#### 1

# Answer Key Table

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Consider the vertices,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

## I. VECTORS

parameter	value	description
$\mathbf{m}_1$	$\begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	B – A
m <sub>2</sub>	$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$	C – B
m <sub>3</sub>	$\begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$	A – C
$  \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}  $	8	AB
$\ \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B}\ $	7.07	BC
$  \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}  $	11.4	AC
$rank \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{B} & \mathbf{C} \end{pmatrix}$	3	points are not collinear
$\mathbf{n}_{1}^{T}$ $c_1$	(0 8)	-AB
$\mathbf{n}_{2}^{ op}$ $c_2$	(7 1)	вс
$\mathbf{n}_{3}^{T}$ $c_{3}$	(-7 -9) 15	-AC
area	28	area of triangle
∠A	37.87°	
∠B	98.13°	Angle
∠C	43.99°	1

TABLE 0 Table 1

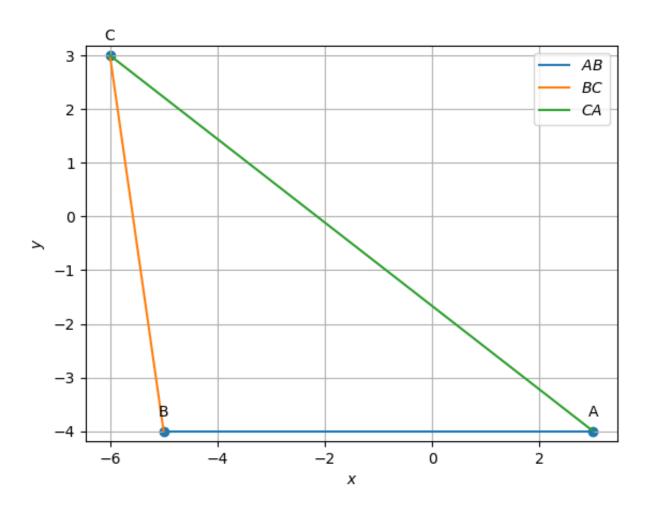


Fig. 0. Triangle ABC

# II. MEDIANS

parameter	value	description
D	$\begin{pmatrix} -5.5 \\ -0.5 \end{pmatrix}$	midpoint of line BC
Е	$\begin{pmatrix} -1.5 \\ -0.5 \end{pmatrix}$	midpoint of line AC
F	$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$	midpoint of line AB
$\mathbf{n}_{4}^{ op}$	(3.5 8.5)	AD
$c_4$	-23.5	AD
$\mathbf{n}_5^{T}$	(3.5 -3.5)	BE
c <sub>5</sub>	-3.5	DE
$\mathbf{n}_{6}^{ op}$	$\begin{pmatrix} -7 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$	CF
$c_6$	27	CF
G	$\begin{pmatrix} -2.66 \\ -1.66 \end{pmatrix}$	centroid of triangle

TABLE 0 TABLE 2

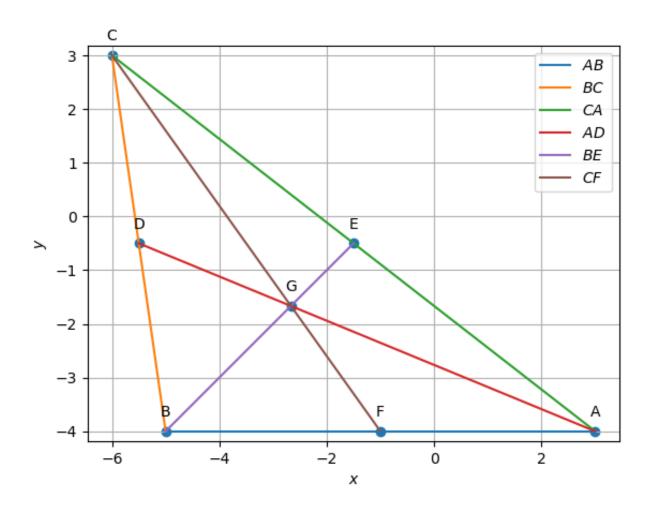


Fig. 0. Triangle ABC with medians AD, BE and CF

# III. ALTITUDES

parameter	value	description
$\mathbf{n}_{7}^{ op}$	$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & -7 \end{pmatrix}$	$AD_1$
$c_7$	-31	$AD_1$
$\mathbf{n}_{8}^{ op}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 9 & -7 \end{pmatrix}$	$BE_1$
$c_8$	-17	$BE_1$
$\mathbf{n}_{9}^{ op}$	$\begin{pmatrix} -8 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{C}F_1$
<i>C</i> 9	48	Cr <sub>1</sub>
Н	$\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ -5.28 \end{pmatrix}$	orthocentre of triangle

TABLE 0 TABLE 3

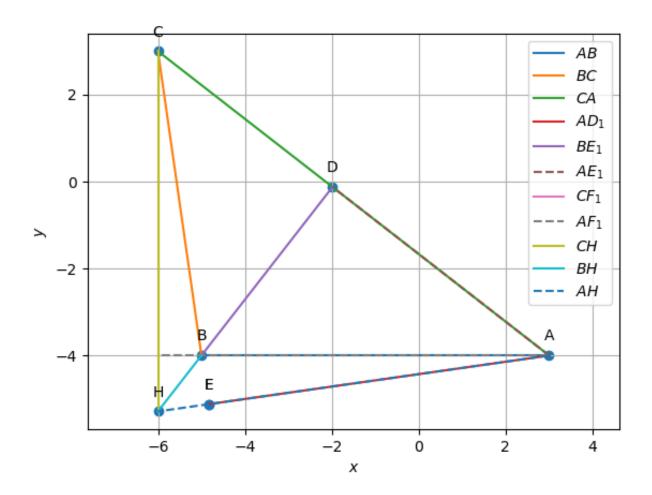


Fig. 0. Triangle ABC with altitudes  $AD_1$ ,  $BE_1$  and  $CF_1$ 

## IV. PERPENDICULAR BISECTOR

parameter	value	description
$\mathbf{n}_{10}^{ op}$	(8 0)	Perpendicular bisector of AB
$c_{10}$	-8	r espendicular disector of AB
$\mathbf{n}_{11}^{T}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -7 \end{pmatrix}$	Perpendicular bisector of BC
$c_{11}$	-2	respendicular discetor of Be
$\mathbf{n}_{12}^{ op}$	(-9 7)	Perpendicular bisector of CA
$c_{12}$	10	respendicular discetor of CA
0	$\begin{pmatrix} -1\\0.14 \end{pmatrix}$	Circumcircle
radius	2.18	
		TABLE 0

Table 4

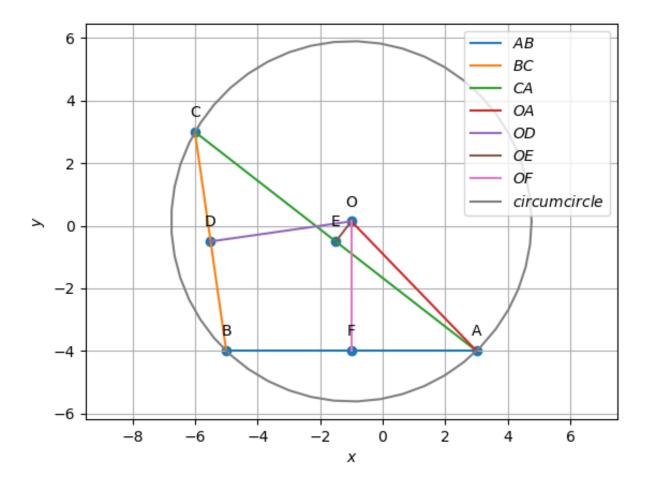


Fig. 0. circumcircle of triangle ABC with circumcentre O

#### V. ANGULAR BISECTOR

parameter	value	description
$\mathbf{n}_{13}^{T}$	(0.61 1.78)	Angular bisector of A
$c_{13}$	-5.31	Aligular disector of A
$\mathbf{n}_{14}^{ op}$	(0.98 -0.85)	Angular bisector of B
$c_{14}$	-1.51	Aligular discetor of D
$\mathbf{n}_{15}^{ op}$	(-1.60 -0.93)	Angular bisector of C
c <sub>15</sub>	-1.08	Aligural discetor of C
I	$\begin{pmatrix} -3.16 \\ -1.88 \end{pmatrix}$	Incircle
radius	1.22	

TABLE 0 Table 5

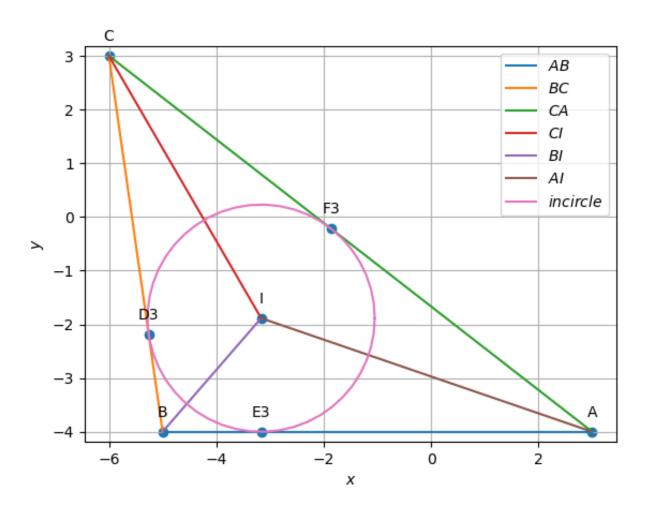


Fig. 0. incircle of triangle ABC with incentre I