Assignment

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Question:- Let A and B be two events such that $P(A) = \frac{3}{8}$, $P(B) = \frac{5}{8}$ and $P(A + B) = \frac{3}{4}$. Then P(A|B) . P(A'|B) is equal

(a)
$$\frac{2}{5}$$

(b)
$$\frac{3}{8}$$

(c)
$$\frac{3}{20}$$

(d)
$$\frac{6}{25}$$

Solution: Given

$$P(A) = \frac{3}{8} \tag{1}$$

$$P(B) = \frac{5}{8} \tag{2}$$

$$P(A) = \frac{3}{8}$$
 (1)

$$P(B) = \frac{5}{8}$$
 (2)

$$P(A+B) = \frac{3}{4}$$
 (3)

As we know

$$P(A + B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(AB)$$
 (4)

$$\implies P(AB) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A+B) \tag{5}$$

$$\implies P(AB) = \frac{1}{4} \tag{6}$$

Now,

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(AB)}{P(B)} \tag{7}$$

$$P(A'|B) = \frac{P(A'B)}{P(B)}$$
 (8)
= $\frac{P(B) - P(AB)}{P(B)}$ (9)

$$=\frac{P(B)-P(AB)}{P(B)}\tag{9}$$

From (7) and (9)

$$P(A|B).P(A'|B) = \frac{P(AB)}{P(B)} \times \frac{P(B) - P(AB)}{P(B)}$$
 (10)

$$=\frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)}{\frac{5}{8}} \times \frac{\left(\frac{5}{8} - \frac{1}{4}\right)}{\frac{5}{8}} \tag{11}$$

$$=\frac{6}{25}\tag{12}$$