## Solution of question 9.3.12

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Question: In an examination, 20 questions of true-false type are asked. Suppose a student tosses a fair coin to determine his answer to each question. If the coin falls heads, he answer true; if it falls tails, he answer false. Find the probability that he answers at least 12 questions correctly.

**Solution:** Let us define:

Parameter	Value	Description	
n	20	number of Questions	
p	0.5	probability of answering correct	
q	0.5	probability of answering wrong	
$\mu = np$	10	mean of the distribution	
$\sigma^2 = npq$	5	variance of the distribution	
Y	0,1,2,3,,20	Number of correct answers	

## 1) Gaussian:

$$Y \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$$
 (1)

The CDF of Y:

$$F_Y(y) = 1 - \Pr(Y > y) \tag{2}$$

$$=1-\Pr\left(\frac{Y-\mu}{\sigma}>\frac{y-\mu}{\sigma}\right) \tag{3}$$

But,

$$\frac{Y - \mu}{\sigma} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1) \tag{4}$$

(5)

the Q-function is defined as:

$$Q(x) = \Pr(Y > x) \ \forall x \in Y \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1) \tag{6}$$

therefore the cdf will be:

$$F_{Y}(y) = \begin{cases} 1 - Q\left(\frac{y - \mu}{\sigma}\right), & y > \mu \\ Q\left(\frac{\mu - y}{\sigma}\right), & y < \mu \end{cases}$$
 (7)

The probability of getting at least 12 answers correct: considering 0.5 as coorection term:

$$Pr(Y > 12.5) = 1 - F_Y(12.5)$$
(8)

$$=Q\left(\frac{12.5-\mu}{\sigma}\right)\tag{9}$$

$$=Q\left(\frac{2.5}{\sqrt{5}}\right) \tag{10}$$

$$= Q(1.118) \tag{11}$$

$$= 0.13178$$
 (12)

## Gaussian vs Binomial

Number of questions answered correctly	Binomial	Gaussian
Atleast 12	0.2517	0.13178

