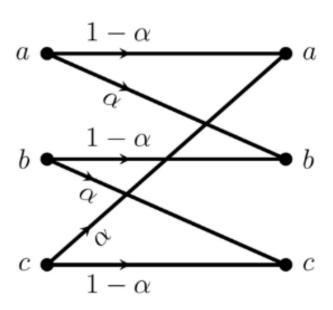
Assignment

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Question:- The transition diagram of a discrete memoryless channel with three input symbols and three output symbols is shown in the figure. The transition probabilities are as marked. The parameter α lies in the interval [0.25, 1]. The value of α for which the capacity of this channel is maximized, is **Solution:**



Variable	Description	Value
X	Input variable	$X = \{0, 1, 2\}$
Y	Output variable	$Y = \{0, 1, 2\}$
С	Channel Capacity	C
I	Mutual Information	I
Н	Entropy	Н

Now.

$$Pr(Y = 0) = Pr(Y = 1) = Pr(Y = 2) = \frac{1}{3}$$
 (3)

$$H(Y) = -\sum_{k=0}^{2} \Pr(Y = k) \log_2 \Pr(Y = k)$$
 (4)

$$= -\frac{1}{3}\log_2\frac{1}{3} \times 3 \tag{5}$$

$$= \log_2 3 \tag{6}$$

$$H(Y|X) = -\sum_{k_1=0}^{2} \sum_{k_2=0}^{2} \Pr(X = k_1) \Pr(Y = k_2|X) \log_2 (\Pr(Y = k_2|X))$$

$$= -\sum_{k_1=0}^{2} \Pr(X = k_1) \sum_{k_2=0}^{2} \Pr(Y = k_2 | X) \log_2 (\Pr(Y = k_2 | X))$$
(8)

$$= -3 \times \frac{1}{3} \left(\alpha \log_2 \alpha + (1 - \alpha) \log_2 (1 - \alpha) \right) \tag{9}$$

Using (6) and (9) in (2)

$$I(X, Y) = \log_2 3 + \alpha \log_2 \alpha + (1 - \alpha) \log_2 (1 - \alpha)$$
(10)

$$\implies \frac{d}{d\alpha}I(X,Y) = (\log_2 \alpha - \log_2 (1 - \alpha)) \tag{11}$$

For maxima or minima $\frac{d}{d\alpha}I(X,Y) = 0$

$$\log_2 \alpha - \log_2 (1 - \alpha) = 0 \tag{12}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{2} \tag{13}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{d\alpha^2}I(X,Y) = \frac{1}{\log 2} \left(\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{1-\alpha}\right) \tag{14}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{d\alpha^2}I(X,Y)|_{\alpha=\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{4}{\log 2}$$
 (15)

$$\geq 0$$
 (16)

At $\alpha = \frac{1}{2}$, I(X, Y) is minimum As I(X, Y) is maximum at $\alpha = 0, 1$ But $\alpha \in [0.25, 1]$,

$$\alpha = 1 \tag{17}$$

$$C = \max_{p(X,Y)} I(X,Y) \tag{1}$$

$$I(X, Y) = H(Y) - H(Y|X)$$
 (2)

