```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from xgboost import XGBClassifier
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sn
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
datal=pd.read csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Half Data/ack h.csv')
data2=pd.read csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Half Data/benign traffic h.csv')
data3=pd.read csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Half Data/combo h.csv')
data4=pd.read csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Half Data/junk h.csv')
data5=pd.read csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Half Data/scan h.csv')
data6=pd.read csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Half Data/syn h.csv')
data7=pd.read csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Half Data/tcp h.csv')
data8=pd.read csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Half Data/udp h.csv')
data9=pd.read csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Half Data/udpplain h.csv')
data1['class']='ack'
data2['class']='benign'
data3['class']='combo'
data4['class']='junk'
data5['class']='scan'
data6['class']='syn'
data7['class']='tcp'
data8['class']='udp'
data9['class']='udpplain'
data=pd.concat([data1,data2,data3,data4,data5,data6,data7,data8,data9],
               axis=0, sort=False, ignore index=True)
data.groupby('class')['class'].count()
data
```

	MI_dir_L5_weight	MI_dir_L5_mean	MI_dir_L5_variance	MI_dir_L3_weight
0	1.000000	566.000000	0.00000e+00	1.000000
1	1.996585	566.000000	5.820000e-11	1.997950
2	2.958989	566.000000	0.000000e+00	2.975291
3	3.958979	566.000000	0.00000e+00	3.975285
4	4.914189	566.000000	1.160000e-10	4.948239

				×
013333	101.010002	701.210717	+.0 34000 04	111.005510
813556	108.012301	452.221506	3.991953e+04	178.664861
813557	108.716218	453.157691	3.964675e+04	179.370847
813558	109.580657	454.077947	3.937690e+04	180.236616
813559	109.981077	454.986486	3.910882e+04	180.644259

813560 rows × 116 columns

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Mounted at /content/drive

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le = LabelEncoder()
data["class"] = le.fit_transform(data["class"])
x = data.drop(columns = ['class'])
```

У

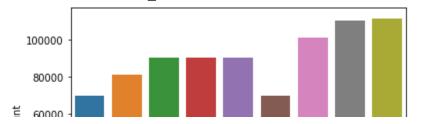
U	U
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
813555	8
813556	8
813557	8
813558	8
813559	8

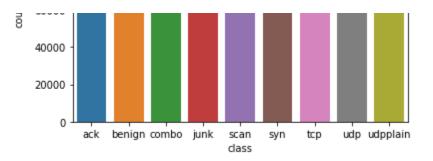
y = data['class']

Name: class, Length: 813560, dtype: int64

sn.countplot(y)

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fa92ecdaf50>





```
{\tt from \ sklearn.preprocessing \ import \ StandardScaler}
```

scaler = StandardScaler()

self.eps = eps

```
x scaled = scaler.fit transform(x)
x scaled
    array([[-1.09402864, 2.92023653, -0.49459129, ..., -0.08128532,
            -0.02999433, -0.01756778],
           [-1.0801538, 2.92023653, -0.49459129, ..., -0.08128532,
            -0.02999433, -0.01756778],
           [-1.06675484, 2.92023653, -0.49459129, ..., -0.08128532,
            -0.02999433, -0.01756778],
           [0.40563836, 2.13892047, 1.3059045, ..., -0.08128532,
            -0.02999433, -0.01756778],
           [0.41767341, 2.14529229, 1.29364967, ..., -0.08128532,
            -0.02999433, -0.01756778],
           [0.42324822, 2.15158298, 1.28147542, ..., -0.08128532,
            -0.02999433, -0.01756778]])
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
x train, x_test,y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x_scaled,y,test_size=.3,random_s
import numpy as np
from math import e
class Node:
    def init (self, x, gradient, hessian, idxs, subsample cols = 0.8, min leaf
        self.x, self.gradient, self.hessian = x, gradient, hessian
        self.idxs = idxs
        self.depth = depth
        self.min leaf = min leaf
        self.lambda = lambda
        self.gamma = gamma
        self.min_child_weight = min_child_weight
        self.row count = len(idxs)
        self.col_count = x.shape[1]
        self.subsample cols = subsample cols
```

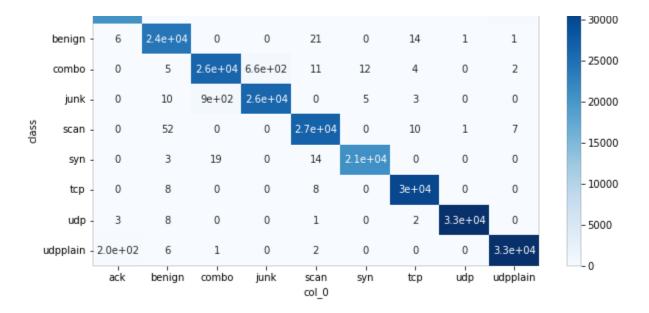
```
self.column_subsample = np.random.permutation(self.col_count)[:round(self.s
    self.val = self.compute gamma(self.gradient[self.idxs], self.hessian[self.i
    self.score = float('-inf')
    self.find_varsplit()
def compute gamma(self, gradient, hessian):
    return(-np.sum(gradient)/(np.sum(hessian) + self.lambda ))
def find varsplit(self):
    for c in self.column subsample: self.find greedy split(c)
    if self.is_leaf: return
    x = self.split col
    lhs = np.nonzero(x <= self.split)[0]</pre>
    rhs = np.nonzero(x > self.split)[0]
    self.lhs = Node(x = self.x, gradient = self.gradient, hessian = self.hessia
    self.rhs = Node(x = self.x, gradient = self.gradient, hessian = self.hessia
def find greedy split(self, var idx):
    x = self.x.values[self.idxs, var idx]
    for r in range(self.row count):
        lhs = x \le x[r]
        rhs = x > x[r]
        lhs_indices = np.nonzero(x \leq x[r])[0]
        rhs indices = np.nonzero(x > x[r])[0]
        if(rhs.sum() < self.min leaf or lhs.sum() < self.min leaf</pre>
           or self.hessian[lhs indices].sum() < self.min child weight
           or self.hessian[rhs indices].sum() < self.min child weight): continu
        curr score = self.gain(lhs, rhs)
        if curr_score > self.score:
            self.var_idx = var_idx
            self.score = curr score
            self.split = x[r]
def weighted qauntile sketch(self, var idx):
    x = self.x.values[self.idxs, var idx]
    hessian = self.hessian[self.idxs]
    df = pd.DataFrame({'feature':x,'hess':hessian })
    df.sort_values(by=['feature'], ascending = True, inplace = True)
    hess sum = df['hess'].sum()
    df['rank'] = df.apply(lambda x : (1/hess sum)*sum(df[df['feature'] < x['fea</pre>
    for row in range (df.shape[0]-1):
        # look at the current rank and the next ran
        rb eb i rb eb i 1 - Afliranbil iloc(rout.rout-?)
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diff = abs(rk_sk_j - rk_sk_j_1)
       if(diff >= self.eps):
            continue
       split_value = (df['rank'].iloc[row+1] + df['rank'].iloc[row])/2
       lhs = x \le split value
       rhs = x > split value
       lhs indices = np.nonzero(x <= split value)[0]</pre>
       rhs_indices = np.nonzero(x > split_value)[0]
       if(rhs.sum() < self.min leaf or lhs.sum() < self.min leaf</pre>
           or self.hessian[lhs indices].sum() < self.min child weight
           or self.hessian[rhs_indices].sum() < self.min_child_weight): continu
       curr_score = self.gain(lhs, rhs)
       if curr score > self.score:
            self.var_idx = var_idx
            self.score = curr score
           self.split = split value
def gain(self, lhs, rhs):
    gradient = self.gradient[self.idxs]
   hessian = self.hessian[self.idxs]
    lhs_gradient = gradient[lhs].sum()
    lhs hessian = hessian[lhs].sum()
    rhs gradient = gradient[rhs].sum()
    rhs hessian = hessian[rhs].sum()
    gain = 0.5 *( (lhs gradient**2/(lhs hessian + self.lambda )) + (rhs gradien
    return(gain)
@property
def split col(self):
    splits a column
    return self.x.values[self.idxs , self.var idx]
@property
def is leaf(self):
   checks if node is a leaf
   return self.score == float('-inf') or self.depth <= 0</pre>
def predict(self, x):
    return np.array([self.predict_row(xi) for xi in x])
def predict_row(self, xi):
    if self.is_leaf:
       return(self.val)
```

```
node = self.lhs if xi[self.var idx] <= self.split else self.rhs</pre>
        return node.predict_row(xi)
class XGBoostTree:
    def fit(self, x, gradient, hessian, subsample_cols = 0.8 , min_leaf = 5, min_ch
        self.dtree = Node(x, gradient, hessian, np.array(np.arange(len(x))), subsame
        return self
   def predict(self, x):
        return self.dtree.predict(x.values)
class XGBClassifier:
    def init (self):
        self.estimators = []
    @staticmethod
    def sigmoid(x):
        return 1 / (1 + np.exp(-x))
    # first order gradient logLoss
    def grad(self, preds, labels):
        preds = self.sigmoid(preds)
        return(preds - labels)
    # second order gradient logLoss
    def hess(self, preds, labels):
        preds = self.sigmoid(preds)
        return(preds * (1 - preds))
    @staticmethod
    def log odds (column):
        binary_yes = np.count_nonzero(column == 1)
        binary_no = np.count_nonzero(column == 0)
        return(np.log(binary_yes/binary_no))
    def fit(self, x, y, subsample cols = 0.8 , min child weight = 1, depth = 5, min
        self.x, self.y = x, y.values
        self.depth = depth
        self.subsample_cols = subsample_cols
        self.eps = eps
        self.min child weight = min child weight
        self.min leaf = min leaf
        self.learning_rate = learning_rate
        self.boosting_rounds = boosting_rounds
        self.lambda_ = lambda_
        self.gamma = gamma
        self hase nred = nn full (/v shane[0] 1) 1) flatten() astyme(!float64!)
```

```
for booster in range(self.boosting rounds):
           Grad = self.grad(self.base pred, self.y)
           Hess = self.hess(self.base pred, self.y)
           boosting tree = XGBoostTree().fit(self.x, Grad, Hess, depth = self.dept
           self.base pred += self.learning rate * boosting tree.predict(self.x)
           self.estimators.append(boosting tree)
   def predict_proba(self, x):
       pred = np.zeros(x.shape[0])
       for estimator in self.estimators:
           pred += self.learning rate * estimator.predict(x)
       return(self.sigmoid(np.full((x.shape[0], 1), 1).flatten().astype('float64')
   def predict(self, x):
       pred = np.zeros(x.shape[0])
       for estimator in self.estimators:
           pred += self.learning_rate * estimator.predict(x)
       predicted probas = self.sigmoid(np.full((x.shape[0], 1), 1).flatten().astyp
       preds = np.where(predicted probas > np.mean(predicted probas), 1, 0)
       return(preds)
class PCA:
   def init (self, n components):
       self.n_components = n_components
       self.components = None
       self.mean = None
   def fit(self, x):
       # Mean centering
       self.mean = np.mean(x, axis=0)
       x = x - self.mean
       # covariance, function needs samples as columns
       cov = np.cov(x.T)
       # eigenvalues, eigenvectors
       eigenvalues, eigenvectors = np.linalg.eig(cov)
       # -> eigenvector v = [:,i] column vector, transpose for easier calculations
       # sort eigenvectors
       eigenvectors = eigenvectors.T
       idxs = np.argsort(eigenvalues)[::-1]
       eigenvalues = eigenvalues[idxs]
       eigenvectors = eigenvectors[idxs]
       # store first n eigenvectors
       self.components = eigenvectors[0:self.n_components]
   def transform(self, x):
       # -----
```

```
# project data
        x = x - self.mean
       return np.dot(x, self.components.T)
pca = PCA(n_components=35)
pca.fit(x_scaled)
x_pca = pca.transform(x_scaled)
x_pca.shape
    (813560, 35)
x train pca, x test pca, y train, y test = train test split(x pca, y, test size=0.3
import datetime
start = datetime.datetime.now()
my model = XGBClassifier()
my model.fit(x train pca, y train)
end = datetime.datetime.now()
print("Total execution time on 35 features: ", end-start)
    Total execution time on 35 features: 0:39:22.579938
my model.score(x test pca, y test) *100
    98.98511890128981
confusion m = pd.crosstab(y test,my model.predict(x test pca))
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
sn.heatmap(confusion m,annot=True,cmap='Blues')
    <matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fa92e21bdd0>
                     9 0 0 0 0 1 0 4.6e+02
```



print("Accuracy is: ",(np.diag(confusion_m).sum()/confusion_m.sum().sum())*100)

Accuracy is: 98.98511890128981

from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, accuracy score

y pred= my model.predict(x test pca)

print("Accuracy score on 20 features: ", accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)*100)
print("Confusion matrix:\n ", confusion matrix(y test,y pred))

Accuracy score on 20 features: 98.98511890128981 Confusion matrix:

[[2063	2	9	0	0	0	0	1	0 460]
[6	24300	0	0	21	0	14	1	1]
[0	5	26351	663	11	12	4	0	2]
[0	10	899	26224	0	5	3	0	0]
[0	52	0	0	26750	0	10	1	7]
[0	3	19	0	14	20905	0	0	0]
[0	8	0	0	8	0	30194	0	0]
[3	8	0	0	1	0	2	33077	0]
[205	6	1	0	2	0	0	0	33158]]