Lab Exercise 4-Provisioning an EC2 Instance on AWS

Prerequisites: Terraform Installed: Make sure you have Terraform installed on your machine. Follow the official installation guide if needed.

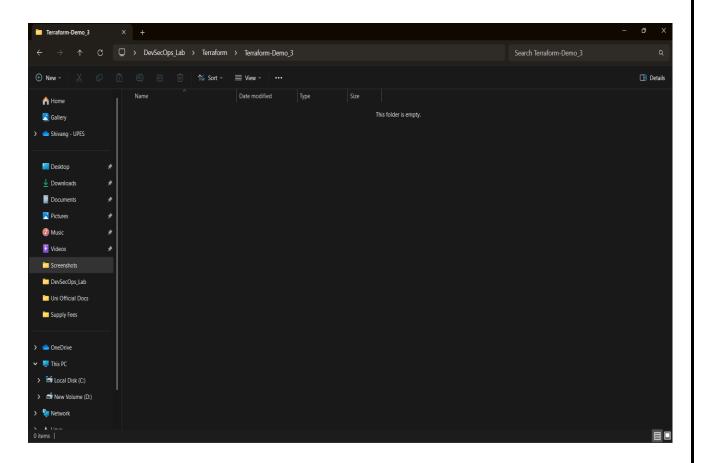
AWS Credentials: Ensure you have AWS credentials (Access Key ID and Secret Access Key) configured. You can set them up using the AWS CLI or by setting environment variables.

Exercise Steps:

Step 1: Create a New Directory:

Create a new directory for your Terraform configuration:

"Terraform-Demo"



Step 2: Create Terraform Configuration File (main.tf):

Create a file named main.tf with the following content:

```
terraform {
  required_providers {
    aws = {
      source = "hashicorp/aws"
      version = "5.31.0"
    }
  }
  provider "aws" {
    region = "ap-south-1"
    access_key = "your IAM access key"
    secret_key = "your secret access key"
}
```

This script defines an AWS provider and provisions an EC2 instance.

Step 3: Initialize Terraform:

Run the following command to initialize your Terraform working directory:

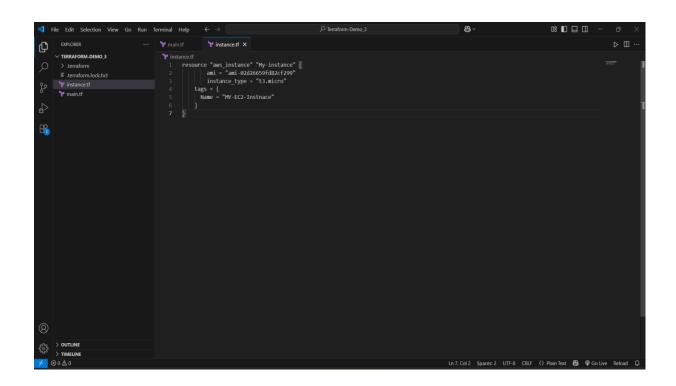
terraform init

```
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindows
PS C:\Users\HP\Desktop\DevSecOps_Lab\Terraform\Terraform=Demo_3> terraform init
Initializing the backend..
Initializing provider plugins...
- Finding hashicorp/aws versions matching "5.31.0"...
- Installing hashicorp/aws v5.31.0...
- Installed hashicorp/aws v5.31.0 (signed by HashiCorp)
Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository
so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when
you run "terraform init" in the future.
Terraform has been successfully initialized!
You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands
If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform,
rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.
PS C:\Users\HP\Desktop\DevSecOps_Lab\Terraform\Terraform-Demo_3> |
```

Step 4: Create Terraform Configuration File for EC2 instance (instance.tf):

Create a file named instnace.tf with the following content:

```
resource "aws_instance" "My-instance" {
    ami = "ami-03f4878755434977f"
    instance_type = "t2.micro"
    tags = {
        Name = "MY-EC2-Instance"
    }
}
```



Step 5: Review Plan:

Run the following command to see what Terraform will do:

terraform plan

Review the plan to ensure it aligns with your expectations.

Step 6: Apply Changes:

Apply the changes to create the AWS resources:

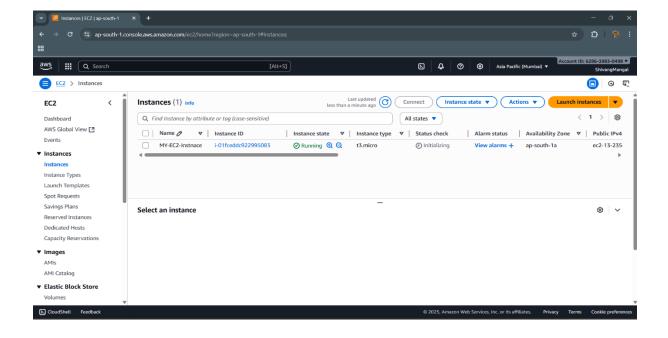
terraform apply

Type yes when prompted.

```
+ capacity_reservation_specification (known after apply)
       + cpu_options (known after apply)
       + ebs_block_device (known after apply)
       + enclave_options (known after apply)
       + ephemeral_block_device (known after apply)
       + instance_market_options (known after apply)
       + maintenance_options (known after apply)
       + metadata_options (known after apply)
       + network_interface (known after apply)
       + private_dns_name_options (known after apply)
       + root_block_device (known after apply)
Plan: 1 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.
Do you want to perform these actions?
  Terraform will perform the actions described above. Only 'yes' will be accepted to approve.
  Enter a value: yes
aws_instance.My-instance: Creating...
aws_instance.My-instance: Still creating... [00m10s elapsed]
aws_instance.My-instance: Creation complete after 14s [id=i-01fceddc922995083]
Apply complete! Resources: 1 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.
PS C:\Users\HP\Desktop\DevSecOps_Lab\Terraform\Terraform-Demo_3> |
```

Step 7: Verify Resources:

After the terraform apply command completes, log in to your AWS Management Console and navigate to the EC2 dashboard. Verify that the EC2 instance has been created.



Step 8: Cleanup Resources:

When you are done experimenting, run the following command to destroy the created resources:

terraform destroy

Type yes when prompted.

```
PS C:\Users\HP\Desktop\DevSecOps_Lab\Terraform\Terraform-Demo_3> terraform destroy aws_instance.My-instance: Refreshing state... [id=i-01fceddc922995083]
Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
     destroy
Terraform will perform the following actions:
  # aws_instance.My-instance will be destroy
- resource "aws_instance" "My-instance" {
                                                      = "ami-02d26659fd82cf299" -> null
        - ami
                                                      = "arn:aws:ec2:ap-south-1:628639830498:instance/i-01fceddc922995083" -> null
         arn
         associate_public_ip_address
availability_zone
                                                      = "ap-south-1a" -> null
                                                      = 1 -> null
         cpu_core_count
         cpu_threads_per_core
                                                      = false -> null
= false -> null
         disable_api_stop
disable_api_termination
         ebs_optimized
                                                      = false -> null
= false -> null
          get_password_data
         hibernation
         instance_state
instance_type
                                                     = 0 -> null
= [] -> null
= false -> null
         ipv6_address_count
ipv6_addresses
         monitoring
placement_partition_number
                                                      = 0 -> null
= "eni-032375fc5954dc6ce" -> null
         primary_network_interface_id
private_dns
                                                       = "ip-172-31-32-253.ap-south-1.compute.internal" -> null
                                                      = "172.31.32.253" -> nul
          private_ip
                                                      = "ec2-13-235-23-3.ap-south-1.compute.amazonaws.com" -> null
= "13.235.23.3" -> null
          public_dns
         public_ip
          secondary_private_ips
         security_groups
- "default",
         source_dest_check
subnet_id
                                                      = true -> null
= "subnet-0568c1277b6faa3e2" -> null
         tags
- "Name" = "MY-EC2-Instnace"
          tags_all
               "Name" = "MY-EC2-Instnace"
         } -> null
         tenancy
user_data_replace_on_change
                                                       = "default" -> null
                                                      = false -> null
         vpc_security_group_ids
- "sg-0faac15d6f86aa4b0",
         ] -> null
# (8 unchanged attributes hidden)
         capacity_reservation_specification {
              capacity_reservation_preference = "open" -> null
```

```
Enter a value: yes

aws_instance.My-instance: Destroying... [id=i-01fceddc922995083]
aws_instance.My-instance: Still destroying... [id=i-01fceddc922995083, 00m10s elapsed]
aws_instance.My-instance: Still destroying... [id=i-01fceddc922995083, 00m20s elapsed]
aws_instance.My-instance: Still destroying... [id=i-01fceddc922995083, 00m30s elapsed]
aws_instance.My-instance: Still destroying... [id=i-01fceddc922995083, 00m40s elapsed]
aws_instance.My-instance: Still destroying... [id=i-01fceddc922995083, 00m50s elapsed]
aws_instance.My-instance: Still destroying... [id=i-01fceddc922995083, 01m00s elapsed]
aws_instance.My-instance: Destruction complete after 1m1s

Destroy complete! Resources: 1 destroyed.
PS C:\Users\HP\Desktop\DevSecOps_Lab\Terraform\Terraform-Demo_3> |
```

Notes:

Customize the instance.tf file to provision different AWS resources.

Explore the Terraform AWS provider documentation for additional AWS resources and configuration options.

Always be cautious when running terraform destroy to avoid accidental resource deletion.

This exercise provides a basic introduction to using Terraform with the AWS provider. Feel free to explore more complex Terraform configurations and resources based on your needs.