

### Introduction to Web Designing

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### What is HTML?



- HTML stands for Hyper Text Markup Language
- HTML describes the structure of Web pages.
- HTML elements are represented by tags
- An HTML file must have an htm or html file extension



### **HTML Document Structure**



```
< !doctype html>
<html>
       <head>
              <title> ...document title... </title>
       </head>
       <body>
              ...your page content...
       </body>
</html>
```



### **Page Components**



<!DOCTYPE>
Declaration of version of HTML

<html>...</html>
Container for the document

<head>...</head>
<title> Title of page </title>

<br/>

```
<html>
 <head>
  <title> ...document title...
</title>
 </head>
 <body>
  ...your page content...
 </body>
</html>
```



### **HTML Document Parts**



### Two subparts:

#### Head

Enclosed within <head> and </head>

Within the head, more tags can be used to specify title of the page, meta-information, etc.

#### Body

Enclosed within <body> and </body>

Within the body, content is to be displayed

Other tags can be embedded in the body



### **HTML Document Parts**



```
Paragraph: ... 
Inserts a line space before and after a paragraph
See example
```

Headings: <h1> to <h6>

Heading 1

Heading 2

Heading 3

Heading 4

Heading 5

Heading 6



## **Image Source Tag**



- Empty tag no closing tag
- Components of Img tag

<img src="url" alt = "description of image" />

- url = points to location of the image file
- alt = describes image for screen readers





- Link
  - Anchor tag <a>...</a>
  - 2 kinds
    - Link to page in same folder
    - Link to page in different folder



## **Example of Anchor Tag**



Syntax: <a href="url">link text</a>

Example: <a href="https://www.google.com/">Google</a>
address text in page

- 2 components
  - Address
  - Text or description this is what you see on the page





Syntax: <a href="url">link text</a>

Example: <a href="https://www.google.com/" target="\_self">Google</a>
address text in page

- Target
  - \_self
  - \_blank



## **Text Formatting**



<b>This text is bold</b><i>This text is italic</i><em>This text is emphasized.</em>She is reading a <mark>story</mark>She is reading a <del>story</del><he is reading a <ins>story</ins>H<sub>2</sub>O3<sup>rd</sup>

#### This text is bold

This text is italic

This text is emphasized.

She is reading a story

She is reading a story

She is reading a story

 $H_2O$ 

3rd





- ☐ CSS stands for Cascading Style Sheets.
- ☐ CSS describes how HTML elements are to be displayed on screen, paper, or in other media.
- ☐ CSS saves a lot of work. It can control the layout of multiple web pages all at once.

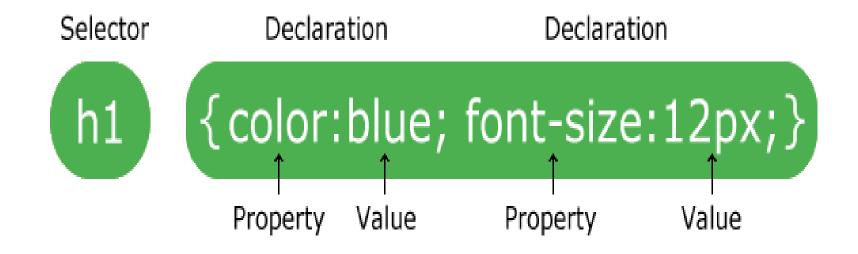


### **CSS Introduction**



# CSS Syntax

A CSS rule-set consists of a selector and a declaration block:





## Three Ways to Insert CSS



- ☐ Inline style
- ☐ Internal style sheet
- ☐ External style sheet





```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<h1 style="color:blue;">This is a heading</h1>
This is a paragraph.
</body>
</html>
```



## Internal style



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<style>
h1 {
color: maroon;
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>This is a heading</h1>
This is a paragraph.
</body>
</html>
```



## **External style**



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="mystyle.css">
</head>
<body>
<h1>This is a heading</h1>
This is a paragraph.
</body>
</html>
```



## mystyle.css



```
h1 {
  background-color: green;
}
```



### **Using Tagname**



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<style>
p {
text-align: center;
 color: red;
</style>
</head>
<body>
Every paragraph will be affected by the style.
</body>
</html>
```



## **Using Id Name**



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<style>
#para1 {
text-align: center;
color: red;
</style>
</head>
<body>
Hello World!
</body>
</html>
```



### **Using Class Name**



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<style>
.center {
text-align: center;
color: red;
</style>
</head>
<body>
Red and center-aligned paragraph.
</body>
</html>
```



### **JavaScript Display Possibilities**



- 1. using innerHTML
- 2. document.write()
- 3. window.alert()
- 4. console.log()