# Text File Analyzer Using Perl

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Abstract— This Perl-based text file analysis tool aims to provide comprehensive insight into text data in a variety of file formats. This tool performs various operations such as statistical analysis, keyword extraction, content modification and export functionality. The main features of this tool include word, line, character counting, keyword extraction, search and replace functionality, keyword frequency analysis and export of analysis results to a text file.

Key Words— Word, Line, Character Counting, Keyword Extraction, Search and Replace, Frequency Analysis.

#### Introduction

Text File Analyzer is an intelligent script that makes assessments of any given text file. The Perl language was chosen because of its amazing text processing and manipulation capabilities. This tool can calculate word count, line count, top 5 keywords, can perform search and replace function and exports this valuable information into a text file. Email feature was added using a bash shell script which readily converts the text file into pdf format and sends it to the specified email address easily and quickly. It is a useful tool for data analysts, content writers and editors. Useful in documenting and reporting of large documents.

### KEY PACKAGES UTILIZED

### 1. perl:

This package was installed in order to execute perl language based scripts properly in the Linux Ubuntu environment. In simple terms, it is a Perl Interpreter which is the core component of Perl language that is responsible for interacting with Perl scripts and it also includes some basic libraries with Perl Documentation.

#### 2. mailutils:

This package provides a set of various utilities for managing emails from the command line. It includes the 'mail' command which is used in the bash shell script for sending mail to a specific email id.

#### 3. smtp (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol):

This package was installed to utilize its capabilities of sending emails efficiently from the command line. It follows a client-server model. The SMTP servers exchange acknowledgment messages to confirm successful email transmission.

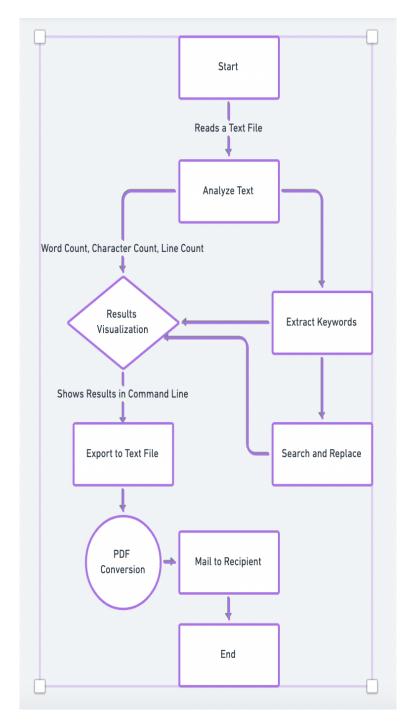
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#### PSEUDO CODE

- 1. Reading any given text file. For example: the name of the text file is test3.txt in this case.
- 2. SMTP Configuration: Set up SMTP server configuration including server address, port, username, and password.
- 3. Subroutine to analyze Text File (analyze\_text): Check if the file exists; if not, display an error and terminate. It returns the following results: word count, character count, line count.
- 4. Subroutine to search and replace (search\_and\_replace): Calls analyze\_text subroutine to get initial data. Performs a global search and replace on each and every line. Returns the original and modified contents upon replacement.
- 5. Subroutine to extract the top keywords (extract\_keywords): Again calls analyze\_text subroutine to get initial data. Sorts word\_count which is a hash data structure in perl used here by frequency. Extracts the top 5 keywords and returns them.
- 6. Subroutine to analyze and export to Text File (analyze\_and\_export\_to\_text): It calls for another subroutine export\_results\_to\_text\_file and stores the resulting text file name then displays a message for completed assessment and giving a confirmation of successful transfer of results into a text file called analysis\_results.txt.
- 7. Subroutine to export results (export results to text file): It calls analyze text which gives word count, character count, line count and next calls search and replace to get the original and modified contents. It then obtains the top 5 keywords from the text file using extract keywords subroutine. It writes all information gathered in a new text file called then analysis results.txt and sends it back analyze and export to text subroutine.
- 8. All the above subroutines are executed based on the Main subroutine wherein input file is taken from the user and based upon the contents present in the text file results are obtained and then those results are transferred to a text file as mentioned above.
- 9. Conversion of text file to pdf format using bash commands 'enscript' and 'ps2pdf' which are built in part of the Ubuntu environment. A separate bash shell script is created for this conversion and then sending emails to the specified email address.

10. Sending Email: Use SMTP to send mail to a user given email address with the analysis\_results.pdf attachment created above using bash commands through 'mail' command with any subject necessary.

#### **Flowchart**



#### COMMANDS USED IN LINUX TO IMPORT LIBRARIES

- 1.) sudo apt-get install perl
- 2.) sudo apt-get install ssmtp
- 3.) sudo apt-get install mailutils
- 4.) sudo apt-get install mailx

#### CODE

## Code to analyze any given text file and to obtain the results in a new text file

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
use strict;
use warnings;
sub analyze text {
  my (file_name) = @_;
  unless (-e $file name) {
    die "File '$file_name' does not exist.\n";
  open my $fh, '<', $file_name or die "Could not open
'$file name' for reading: $!\n";
  my %word count;
  my schar count = 0;
  my $line count = 0;
  my \$word total = 0; \# Add word count variable
  my @lines;
  while (my line = < fh>) {
    $line count++;
    $char_count += length($line);
    my @words = split(\lands+/, $line);
    $word total += scalar @words; # Increment word
count
    foreach my $word (@words) {
       $word_count{$word}++;
    push @lines, $line;
  close $fh;
  return (\%word count, $char count, $line count,
```

\$word\_total, \@lines); # Include word\_total in the return

```
sub search and replace {
                                                                      sub analyze and export to text{
   my (\$ file name, \$ search, \$ replace) = @;
                                                                         my (\$ file name, \$ search, \$ replace) = (a);
   my ($word count, $char count, $line count, $word total,
                                                                      # Export results to a text file
 $lines_ref) = analyze_text($file_name);
                                                                         my $text_file_name =
   my @ lines = @ lines ref;
                                                                      export results to text file($file name,$search, $replace);
                                                                         print "Analysis results exported to '$text file name'\n";
   my $original file name = $file name . '.original';
   my $modified file name = $file name . '.modified';
                                                                      sub export results to text file {
   open my $original fh, '>', $original file name or die
 "Could not create '$original file name' for writing: $!\n";
                                                                         my (\$ file name, \$ search, \$ replace) = @;
   open my $modified_fh, '>', $modified_file_name or die
                                                                         my $text file name = 'analysis results.txt';
 "Could not create '$modified file name' for writing: $!\n";
                                                                         my ($word count, $char count, $line count, $word total,
   foreach my $line (@lines) {
                                                                      $lines ref) = analyze text($file name);
      my $modified line = $line;
                                                                         my ($modified contents, $original contents) =
      $line =~ s/$search/$replace/g; # Perform global search
                                                                      search and replace($file name, $search, $replace);
 and replace
                                                                         my num keywords = 5;
      print $original fh $line;
                                                                         my @keys = extract keywords($file name,
      print $modified fh $modified line;
                                                                       $num keywords);
    }
                                                                         my keywords = keys;
   close $original fh;
                                                                         open my $fh, '>', $text file name or die "Could not create
   close $modified_fh;
                                                                       $text_file_name: $!\n";
   my $original contents = do {
                                                                         print $fh "File Name: $file name\n";
      local $/;
                                                                         print $fh "Character Count: $char count\n";
      open my $fh, '<', $original file name;
                                                                         print $fh "Word Total: $word total\n";
      <$fh>;
                                                                         print $fh "Line Count: $line_count\n\n";
    };
                                                                         print $fh "Top $num keywords Keywords of $file name
                                                                       are as follows:".join(', ', @$keywords). "\n";
   my $modified contents = do {
      local $/;
                                                                         print $fh "\nOriginal Contents:\n";
      open my $fh, '<', $modified_file_name;
      <$fh>:
                                                                         print $fh $original contents;
   };
                                                                         print $fh "\nModified Contents:\n";
   return ($original contents, $modified contents);
                                                                         print $fh $modified contents;
                                                                         close $fh;
 sub extract_keywords {
   my (\$file name, \$num keywords) = @;
                                                                         return $text file name;
   my ($word count) = analyze text($file name);
                                                                      sub main {
   my @keywords = sort { $word count->{$b} <=>
                                                                         print("Enter File Name :");
 $word count->{$a} } keys %$word count;
                                                                         my $file name = <STDIN>;
                                                                         chomp($file name);
   return @keywords[0..$num keywords - 1];
                                                                         my ($word count, $char count, $line count, $word total,
                                                                       $lines ref) = analyze text($file name);
```

```
print "Character Count of Original File: $char count\n";
  print "Line Count of Original File: $line count\n";
  print "Word Count of Original File: $word_total\n";
#Display word count
  my num keywords = 5;
  my @keys = extract keywords($file name,
$num_keywords);
  my keywords = (a)keys;
  print "Top $num keywords Keywords of $file name are
as follows:".join(', ', @$keywords)."\n";
  open my $fh1, '<', $file_name or die "Could not open
'$file name' for reading: $!\n";
  print("Enter the word you want to search:");
  my \$search = \STDIN\>;
  chomp($search);
  print("Enter the substitute:");
  my $replace = <STDIN>;
  chomp($replace);
  my ($modified contents, $original contents) =
search_and_replace($file_name, $search, $replace);
  print "\n\n'";
  # Display the original file contents
  print "Original Contents:\n\n";
  print $original_contents;
  print "\n\n";
  # Display the modified file contents
  print "Modified Contents:\n\n";
  print $modified_contents;
  print "\n";
  analyze and export to text($file name, $search,
$replace);
main();
```

# Code to convert the text file into a pdf and to send to the designated email address

```
#!/bin/bash

read -p "Enter the file name to be converted:" file enscript -p temp.ps $file ps2pdf temp.ps analysis_results.pdf echo echo "Text File successfully converted to pdf."
```

```
echo
read -p "Enter Email ID :" email_id
mail -s "PDF_Output:" -A analysis_results.pdf $email_id
```

## Input

Consider a text file (test3.txt) wherein below text is present in it.

```
1 Hello, this is Perl File Analyzer.
2 It has multifunctional abilites. Useful in various scenarios.
3
4 Perl is a fascinating language, used for text processing and pattern matching.
5 Perl is a beginner friendly language. Perl is op.
```

Fig 1: test3.txt

Changes made in the configuration file for SSMTP to send mail from the main server (<a href="mailto:gobbidhruv2002@gmail.com">gobbidhruv2002@gmail.com</a>) as shown below to any given email address.

```
Config file for sSMTP sendmail
# Make this empty to disable rewriting.
SERVER=gobbidhruv2002@gmail.com
# MX records are consulted. Commonly mailhosts are named mail.domain.com
mailhub=smtp.gmail.com:587
AuthUser=gobbidhruv2002@gmail.com
Authpass=ynljqhdjvsfwjkbg
UseTLS=YES
UseSTARTTLS=YES
# Where will the mail seem to come from?
rewriteDomain=gmail.com
# The full hostname
hostname=Dhruv.myguest.virtualbox.org
# Are users allowed to set their own From: address?
# YES - Allow the user to specify their own From: address
FromLineOverrie=YES
```

Fig 2: SSMTP Configuration File

### Output

Below shows the analysis of a given text file (test3.txt). Some of the parameters calculated are Character Count, Line Count, Word Count, Top 5 Keywords, also tested the functionality of search and replace function which is shown using an example below.

```
$ perl projTFA6.pl
Enter File Name :test3.txt
Character Count of Original File : 227
Line Count of Original File: 5
Word Count of Original File: 35
Top 5 Keywords of test3.txt are as follows :Perl, is, a, multifunctional, beginner
Enter the word you want to search:Perl
Enter the substitute:C++
Original Contents:
Hello, this is Perl File Analyzer.
It has multifunctional abilites. Useful in various scenarios.
Perl is a fascinating language, used for text processing and pattern matching.
Perl is a beginner friendly language. Perl is op.
Modified Contents:
Hello, this is C++ File Analyzer.
It has multifunctional abilites. Useful in various scenarios.
C++ is a fascinating language, used for text processing and pattern matching.
C++ is a beginner friendly language. C++ is op.
Analysis results exported to 'analysis_results.txt'
 /boxuser@Dhruv:~/Desktop$
```

Fig 3: Command Window

Below shows the results of the Text File Analyzer program in a new text file called analysis\_results.txt in a more readable format.

```
1 File Name: test3.txt
2 Character Count: 227
3 Word Total: 35
4 Line Count: 5
6 Top 5 Keywords of test3.txt are as follows :is, Perl, a, beginner, language,
8 Original Contents:
9 Hello, this is Perl File Analyzer.
10 It has multifunctional abilites. Useful in various scenarios.
12 Perl is a fascinating language, used for text processing and pattern matching.
13 Perl is a beginner friendly language. Perl is op.
14
15 Modified Contents:
16 Hello, this is C++ File Analyzer.
17 It has multifunctional abilites. Useful in various scenarios.
19 C++ is a fascinating language, used for text processing and pattern matching.
20 C++ is a beginner friendly language. C++ is op.
```

Fig 4: analysis results.txt

Here as you can see below the analysis\_results.pdf was sent via email from the main server to any given email address, this was done through a shell script which converted the text file to pdf format and sent the email.

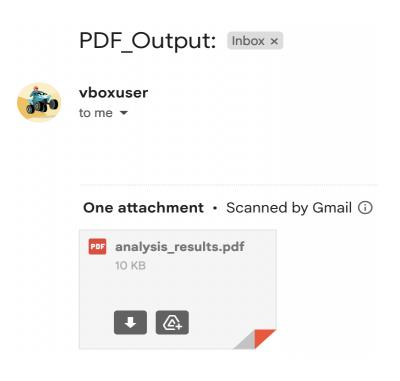


Fig 5: Mail

Below shows the contents of the analysis\_results.pdf received from the main email server shown above.

```
analysis_results.txt
                           Wed Nov 01 21:19:54 2023
File Name: test3.txt
Character Count: 219
Word Total: 33
Line Count: 5
Top 5 Keywords of test3.txt are as follows :Perl, is, a, matching., fascinating
Original Contents:
Hello, this is Perl File Analyzer.
It as multifunctional abilites. Useful in various scenarios.
Perl is a fascinating language, used for text processing and pattern matching.
Perl is a beginner friendly language. Perl
Modified Contents:
Hello, this is C++ File Analyzer.
It as multifunctional abilites. Useful in various scenarios.
C++ is a fascinating language, used for text processing and pattern matching.
C++ is a beginner friendly language. C++
```

Fig 6: analysis results.pdf

#### Conclusion

Text analysis tools developed in Perl combine core Perl modules and special functions to expertly navigate and handle a variety of text formats. This tool features a wide range of features, including statistical analysis, keyword extraction, content editing, and comprehensive results export. Calculate character counts, word distribution, and line structure using unique file management features. Additionally, text can be replaced while preserving the original content, increasing flexibility and ease of use. This tool interacts seamlessly by prompting for file input, search parameters, and substitutions. A standout feature is the ability to extract important keywords based on relevance and frequency, making it easier to discover insights about important content. Additionally, the tool combines the results into a detailed text file that contains data in addition to the modified content. It also serves as a comprehensive overview, providing practical insights and comprehensive information for researchers and analysts.

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