution
    prime = [sig dot;wdot;ww dot];
end
% Full dynamics using linear control law
function [prime, u] = lin dyn(x,J,Iw,goal)
    % Calculate gains using current state
    K = gain(x(1:6));
    sig = x(1:3);
    sig2 = sig'*sig;
    % Calculate and switch to shadow MRP if necessary
    if sig2 > 1
        sig = -sig./sig2;
    end
    sig = ((1-norm(sig)^2)*goal - (1-norm(goal)^2)*sig +
cross(2*goal, sig))...
            /(1+norm(sig)^2*norm(goal)^2 - 2*dot(sig,goal));
    w = x(4:6);
    ww = x(7:9);
    % Inertia matrix for RWs
    Iww = [Iw, 0, 0; 0, Iw, 0; 0, 0, Iw];
    % Torque calculation using LQR gains
    u = -K*x(1:6);
    % Angular acceleration of RWs
```

```
% Angular acceleration of the spacecraft
    wdot = J \setminus (-skew(w) * J*w-skew(w) * Iww*ww-Iww*ww dot);
    % Attitude acceleration of the spacecraft
    sig dot = 0.25*((1-sig2)*eye(3) + 2*skew(sig) + 2*sig*sig')*w;
    % Propogate solution
    prime = [sig dot;wdot;ww dot];
    % Function to assemble skew matrix from a vector
    function M = skew(s)
        M = [0, -s(3), s(2); s(3), 0, -s(1); -s(2), s(1), 0];
    % Function to calculate gains using LQR
    function K = gain(x)
        sig = x(1:3);
        % Calculate and switch to shadow MRP if necessary
        sig2 = sig '*sig ;
        if sig2 > 1
            sig = -sig ./sig2 ;
        end
        w = x(4:6);
        Iw = 0.1;
        J = [500, 400, 440];
        % Calculate linear coefficients for state variables
        sd = (1-sig2)*eye(3) + 2*skew(sig) + 2*sig*sig';
        w var = diag(J) \setminus (-skew(w)*diag(J));
        A = [0,0,0,0.25*sd(1,1),0.25*sd(1,2),0.25*sd(1,3);
             0,0,0,0.25*sd(2,1),0.25*sd(2,2),0.25*sd(2,3);
             0,0,0,0.25*sd(3,1),0.25*sd(3,2),0.25*sd(3,3);
             0,0,0,w var(1,1),w var(1,2),w var(1,3);
             0,0,0,w var(2,1),w var(2,2),w var(2,3);
             0,0,0,w var(3,1),w var(3,2),w var(3,3)];
        % Calculate linear coefficients for input variables
        B = zeros(6,3);
        B(4,1) = -J(1)*Iw *inv(Iw); B(5,2) = -J(2)*Iw *inv(Iw); B(6,3) =
-J (3) *Iw *inv(Iw);
        % Weights for each state variable and input
        Q = diag([500, 500, 500, 20, 20, 20]);
        R = diag([0.00001, 0.00001, 0.00001]);
        % Calculate gain matrix using LQR
        [K, \sim, \sim] = lqr(A, B, Q, R);
    end
end
% Define the differential kinematic equation for 3-2-1 Euler angles
function [rotation rates] = angular rates(t,w,J,hw,Iw,ts)
    hw dot = hw/ts;
    ww dot = hw dot/Iw;
```

ww dot = inv(Iww)*(skew(ww)*Iww*ww+u);

```
ww dot = [0;0;ww dot];
    Iww = [Iw, 0, 0; 0, Iw, 0; 0, 0, Iw];
    wdot = J \setminus (-skew(w(1:3))*J*w(1:3)-skew(w(1:3))*Iww*w(4:6)-Iww*ww dot);
    rotation rates = [wdot;ww dot];
end
% Function to assemble skew matrix from a vector
function M = skew(s)
    M = [0, -s(3), s(2); s(3), 0, -s(1); -s(2), s(1), 0];
end
% Calculate the nutation angle
function angle = nutation(J, Iw, w, control)
    for i = 1: length(w(:,1))
        H(i,:) = (J*w(i,1:3)' + Iw*w(i,4:6)')';
        angle(i) = acosd(dot(H(i,:),control)/(norm(H(i,:))*norm(control)));
    end
end
% Calculate attitude DCM using TRIAD
function C BN = TRIAD(Bv1, Bv2, Nv1, Nv2)
    % Normalize all vectors
    Bv1 = Bv1./norm(Bv1);
    Bv2 = Bv2./norm(Bv2);
    Nv1 = Nv1./norm(Nv1);
    Nv2 = Nv2./norm(Nv2);
    % Calculate vectors in intermediate frame
    Bt1 = Bv1;
    Bt2 = cross(Bv1, Bv2)/norm(cross(Bv1, Bv2));
    Bt3 = cross(Bt1, Bt2);
    Nt1 = Nv1;
    Nt2 = cross(Nv1, Nv2)/norm(cross(Nv1, Nv2));
    Nt3 = cross(Nt1,Nt2);
    \mbox{\%} Compute DCMs for both B and N frames
    C BT = [Bt1, Bt2, Bt3];
    C NT = [Nt1, Nt2, Nt3];
    % Compute attitude DCM
    C BN = C BT*C NT';
end
% Calculate attitude DCM using QUEST
function C BN = QUEST(Bv, Nv, w)
    % Calculate intermediate values
    B = zeros(3,3);
    for i = 1:length(w)
        B = B + w(i)*Bv(:,i)*Nv(:,i)';
    end
    S = B + B';
    sig = trace(B);
    Z = [B(2,3)-B(3,2);B(3,1)-B(1,3);B(1,2)-B(2,1)];
```

```
% Assemble K matrix
           K = [siq, Z'; Z, S-siq*eye(3,3)];
           % Calculate max eigenvalue using Newton Raphson
           eig val = NR(sum(w), 1e-10);
           % Calculate Rodrigues parameters (eq. 3.238)
           q = inv((eig val+sig)*eye(3,3)-S)*Z;
           % Assemble DCM from Rodrigues parameters
           C BN = (1/(1+q'*q))*[1+q(1)^2-q(2)^2-q(3)^2, 2*(q(1)*q(2)+q(3)),
2*(q(1)*q(3)-q(2))
                                                               2*(q(1)*q(2)-q(3)), 1-q(1)^2+q(2)^2-q(3)^2,
2*(q(2)*q(3)+q(1))
                                                               2*(q(1)*q(3)+q(2)), 2*(q(2)*q(3)-q(1)), 1-q(1)^2-
q(2)^2+q(3)^2;
           % Eq 3.236 for Newton Raphson root solving
           function y = f(s)
                      y = det(K-s*eye(4,4));
           end
           % 1st derivative of Eq 3.236
           function dy = fp(s)
                      dy = -det(K-s*eye(4,4))*trace(inv(K-s*eye(4,4)));
           % Root solving using Newton Raphson for the eigenvalue
           function eig val = NR(initial, tol)
                      e = initial;
                      err = f(e);
                      while err > tol
                                  e = e - f(e)/fp(e);
                                  err = f(e);
                      end
                       eig val = e;
           end
end
% Find principle rotation angle of a DCM
function angle = PR(C)
           angle = acosd(0.5*(trace(C)-1));
end
% Convert DCM to MRP
function mrp = DCM2MRPs(DCM)
           c = sqrt(trace(DCM) + 1);
           mrp = 1/(c*(c+2)) *[DCM(2,3)-DCM(3,2);DCM(3,1)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,3);DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)-DCM(1,2)
DCM(2,1);
end
```

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