

## 2201-MTL106: ASSIGNMENT-5

**Q1.** Let  $g : [0, \infty) \mapsto (0, \infty)$  be a function such that  $g(x) \geq b > 0$  for  $x \geq a$ . Let  $X$  be a non-negative random variable such that  $\mathbb{E}[g(X)]$  exists. Show that

$$\mathbb{P}(X \geq a) \leq \frac{\mathbb{E}[g(X)]}{b}.$$

**Q2.** Let  $X$  be a Binomial  $B(n, p)$  random variable defined on a given probability space  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbb{P})$ . Then show the followings:

- a) For  $\lambda > 0$  and  $b > 0$ ,  $\mathbb{P}(X - np > nb) \leq \mathbb{E}[\exp(\lambda(X - np - nb))]$ .
- b) For any  $\epsilon > 0$ ,  $\mathbb{P}(X \geq np + \epsilon\sqrt{np(1-p)}) \leq \frac{1}{1+\epsilon^2}$ .
- c) For all  $\epsilon > 0$ ,  $\mathbb{P}(|X - np| \leq n\epsilon)$  tends to 1.

**Q3.** Show that  $X_n \xrightarrow{\mathbb{P}} X$  if and only if  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathbb{E}(1 \wedge |X_n - X|) = 0$ .

**Q4.** Let  $\{X_n\}$  be a sequence of random variables defined on a given probability space  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbb{P})$ , given by

$$X_n := \sqrt{n} \mathbf{1}_{(0, \frac{1}{n})}(U), \quad U \sim \mathcal{U}(0, 1).$$

Show that  $X_n \xrightarrow{\mathbb{P}} 0$  but  $X_n \not\xrightarrow{2} 0$ .

**Q5.** Prove or disprove:  $X_n \xrightarrow{\mathbb{P}} 0 \implies \mathbb{E}(X_n) \rightarrow 0$  and  $\text{Var}(X_n) \rightarrow 0$ .

**Q6.** Let  $\{X_n\}$  be a sequence of random variables that is monotonically increasing, i.e.,  $X_n(\omega) \leq X_{n+1}(\omega)$  for all  $\omega \in \Omega, n \in \mathbb{N}$ . If  $X_n \xrightarrow{\mathbb{P}} X$ , then show that  $X_n \xrightarrow{a.s.} X$ .

**Q7.** Let  $X_n \xrightarrow{d} X$  with  $X = a$  a.e. Then show that  $X_n \xrightarrow{\mathbb{P}} a$ .

**Q8.** Prove or disprove:

$$X_n \xrightarrow{d} X, Y_n \xrightarrow{\mathbb{P}} c, c \in \mathbb{R}, \implies X_n + Y_n \xrightarrow{d} X + c, X_n Y_n \xrightarrow{d} cX.$$

**Q9.** Let  $Y, \{X_n\}$  be random variables such that for each fixed  $\tau > 0$ ,  $X_n + \tau Y \xrightarrow{d} X + \tau Y$ . Show that  $X_n \xrightarrow{d} X$ .

**Q10.** Let  $\{X_j\}$  be a sequence of i.i.d. random variables with  $X_j$  in  $L^1$ . Let  $Y_j = e^{X_j}$ . Show that  $\left(\prod_{i=1}^n Y_i\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}$  converges to a constant  $\alpha = e^{\mathbb{E}[X_1]}$ .

**Q11.** Let  $\{X_j\}$  be a sequence of i.i.d. non-negative random variables with  $\mathbb{E}[X_1] = 1$  and  $\text{Var}(X_1) = \sigma^2 \in (0, \infty)$ . Show that

$$\frac{2}{\sigma}(\sqrt{S_n} - \sqrt{n}) \xrightarrow{d} Y, \quad Y \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1).$$

**Q12.** Use CLT to show that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} e^{-n} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{n^k}{k!} = \frac{1}{2}.$$

**Q13.** Let  $\{X_i\}$  be a sequence of i.i.d. random variables with  $\mathbb{P}(X_i = 1) = \frac{3}{4}$  and  $\mathbb{P}(X_i = 0) = \frac{1}{4}$ . Let  $Y_i = X_i + X_i^2$ . Use CLT to evaluate  $\mathbb{P}\left(\sum_{i=1}^{80} Y_i > 100\right)$ .

**Q14.** Let  $\{X_i\}$  be a sequence of **i.i.d** non-negative random variables with mean 4 and variance 16. Calculate:

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathbb{E}\left[\cos\left(\sqrt{S_n} - 2\sqrt{n}\right)\right],$$

where  $S_n := \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ .

**Q15.** Let  $\{X_n\}$  be a sequence of **i.i.d** random variables, defined on a given probability space  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbb{P})$ , with uniform distribution on  $(-1, 1)$ . Let

$$Y_n = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 + X_i^3}.$$

Show that  $\sqrt{n}Y_n$  converges in distribution as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ . Let  $\phi_n(t)$  be the characteristic function of  $\sqrt{n}Y_n$ . Calculate  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \phi_n(2)$ .

**Q16.** Let  $X_n \xrightarrow{\mathbb{P}} X$ . Show that the characteristic function  $\phi_{X_n}$  converges pointwise to  $\phi_X$ .